



Optimizing Performance of Alpha Spectrometers and Gas Flow Proportional Counters; Best Practices for Sample Preparation

Canberra Users Group Meeting

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Eichrom Technologies



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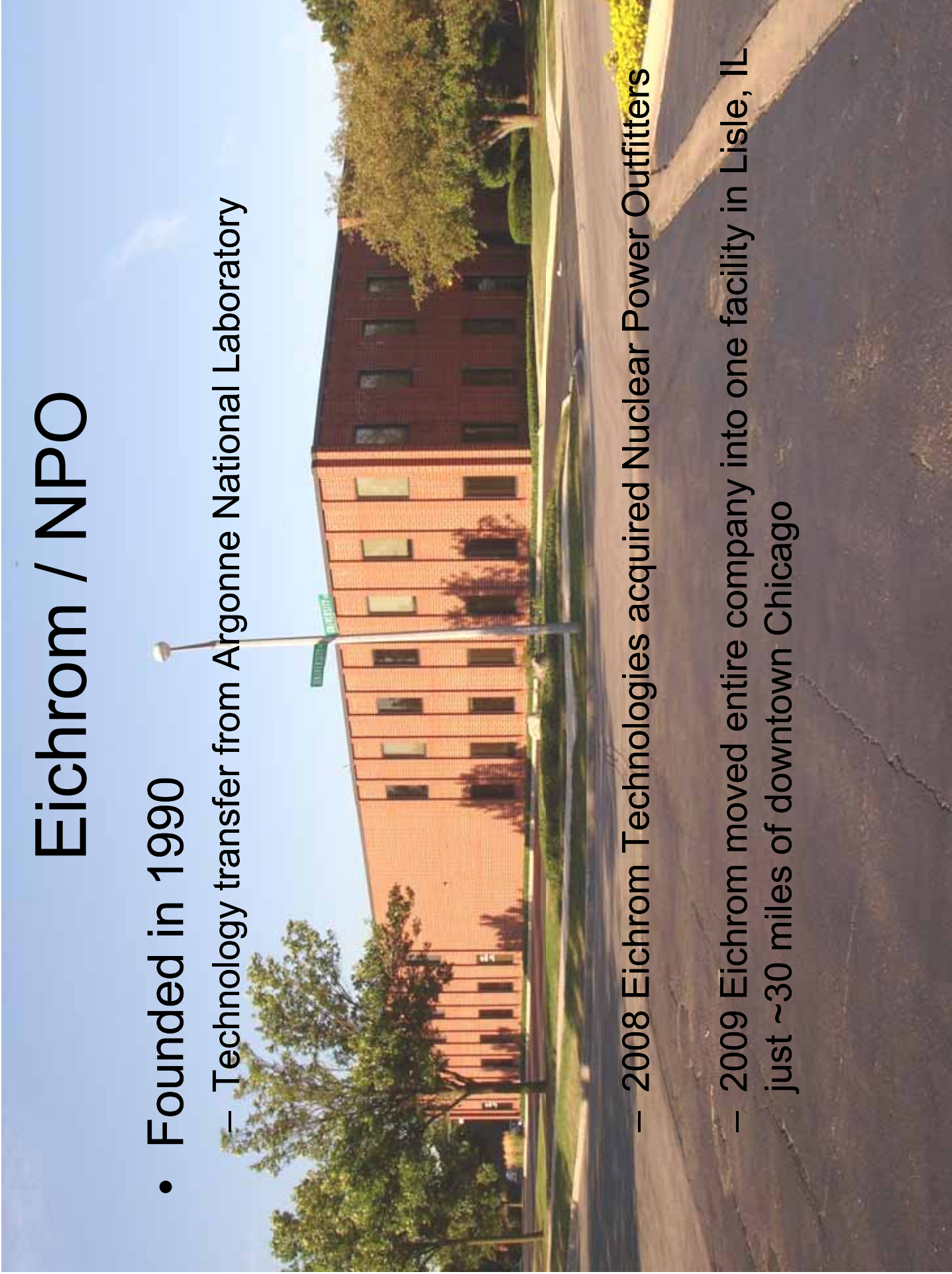
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Outline

- Eichrom/NPO Company Overview
(How we fit into the Nuclear Community)
- Ambient/Gross Sampling (Smears / Air Filters)
- Sample Preparation Requirements
- Extraction Chromatography (EXC) Fundamentals
Separation Tools-Uptake Curves
Methods – Results
- Filters for Alpha Spectroscopy

Eichrom / NPO

- Founded in 1990
 - Technology transfer from Argonne National Laboratory
- 2008 Eichrom Technologies acquired Nuclear Power Outfitters
- 2009 Eichrom moved entire company into one facility in Lisle, IL just ~30 miles of downtown Chicago







...collaborating with the nuclear industry to protect people and the environment.

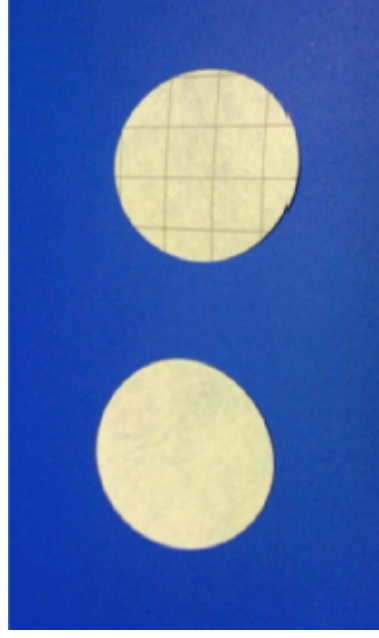
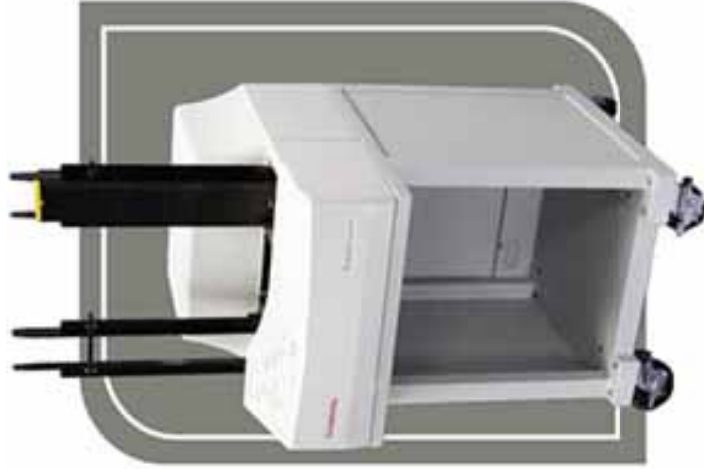
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Collaborating Relationship

A
CANBERRA



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Health Physics Sampling Smears



Item Description	Number Per Box
Paper backed Smears for recording	500
Smears-Bulk packaged	2500

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Resolve® 47mm PTFE Filter for Air Monitoring



Issue

Quality spectra

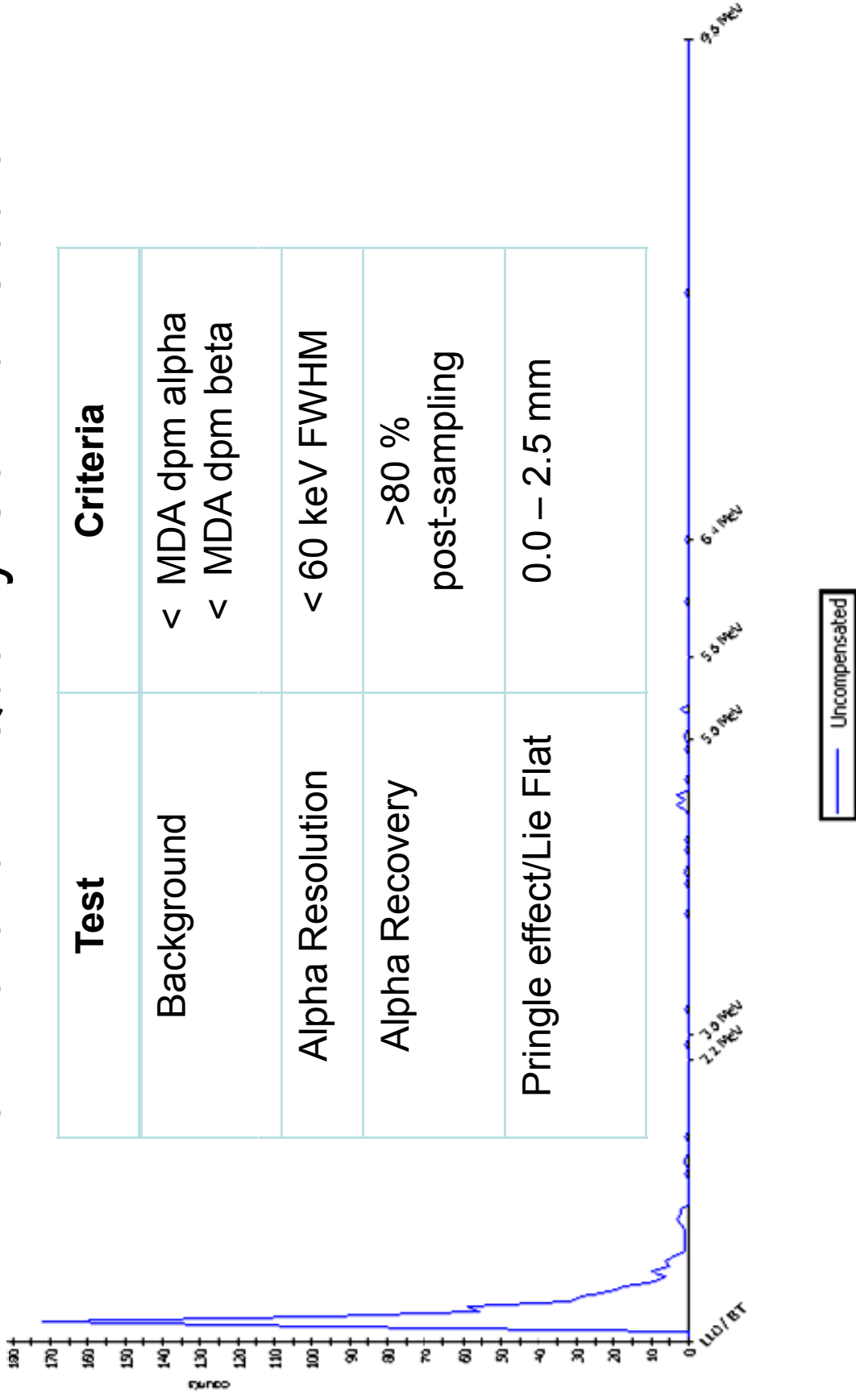
Easy to Handle

Characteristic

- Low self background
- Good resolution for alpha emitters
- Collection of contamination on Surface
(reduce self-adsorption)

Negligible curling and durable

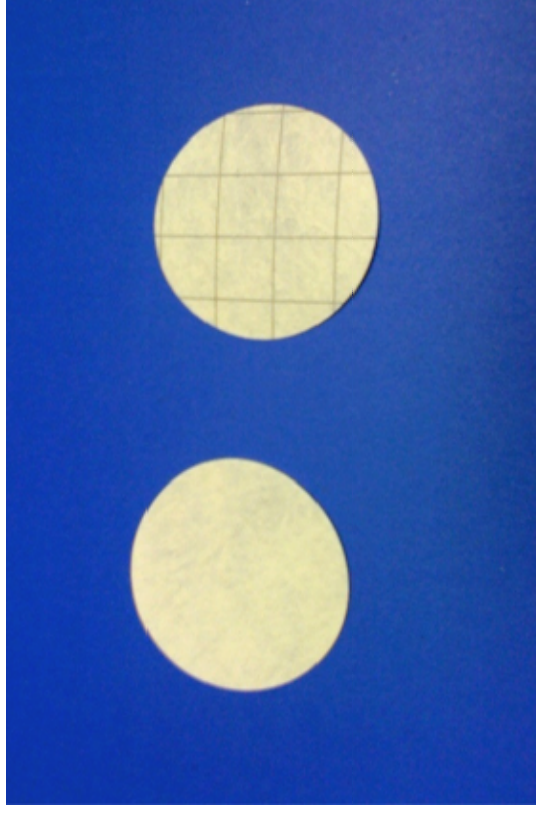
Filter Material – Quality Control Goals



Test	Criteria
Background	< MDA dpm alpha < MDA dpm beta
Alpha Resolution	< 60 keV FWHM
Alpha Recovery	>80 % post-sampling
Pringle effect/Lie Flat	0.0 – 2.5 mm

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Resolve PTFE Filters
3 μm , PTFE Laminate
47mm Diameter



Polytetrafluoroethylene (PTFE) material
With a laminated stiff polymeric backing

Properties	
Diameter	47 mm
Reference Pore Size	3.0 μ nominal
Thickness	0.15 –0. 4 mm thick
DOP Efficiency	>99.99 % 0.3 μm @5.33 cm/sec
Chemical Compatibility	Resistant to most chemicals and solvents
Air Permeability	6 $\text{ft}^3/\text{ft}^2/\text{min}$ @ 0.5" H ₂ O minimum

Filter Backgrounds Via Gas Flow proportional counting

	α - alpha Background MDA=2.24 (dpm)	β - beta Background MDA=4.20 (dpm)
Cellulose	0.78 \pm 1.12	0.17 \pm 1.30
Glass Fiber	2.00 \pm 1.56	4.52 \pm 3.44
Resolve PTFE Filter	0.24 \pm 0.70	0.31 \pm 3.54

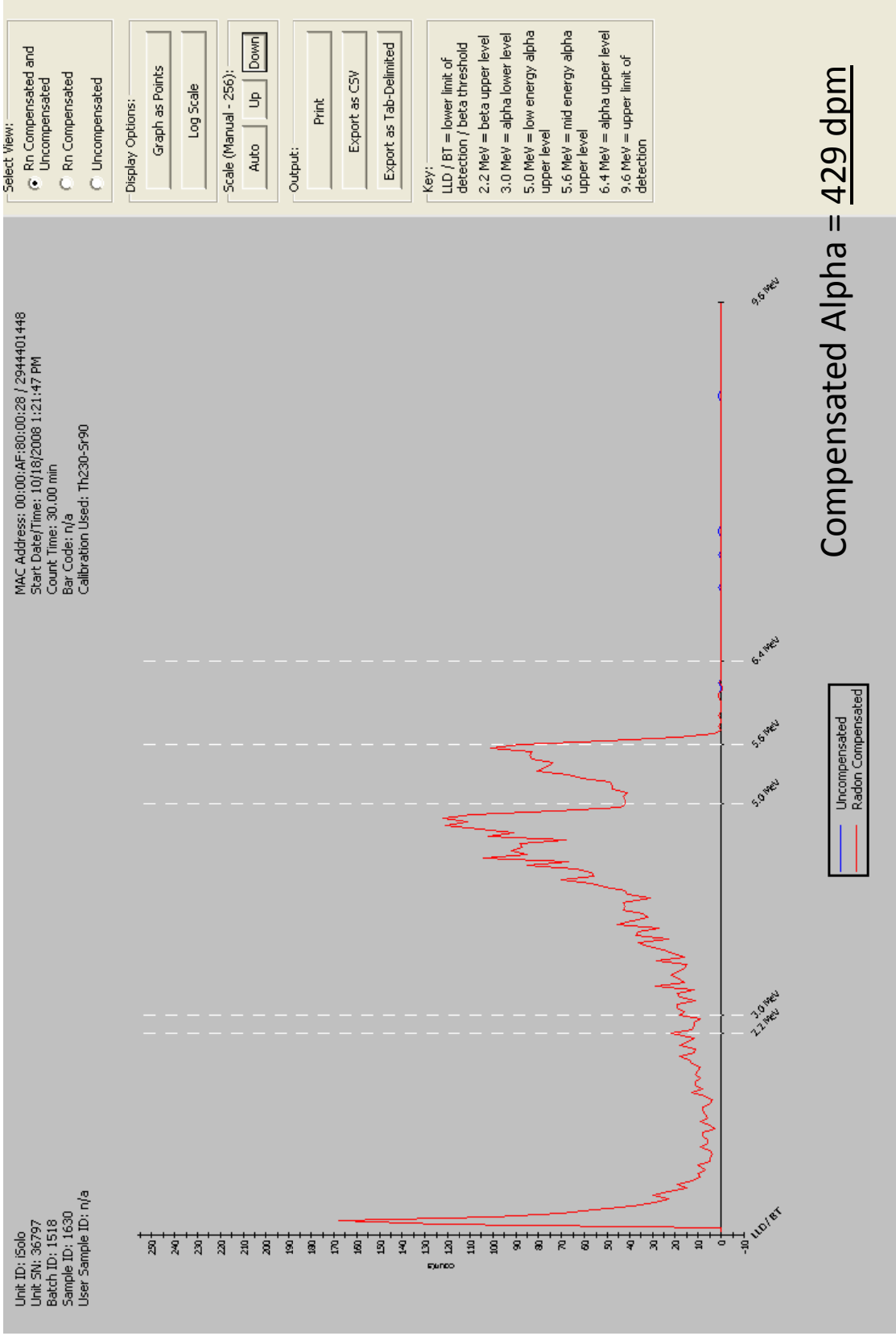
Spiked U+Am Alpha Comparison

Part 2: Post-Air Sampling

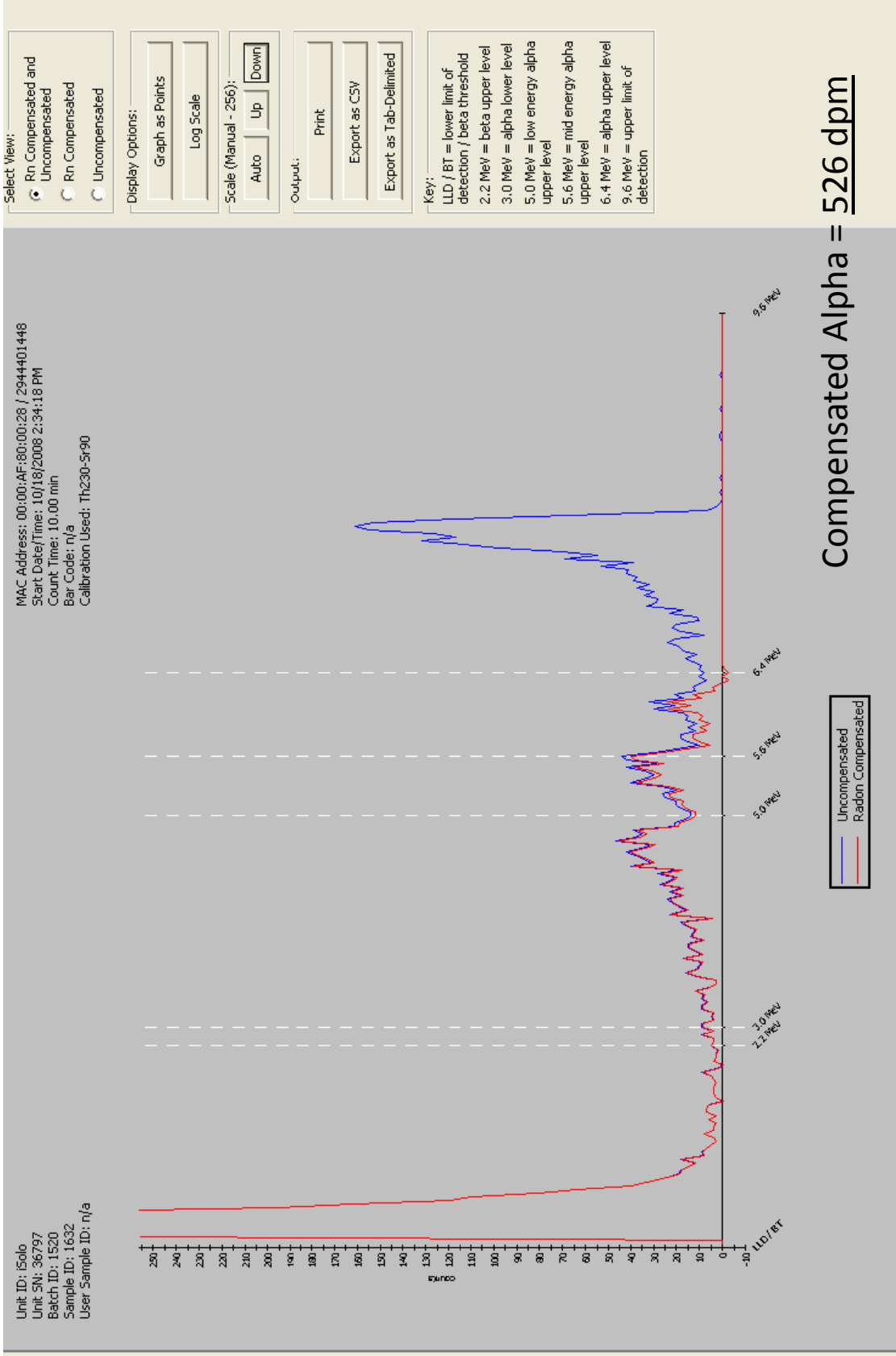
Spike Recovery (3 replicates)

Filter type	Alpha spike (dpm)	Measured before air sampling Alpha (dpm)	Initial % Recovery	Measured Alpha after air sampling	% Recovery
Cellulose	474	106 ± 3.4	22 %	35.9 ± 20.2	8 %
Glass	474	237 ± 5.1	50 %	225 ± 18.8	47 %
Resolve PFTE	474	415 ± 6.9	88 %	397.8 ± 14.2	84 %

Spiked Resolve PTFE Filter Pre Air Sampling



Spiked Resolve PTFE Filter Post Air Sampling – 1st 10 min



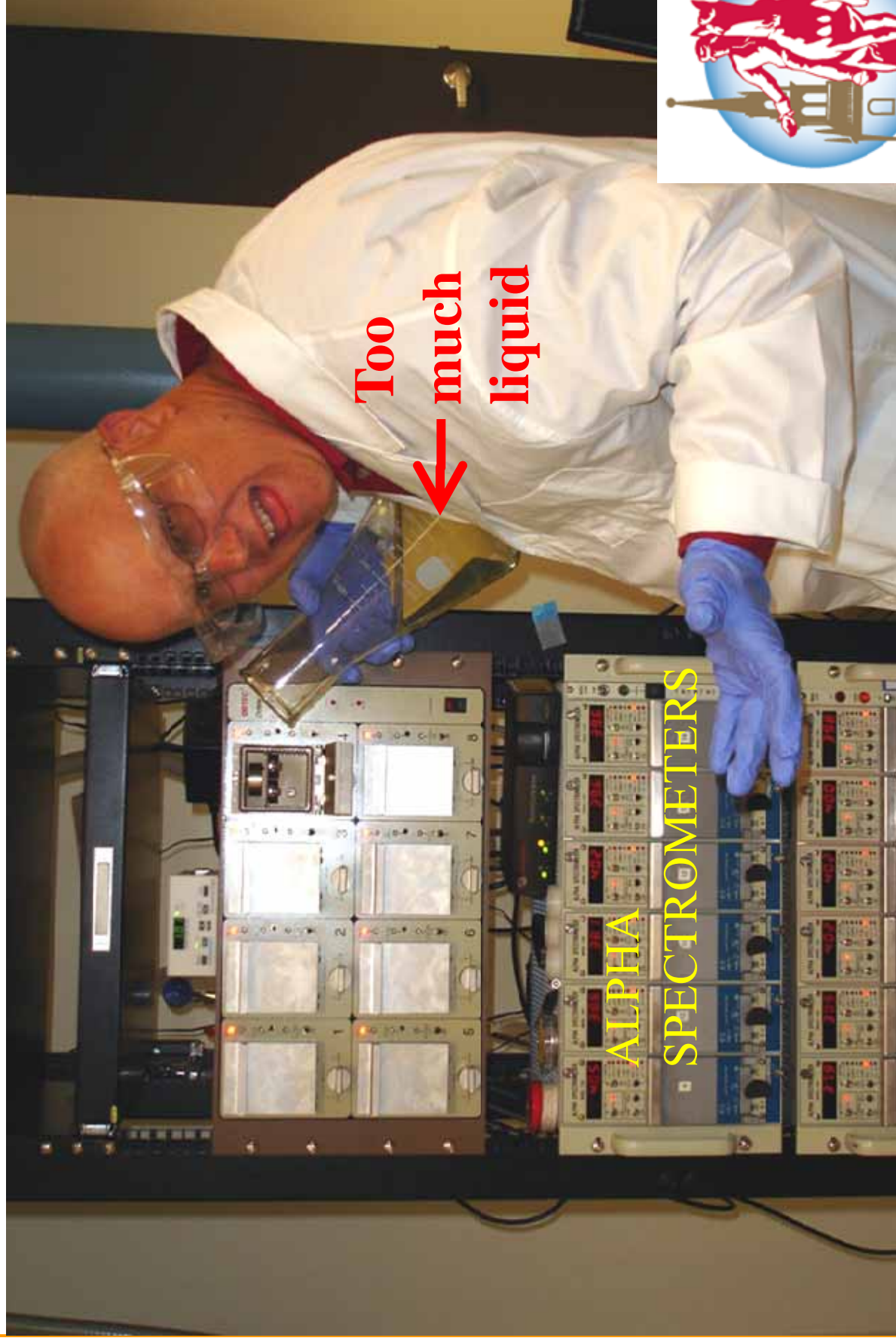
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Resolve PTFE Filter
3.0 μ PTFE Laminate
47mm dia. (50 to a package)



- Quality Control Specification:
 - Background < MDA for α & β
 - Resolution verified <60 KeV FWHM
 - Minimal curling <2.5 mm deflection
- The filters have a easy to determine orientation:
 - “Grid side down, Opposite Air flow”
- Performance demonstrated at Eichrom and externally
 - Lee Reagan of Canberra,
 - Peter Olsen of Washington Closure Hanford

eichrom We Need Sample Preparation



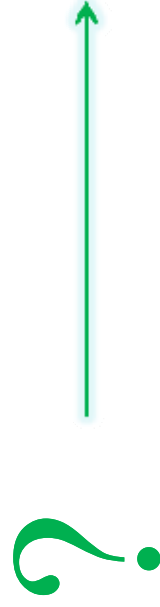
eichrom Steps in the Sample Preparation Pathway

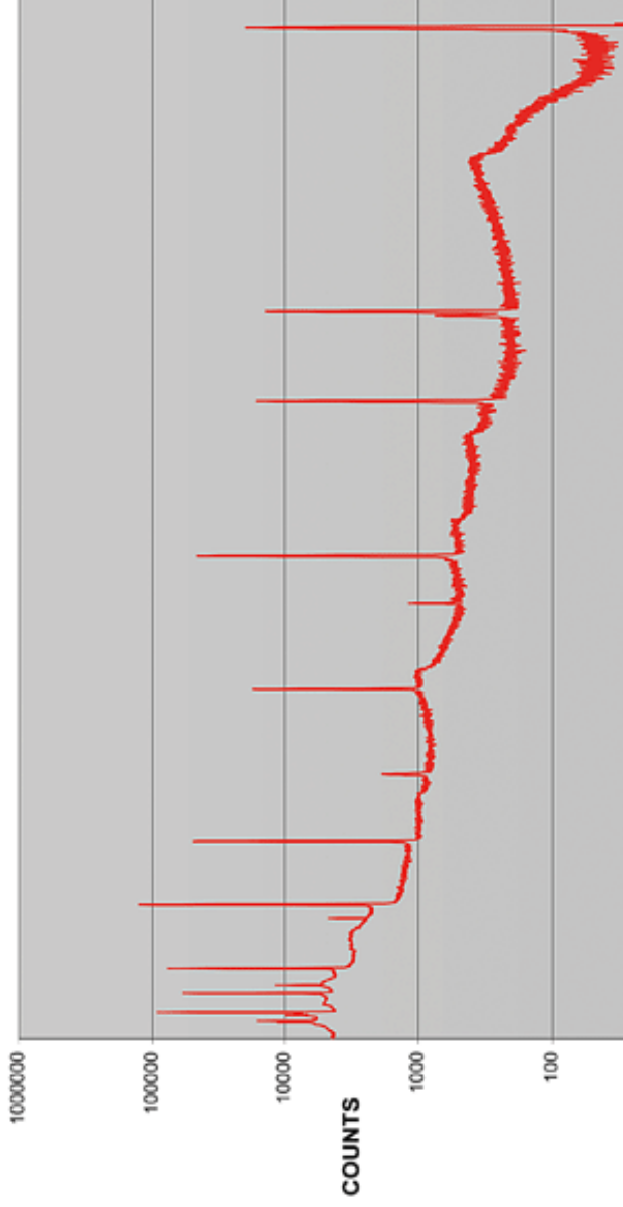
- Sample Preparation Concepts/
Measurement Equipment Choice
- Extraction Chromatography (EXC)
Fundamentals
- Separation Schemes and Results
- Importance of Filter Media
 - Rare Earth-Micro Co-Precipitation



Your goals for Sample Preparation

- Minimize sample prep time and waste generation
- Trade offs between
 - sample size, detection level, sample preparation rigor
- Data quality objectives
- Detection instrument selection
- Instrument's capabilities



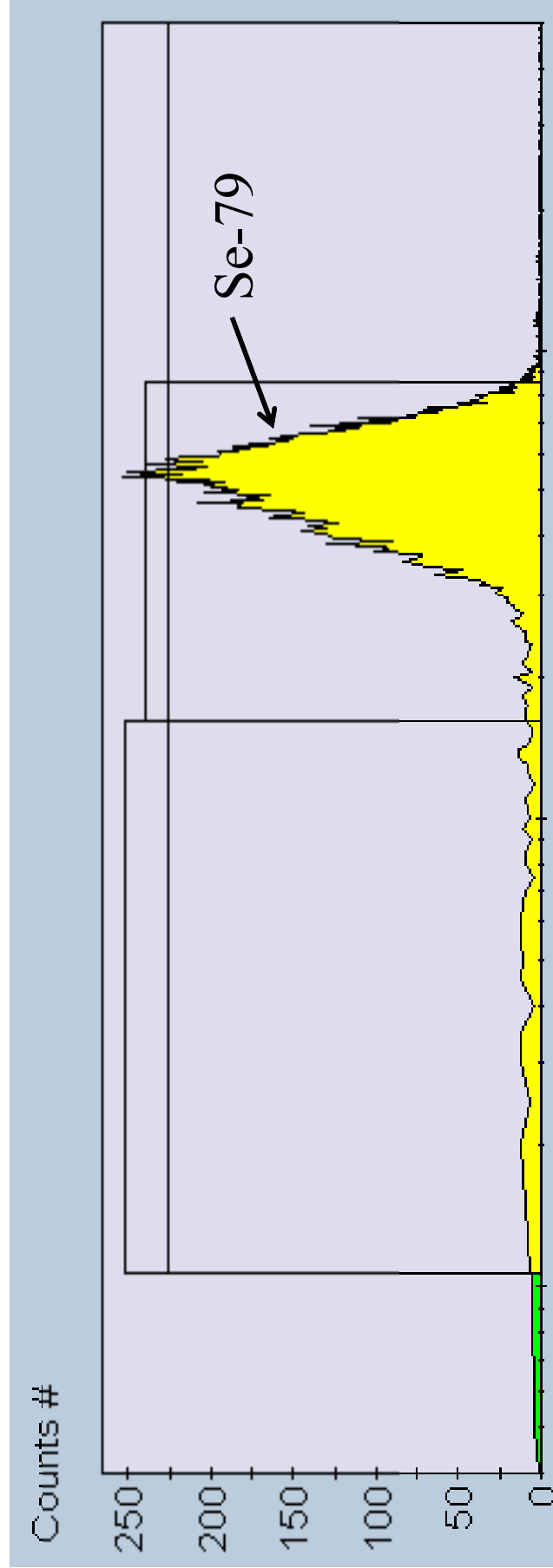
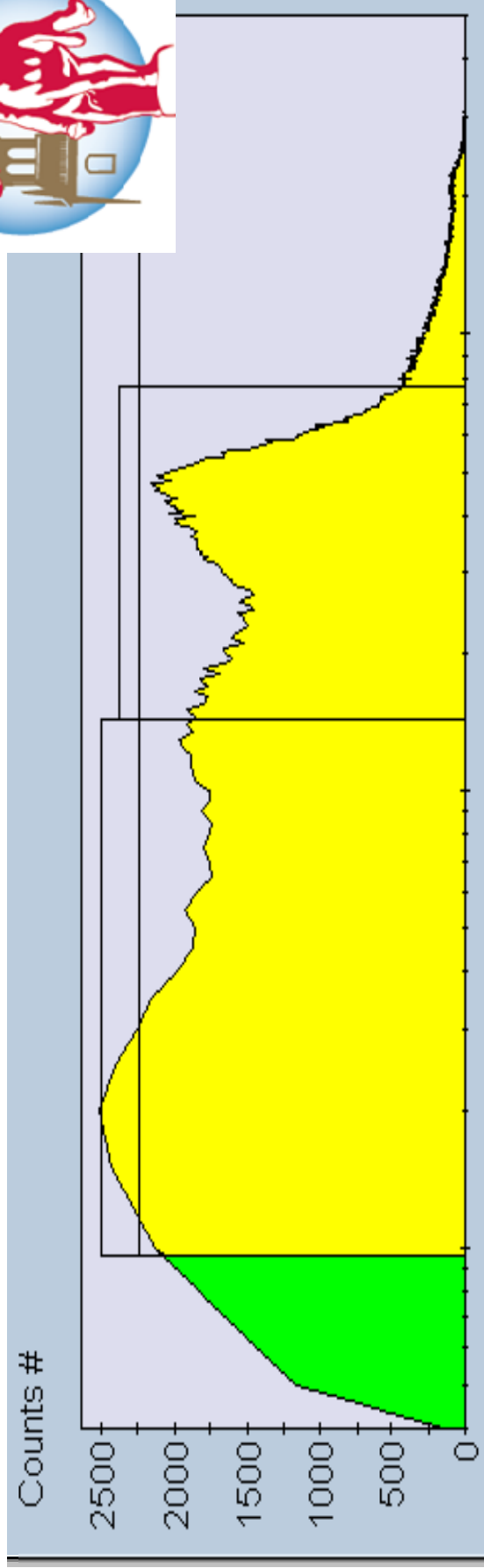


Radiologic Screening Counters

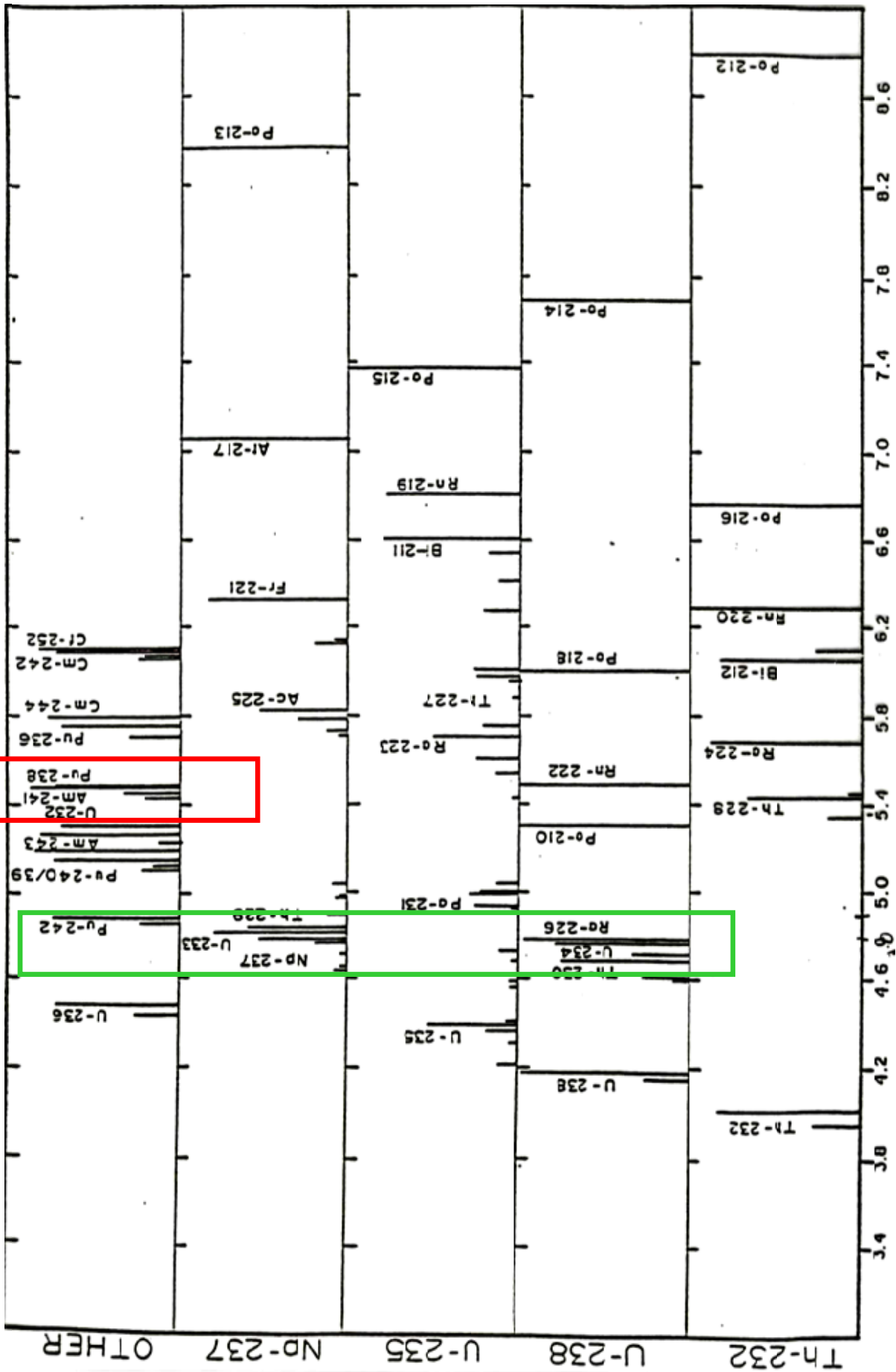
- Gas-Flow Proportional Counters
 - Alpha/Beta Weight Attenuation
 - Alpha/Beta Cross Talk Calibration
 - Alpha/Beta Isotope Calibration



Measurement of Beta Energy

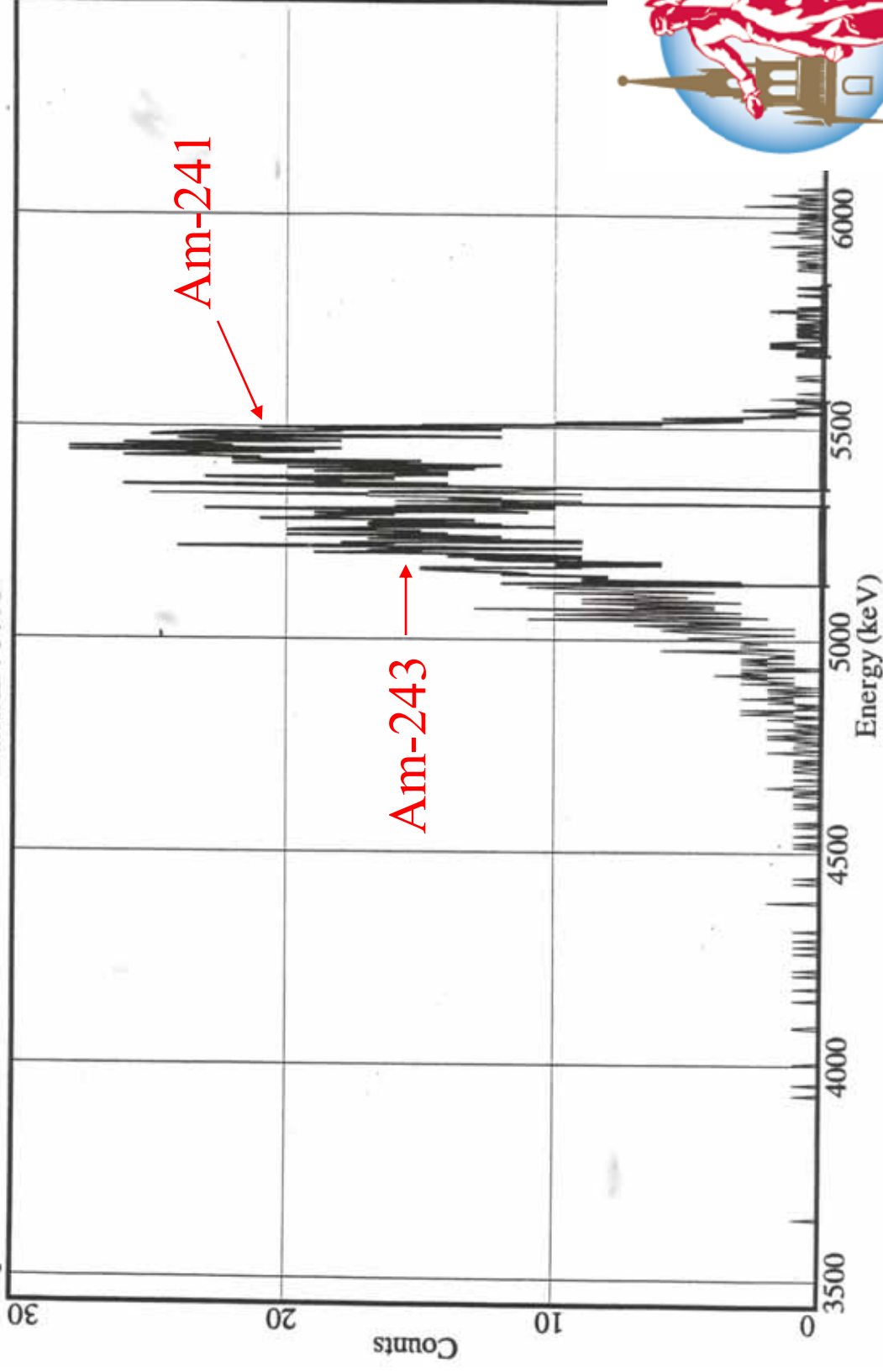


Measurement of Alpha Energy



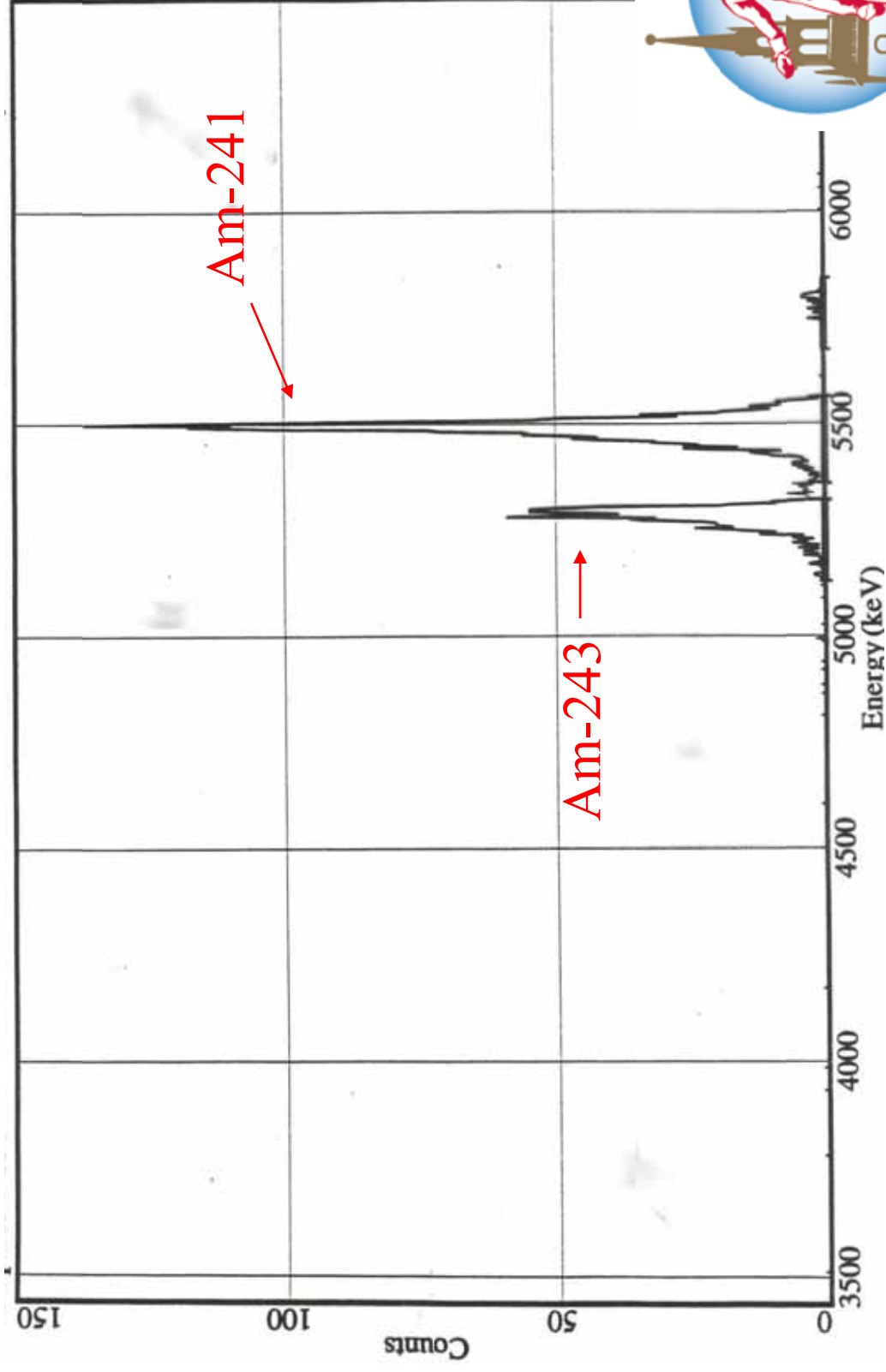
Americium Spectrum after TRU Resin Separation

presence of rare earths degrades spectrum- self absorption issues



Am Spectrum after TEVA Resin Separation

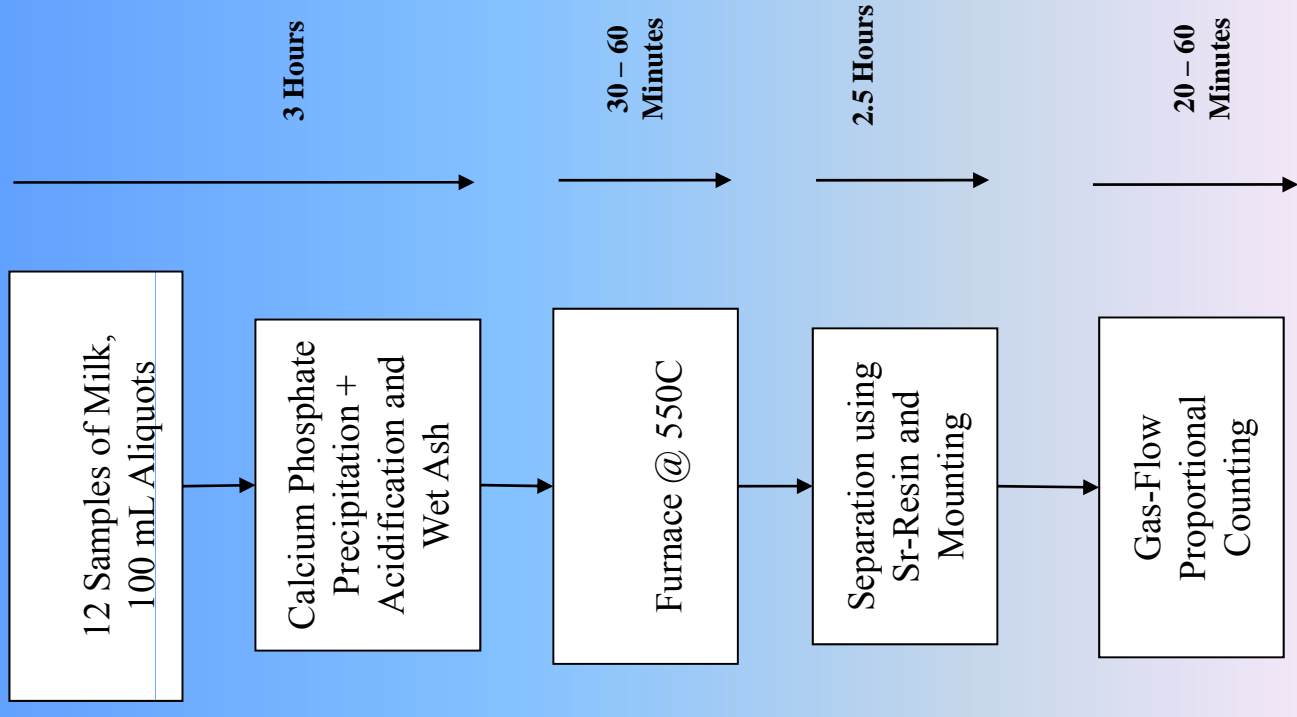
Lanthanide elements removed - cleaner spectrum



- Sample Modification
 - Digestion
 - Leach
 - Fusion
- Volume Reduction
 - Precipitation
 - Evaporation
 - Ion Exchange



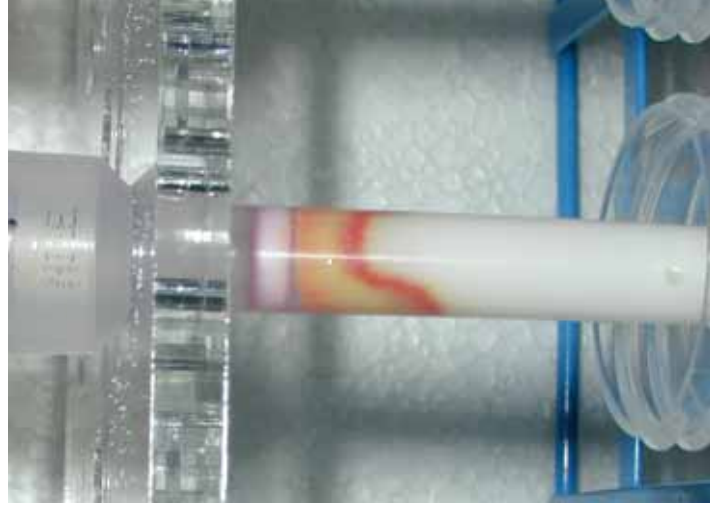
FlowChart of with time frames Radiostrontium Emergency Method At SRS



Maxwell III, SL and Culligan, B.K., "Rapid Method for Determination of Radiostrontium in Emergency Milk Samples", Journal of Radioanalytical and Nuclear Chemistry, Vol. 279, 3 (2009) 757-760

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Extraction Chromatography



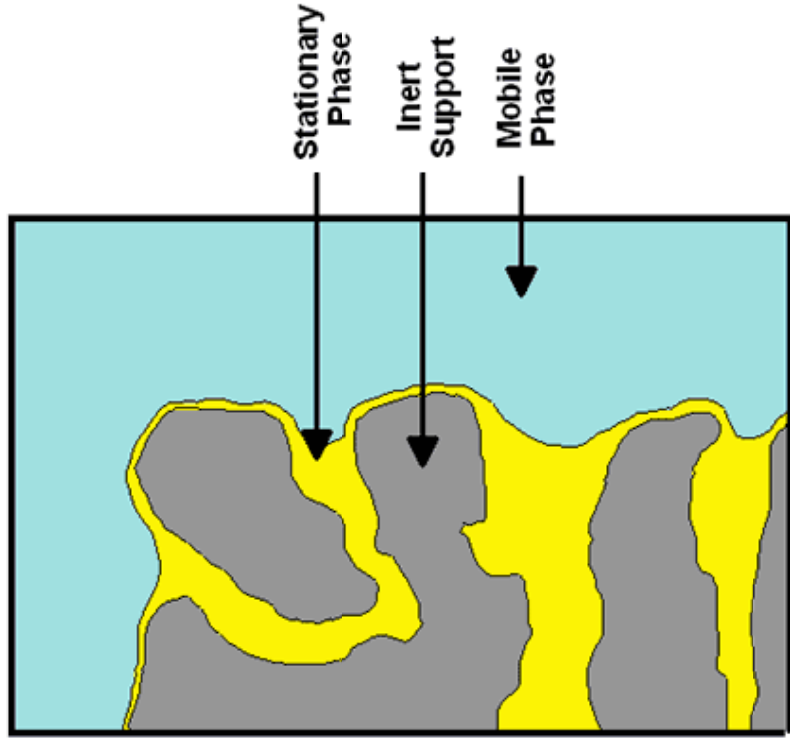
Solvent Extraction



Column Chromatography

Extraction Chromatographic Resin

Surface of Porous Bead



Inert support =

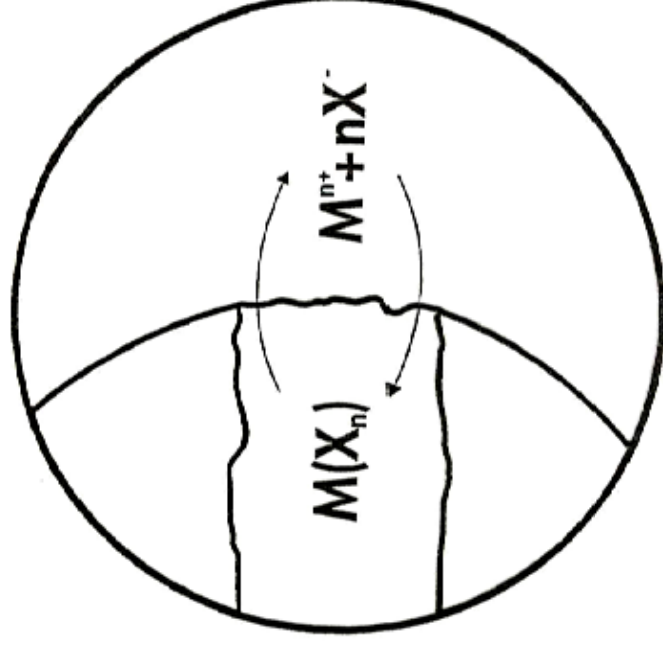
Macroporous Acrylic Resin

Example Stationary Phases

- Crown Ether (Sr)
- CMPO (TRU)
- DAAP (UTEVA)



Metal Anion Complex Formation

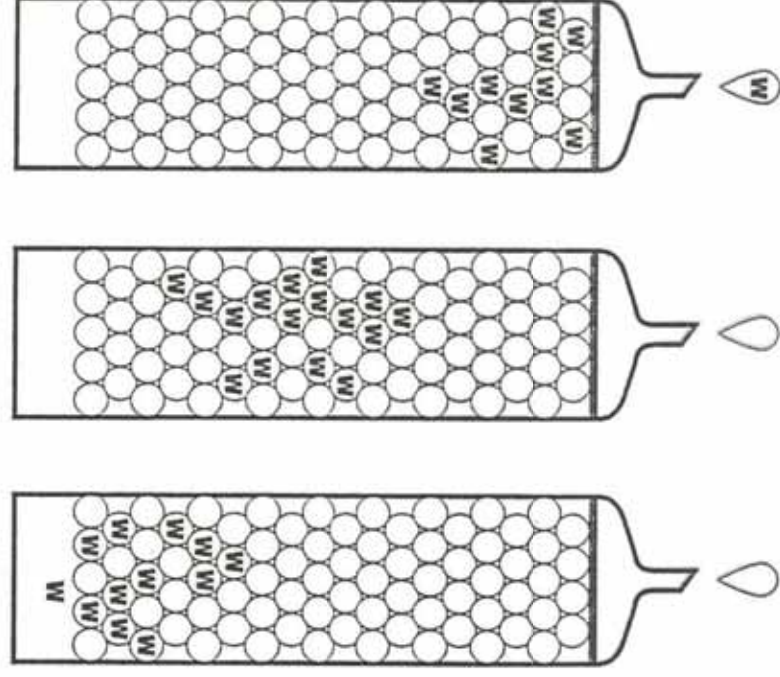


Metal + Anion \rightleftharpoons Complex

Complex + Organic \rightleftharpoons Extracted

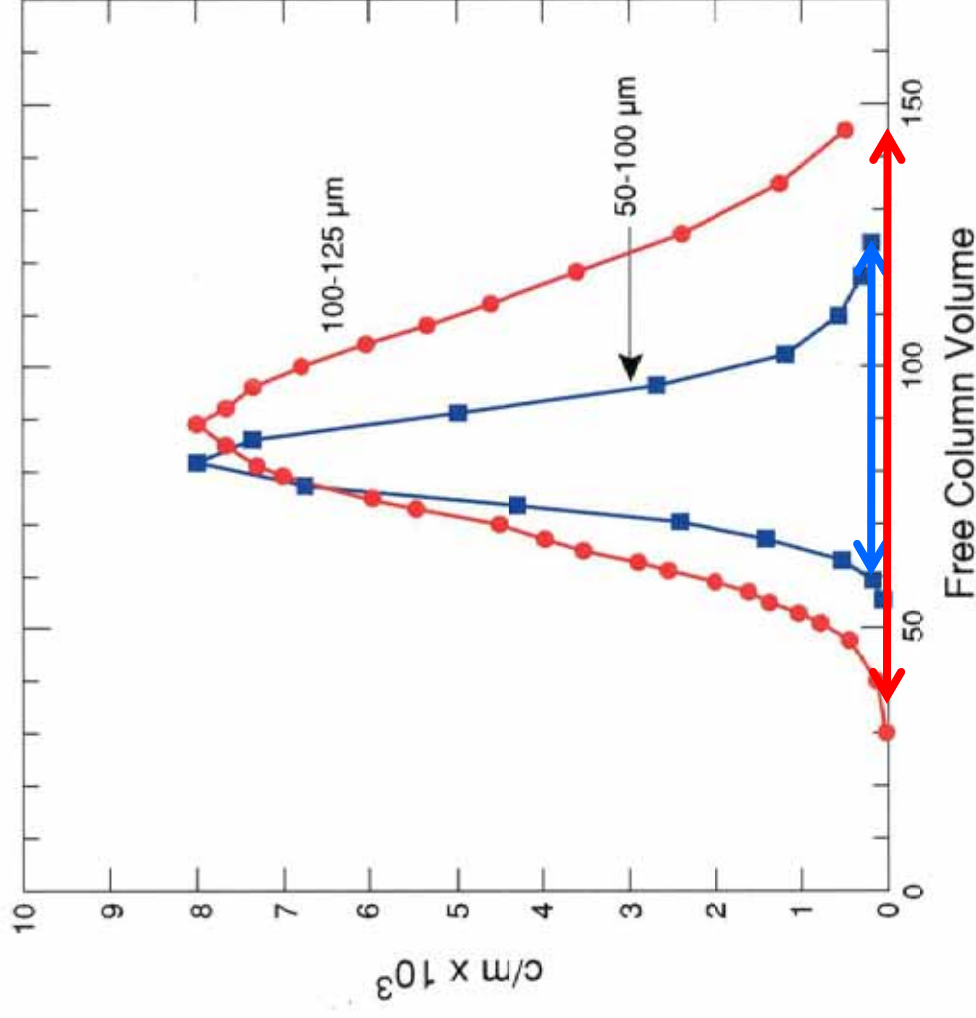


Elution of a Band (Chromatography)



Smaller
particles,
sharper
elution
bands

Comparison of Elution Curves for Sr^{2+} for Two Particle sizes of Sr Resin
Elutrient 3.2 M HNO_3 , 23-24°C



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Choose the appropriate amount of resin



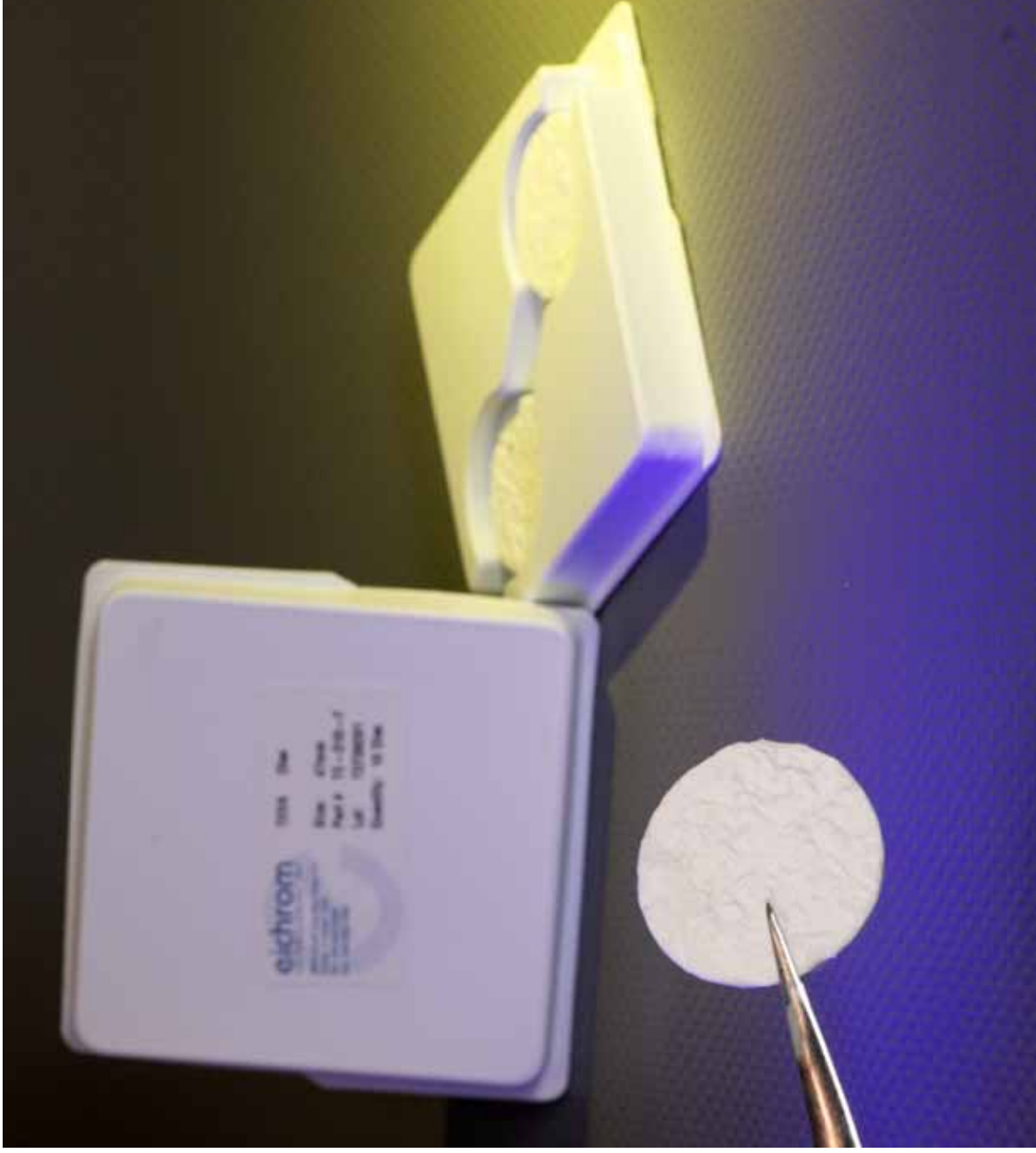
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Gravity Flow vs. Vacuum Assisted





Radiochemistry Products



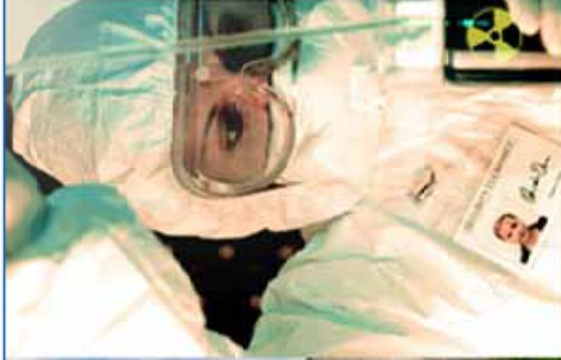
Dioxin Test Kits



Ion Exchange Resins



Nuclear Power Outfilters



European Radioactivity Testing Laboratories

LATEST NEWS: Nuclear Power Outfilters Featured Product: "T-Flex" Tungsten Shielding System

Technical Info

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Product Name	Color Code	Applications*	product info	part numbers
Accessories		Plastic accessories for columns and cartridges	product info	part numbers
Resolve™ Filters		Alpha spectroscopy source preparation	technical info	part numbers
Resolve™ PTFE Filters		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> NEW Radiological Air Monitoring 	technical info	part numbers
Actinide Resin	● Yellow	Group actinide separations/gross alpha measurements	technical info	part numbers
Beryllium Resin		Be	technical info	part numbers
DGA Resin		Actinids, Lanthanides, Y, Ra	technical info	part numbers
Diphonix® Resin		Actinides and transition metals	technical info	part numbers
Ion Exchange Resins		Analytical grade cation and anion exchange resins	technical info	part numbers
Ln Resin	● Purple	Lanthanides, Ra-228	technical info	part numbers
MnO ₂ Resin		Ra	technical info	part numbers
Nickel Resin	● Pink	Ni	technical info	part numbers
Pb Resin	● Black	Pb	technical info	part numbers
Pre-filter Material		Organics removal	technical info	part numbers
RE Resin		Th, U, Np, Pu, Am, Cm, rare earth elements	technical info	part numbers
Sr Resin	● Red	Sr, Pb	technical info	part numbers
TEVA® Resin	● Green	Tc, Th, Np, Pu, Am/lanthanides	technical info	part numbers
Tritium Column		³ H	technical info	part numbers
TRU Resin	● Blue	Fe, Th, Pa, U, Np, Pu, Am, Cm	technical info	part numbers
UTEVA® Resin	● Orange	Th, U, Np, Pu	technical info	part numbers

*Primary applications shown in blue.

EXC Resin Extractant Choice

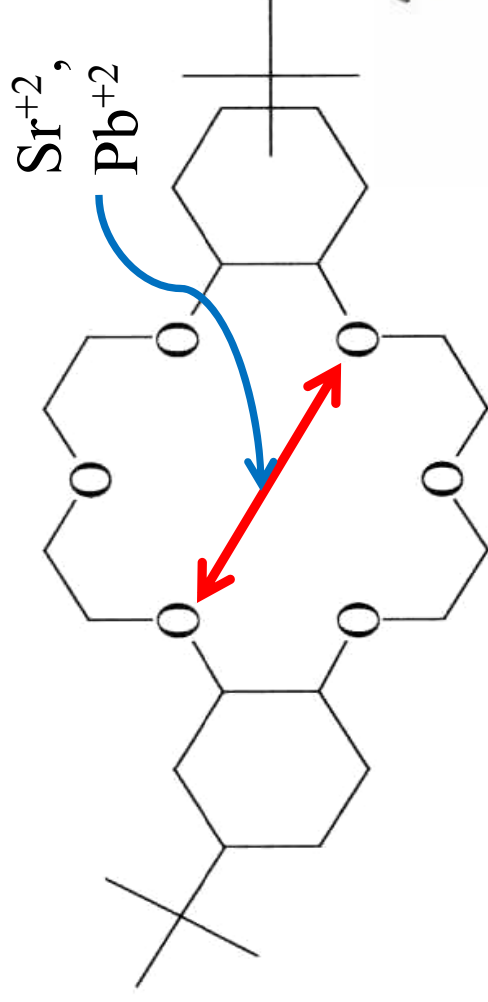
- Ionic Recognition Extractant based resin
 - Analyte retention related to charge and ionic radii
- Neutral and Anionic Extractant based resin
 - Analytes are directly hydrogen ion dependant, although anionic extractant based resins tend to show reduced analyte uptake as the acid competes
- Acidic Extractant based resin
 - Analyte retention is inverse hydrogen ion dep



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Sr Resin/ Ionic Recognition

di-t-butylcyclohexano 18-crown-6

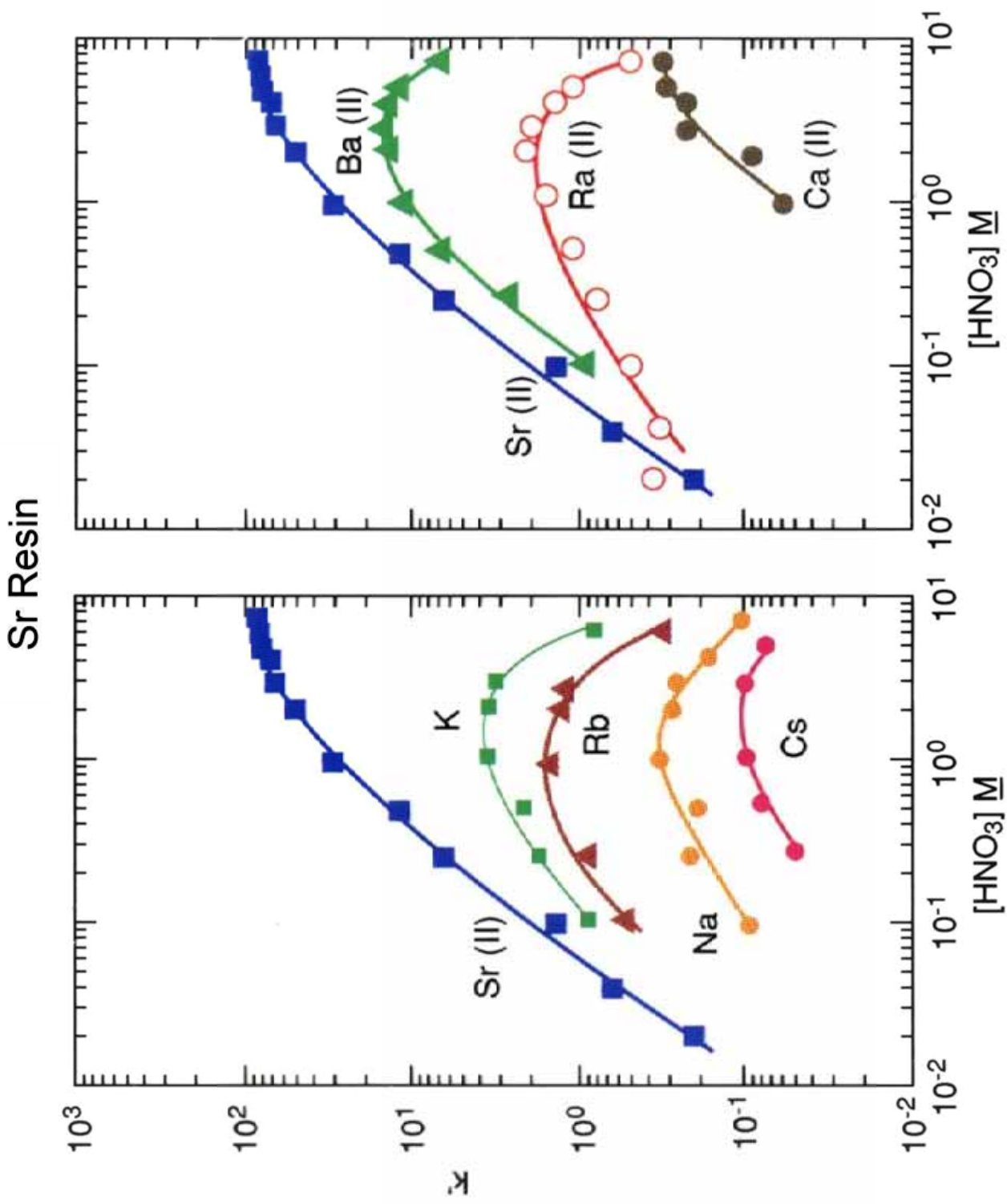


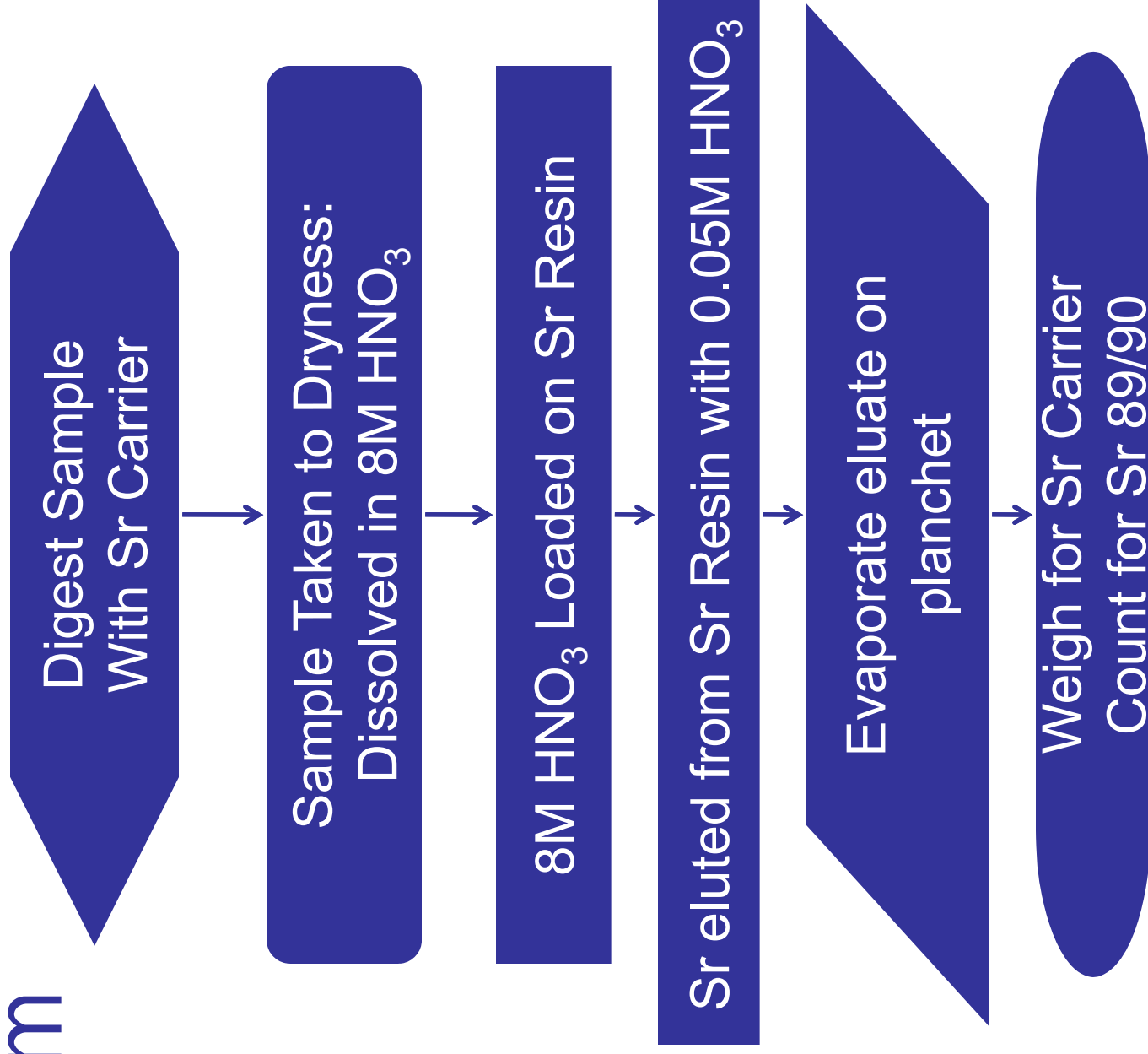
Diluent: 1-octanol



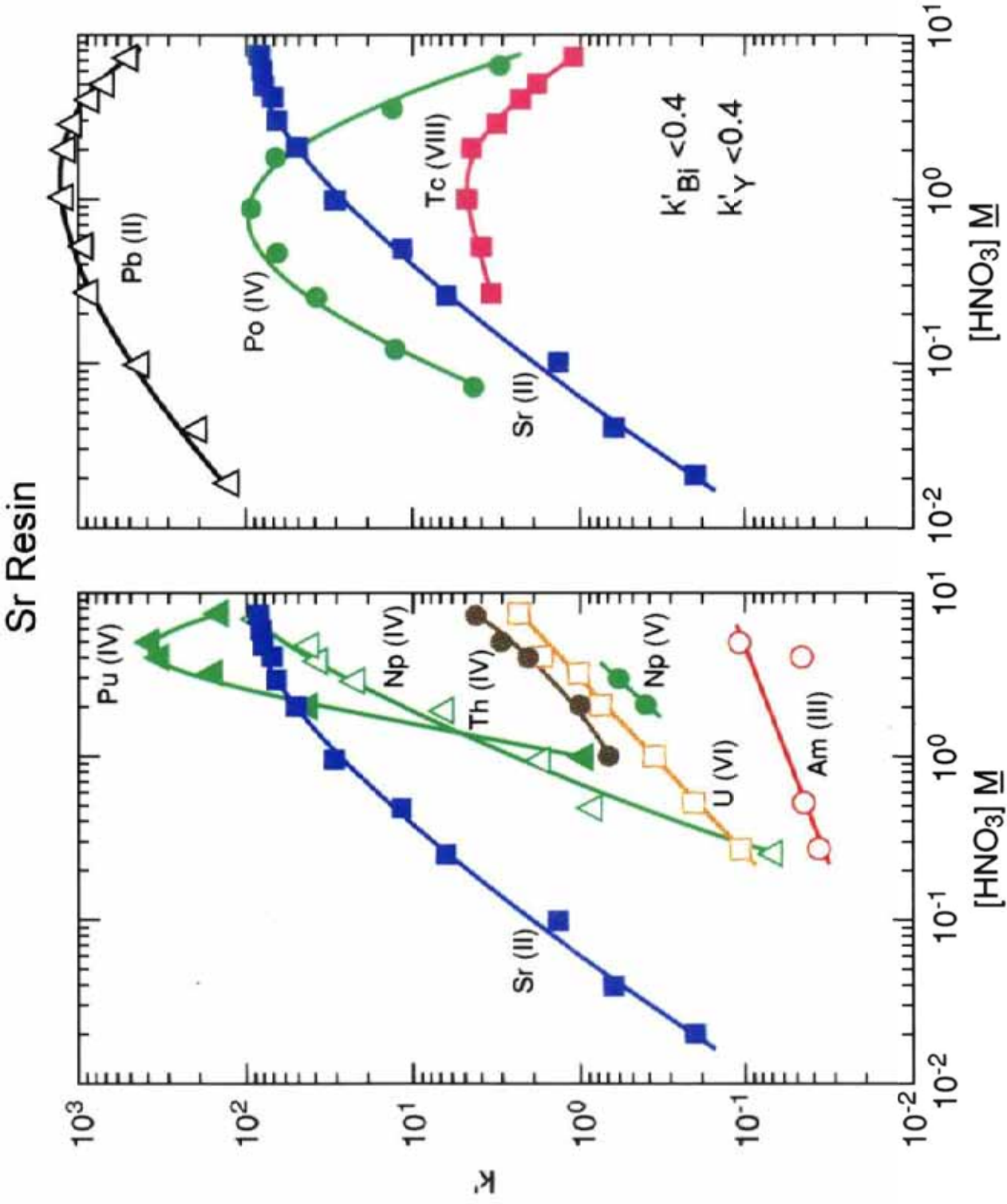
Ionic
Recognition,
size and charge

Acid dependency of k' for various ions at 23-25°C.





Acid dependency of k' for various ions at 23-25°C.



Separation of Ni and Fe by anion exchange chromatography

Element	Content, %	
	Ni fraction	Fe fraction
Fe ³⁺	<0.001	>98.5
Ni ²⁺	>99.5	<0.001
Co ²⁺	<0.01	<0.1
Ba ²⁺	<7.5	<0.001
Eu ³⁺	>99.8	<0.001
Cs ⁺	>99.5	<0.001
Sr ²⁺	>99.5	<0.001

- Ni can be completely separated from Fe, Co, Cu, Zn, U, Pu, etc.
- Fe can be separated from Ni, Cr, Mn, Th, etc.

• Ni cannot be efficiently separated from Cr, Eu, Sm, Mn, V, Sc, Ti, Zr, Ba, Th, Am. Of them, the radioisotopes of Eu, Sm, Ba, Zr, Mn, Cr and matrix elements of Cr, Mn V in metal and alloy seriously interfere the determination of Ni-63.

• Fe cannot be completely separated from Zn, Co, Cu, Pu, Np, especially when a large amount of Fe (>10 mg) is loaded on the column.

Thus: a further purification for both Ni and Fe is needed.

Nickel Resin

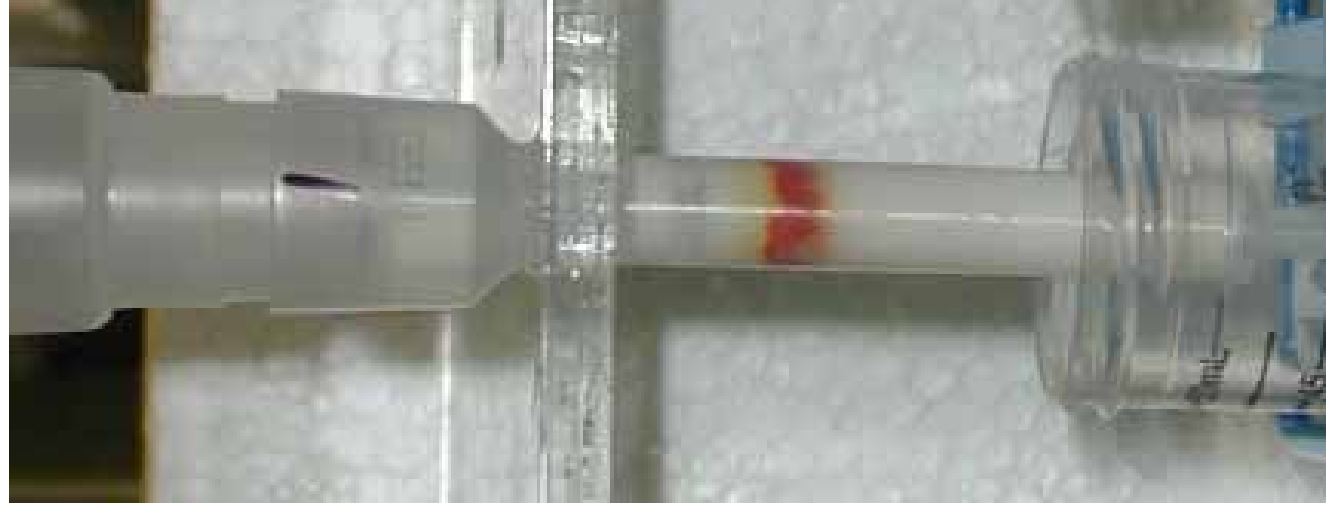
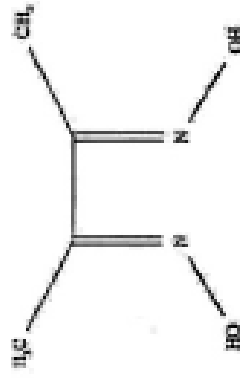
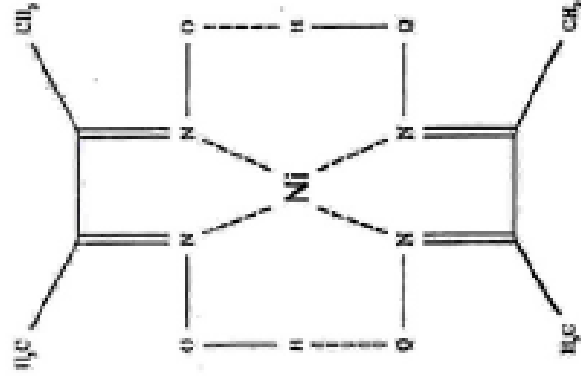


Figure 1



DMG



Ni-DMG Complex

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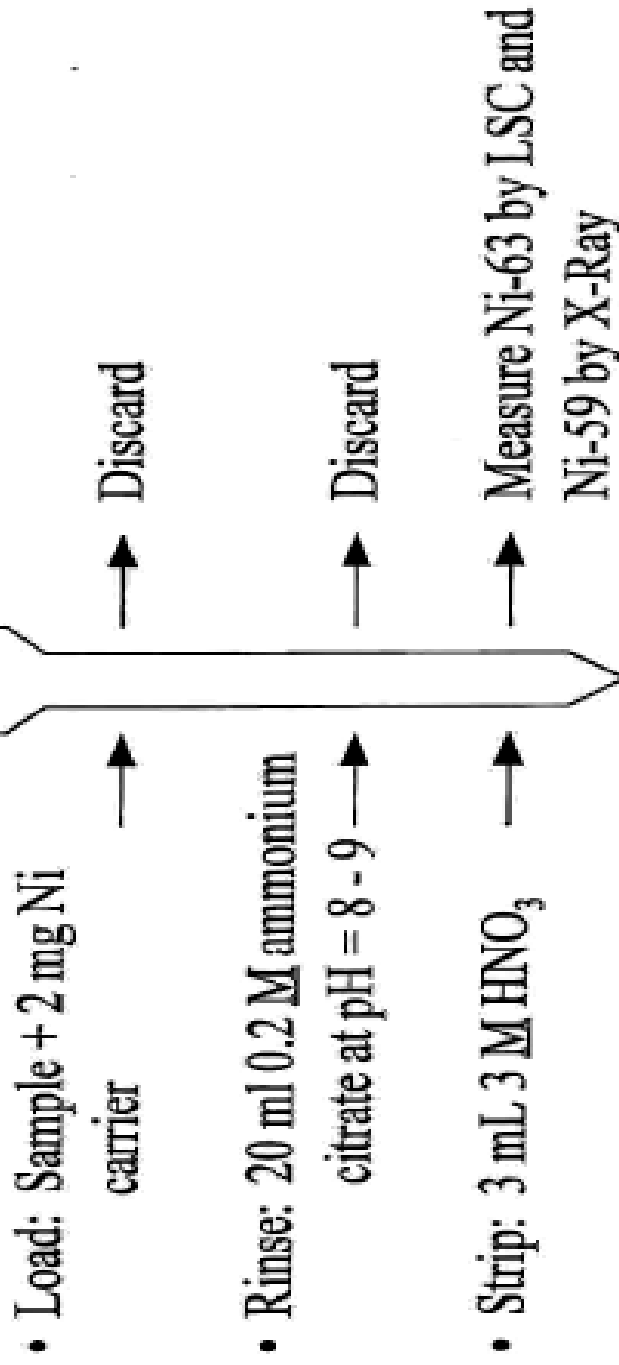
Physical Characteristics of Eichrom's Nickel Resin

- 11% (w/w) DMG loading
- Resin Density ~ 0.25 g/mL
- Working capacity ~ 3mg Ni

Typical Nickel Procedure

Figure 2

Typical Procedure



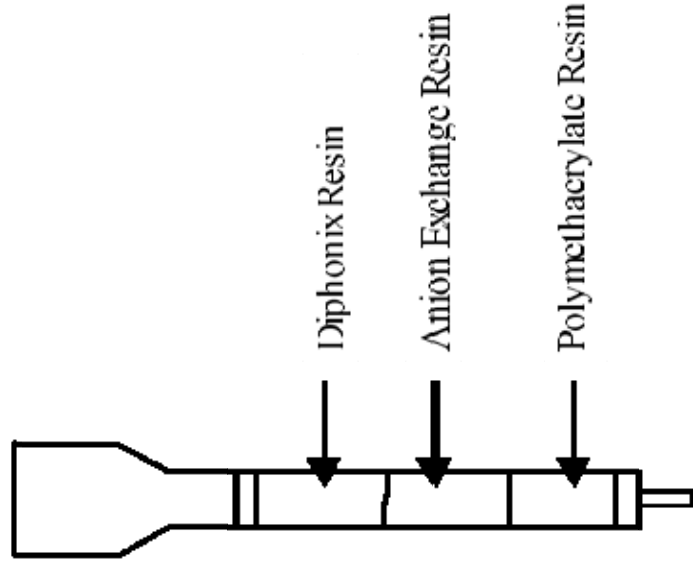
Decontamination Factors -RWCU Resin Sample

Cr-51	>37,000
Mn-54	270,000
Co-58	110,000
Co-60	113,000
Nb-95	13,700
Cs-134	>9,000
Cs-137	58,000

Cobalt Issues

- If DF for Co is not adequate
 - Treat sample through 1X-8 Anion Exchange Resin loading from 10 M HCl. The Co forms a chlorocomplex and is retained on the column while the Ni passes through in the load and rinse
 - OR add 5 mg of Co to sample this isotopically dilutes the radioactive Co

Tritium Columns



Tritium Column Recoveries and Decontamination

Spike Recovery Results using Tritium Column			
Sample Type	Volume	3H Spike	% Recovery
Distilled water	15 mL	97.2 Bq	96.4% (n=4)
Distilled water	25 mL	20.2 Bq	87.6% (n=4)
Distilled water	25 mL	19.5 Bq	94.9% (n=7)
Ground water	25 mL	17.1 Bq	91.2% (n=5)
Sea water	25 mL	4.0 Bq	90.0% (n=6)
Urine	25 mL	85.1 Bq	91.1% (n=4)

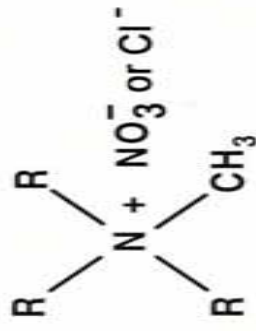
Carolina Power & Light Samples		
Isotope	PWR Sample	BWR Sample
Cr-51	2,900	1,900
Mn-54	518	5,590
Co-58	4,740	4,960
Fe-59	109	---
Co-60	392	5,990
Sn-113	230	---
Nb-95	4,220	116
Zr-95	2,210	---
I-131	14,200	---
Cs-134	1,1200	---
Cs-137	1,320	---
La-140	---	1,550
Ce-144	---	203

D. Cahill, Carolina Power & Light, New Hill NC

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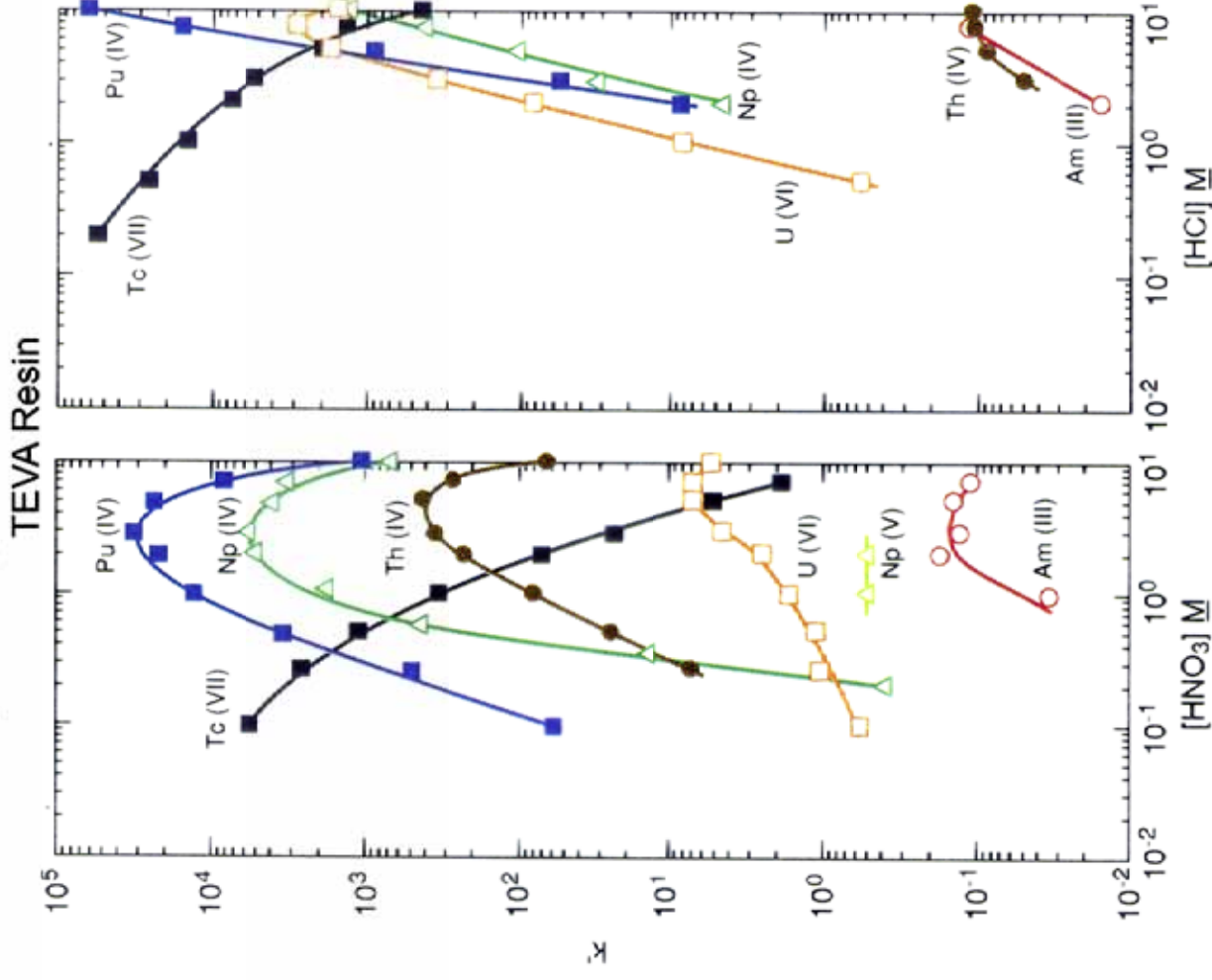
Anionic Extractant
TEVA Resin

Trialkylmethylammonium Nitrate or Chloride



R = C₈H₁₇ and C₁₀H₂₁

Acid dependency of k' for various ions at 23°C.



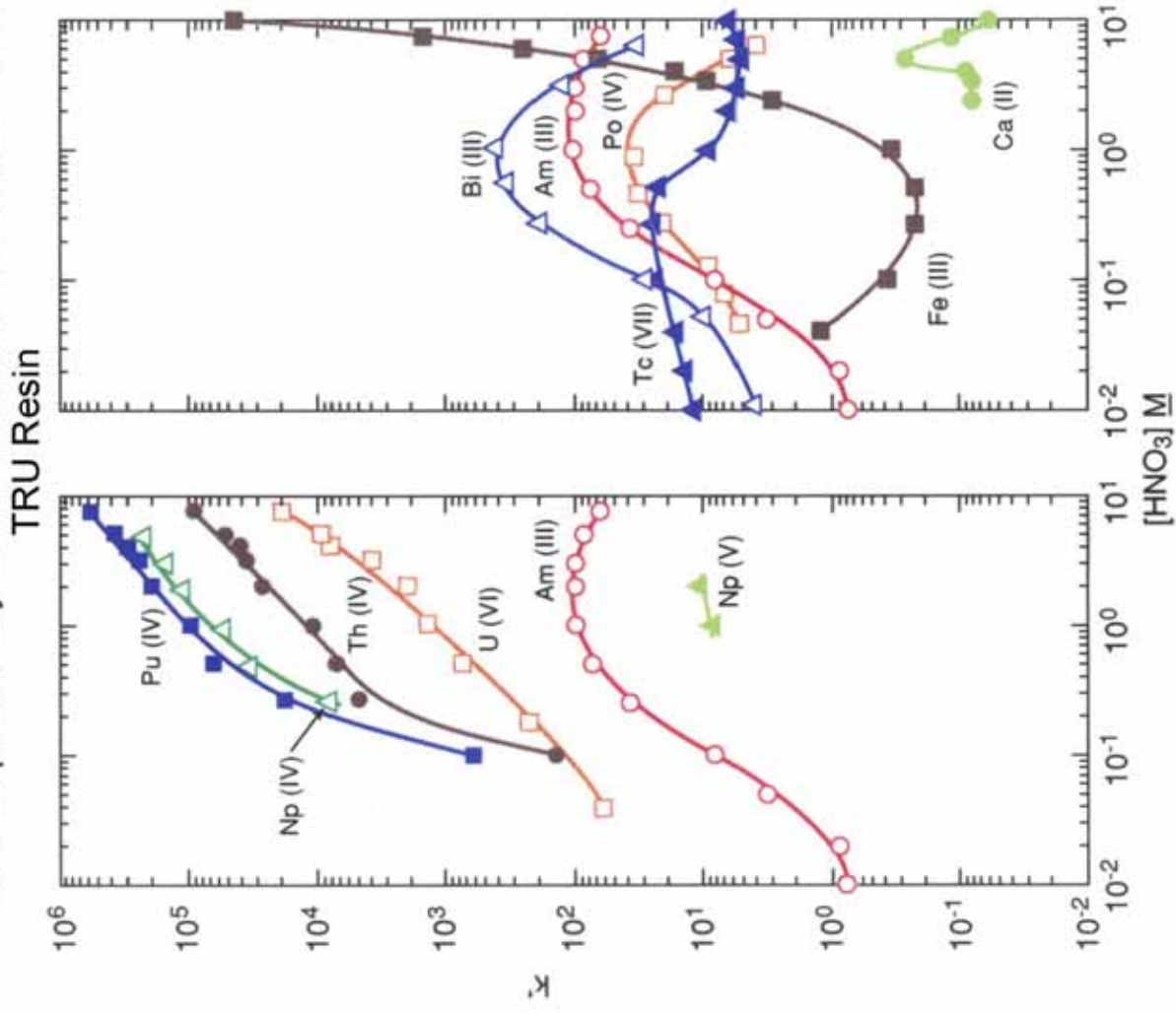
TRU Resin, Neutral Extractant

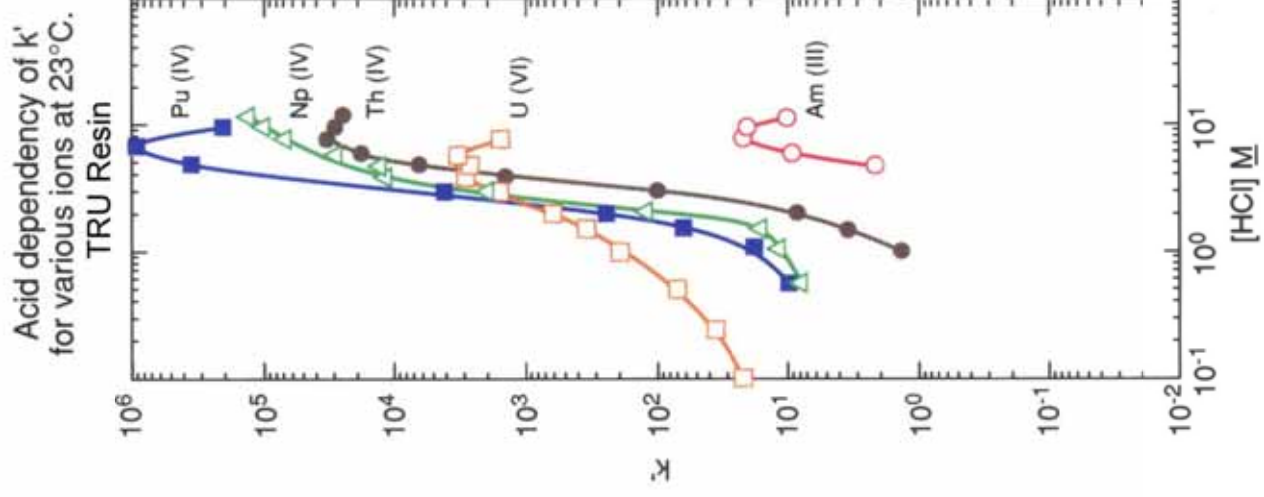
Octyl(phenyl)-N,N-diisobutylcarbamoylmethylphosphine oxide
(CMPO)

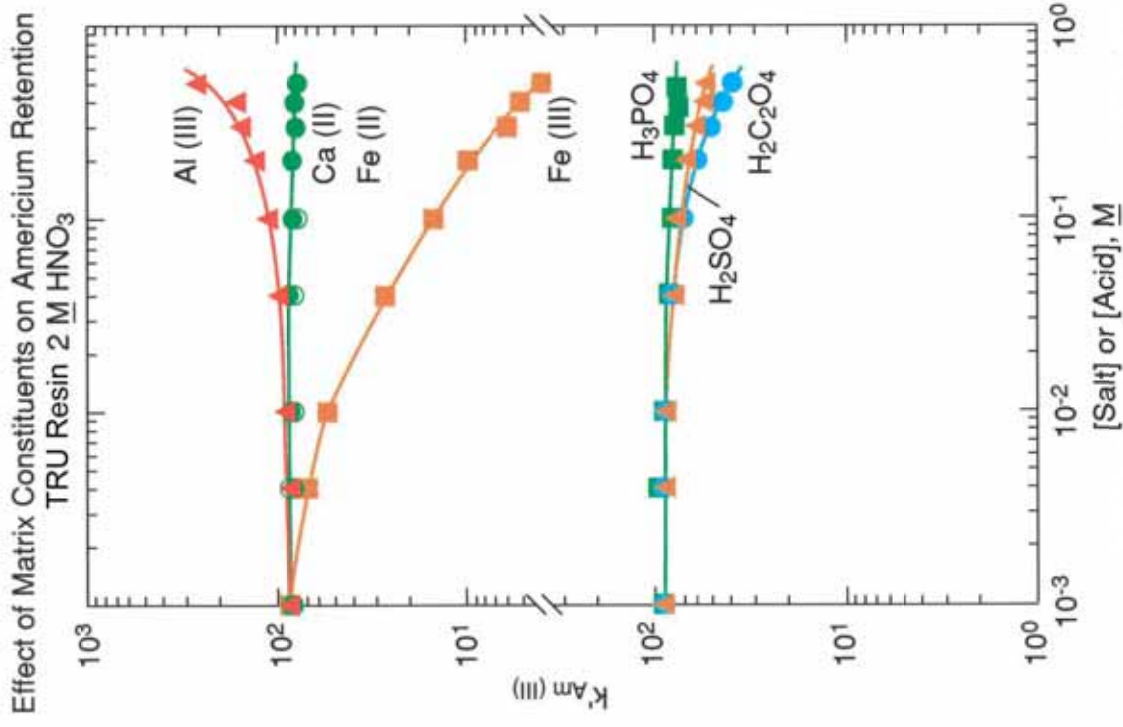


Diluent: tri-*n*-butyl phosphate

Acid dependency of k' for various ions at 23-25°C.



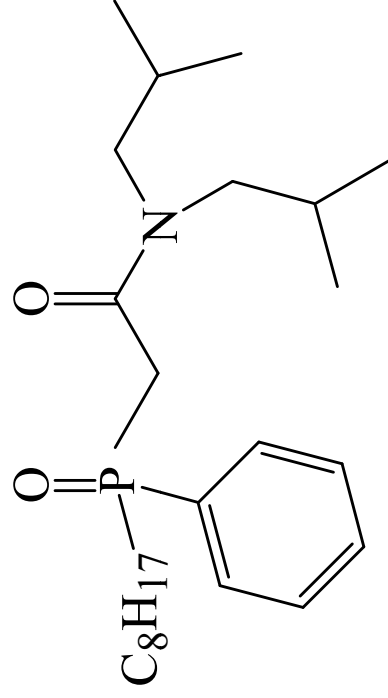




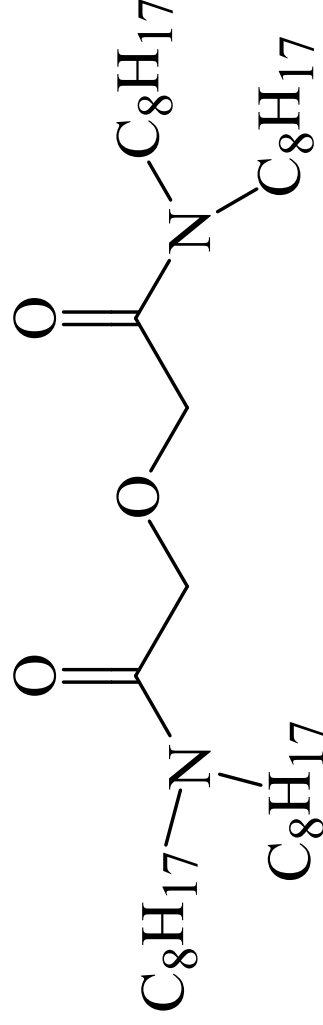
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TRU Resin: Neutral Extractant

DGA Resin: Neutral extractant/ ionic recognition



TRU (CMPO)



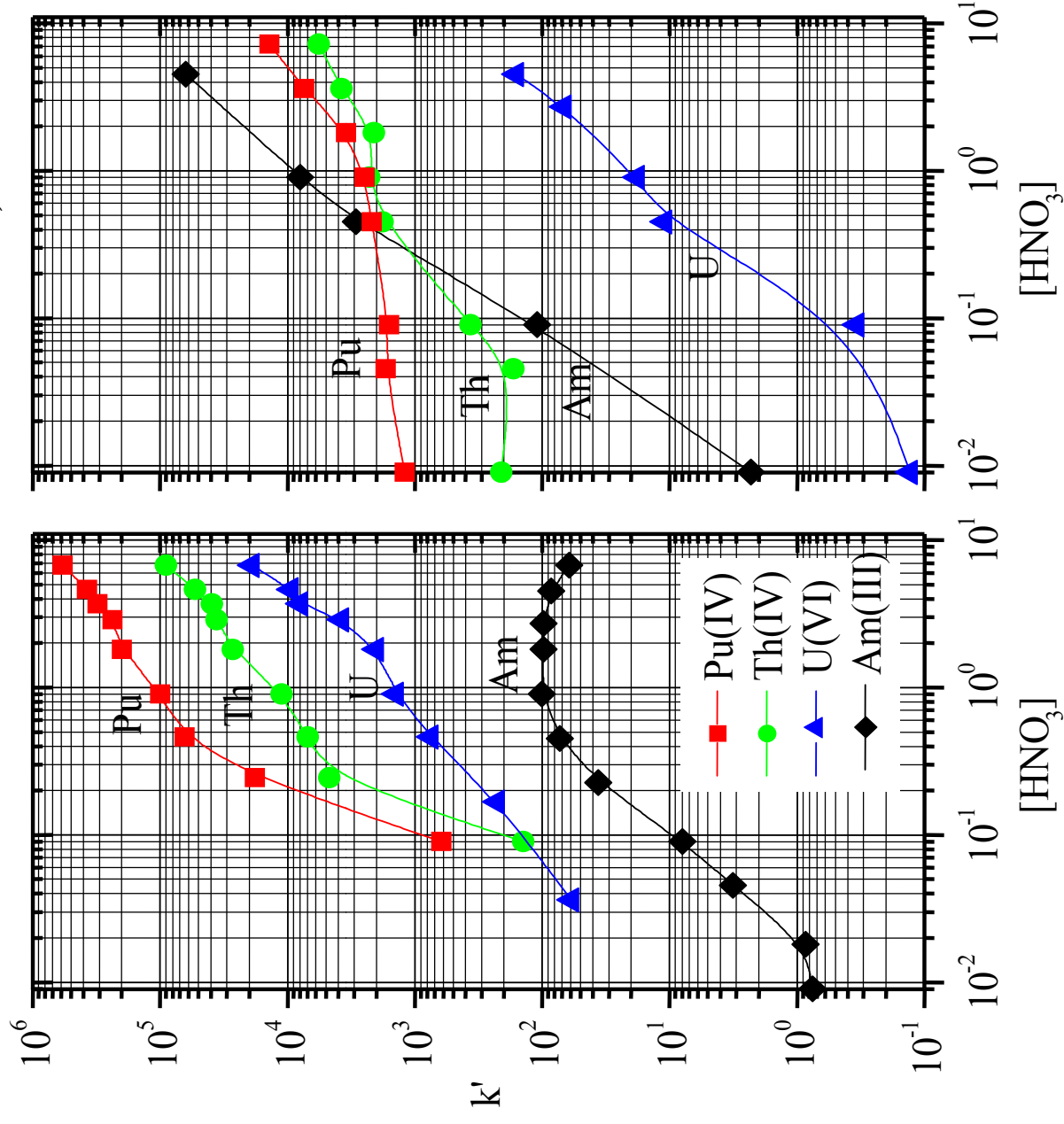
DGA



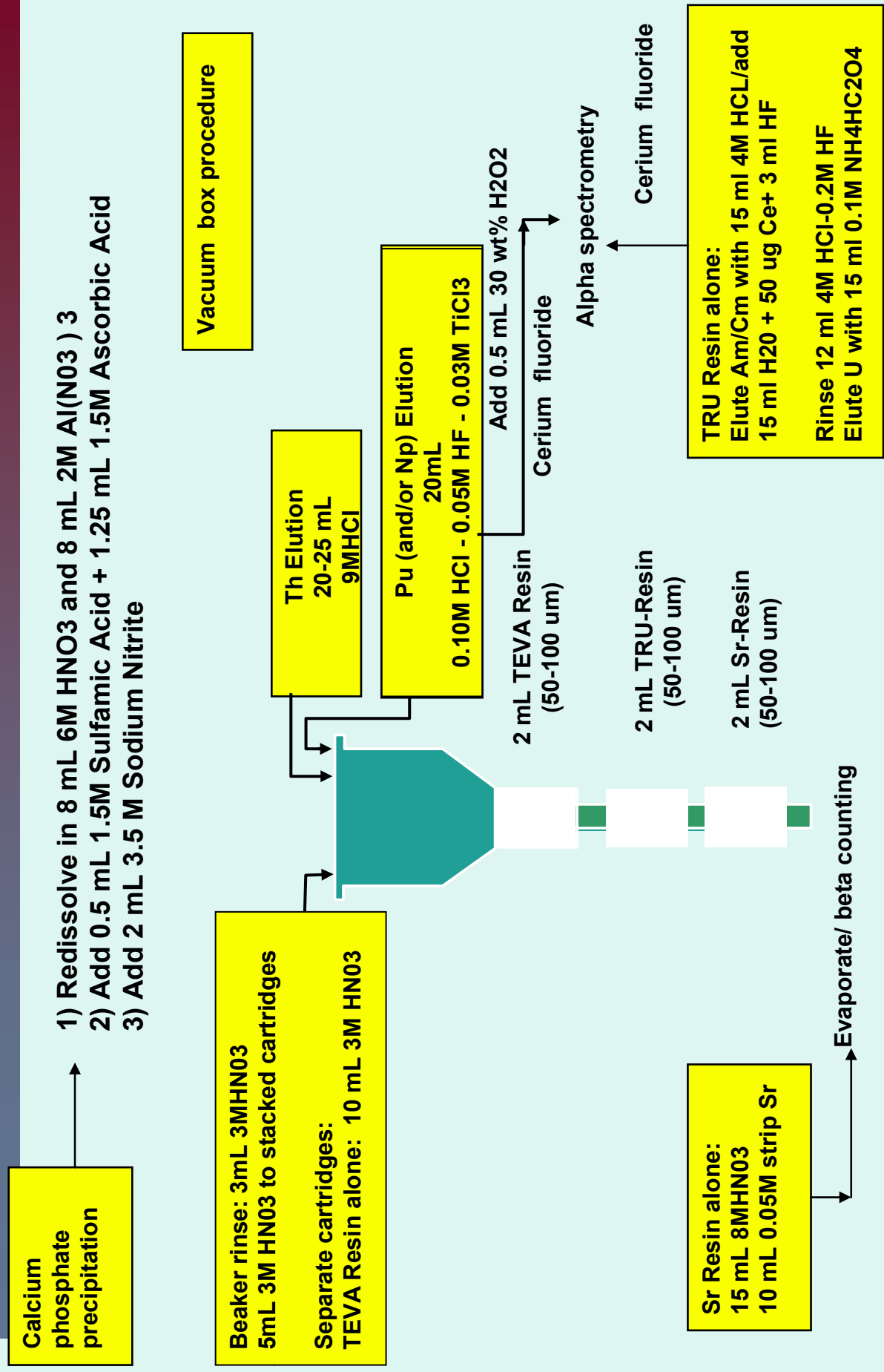
Actinides on TRU vs. DGA out of HNO_3

TRU Resin

DGA Resin, Normal



Actinides and Sr-90 in Urine-NRIP 2008



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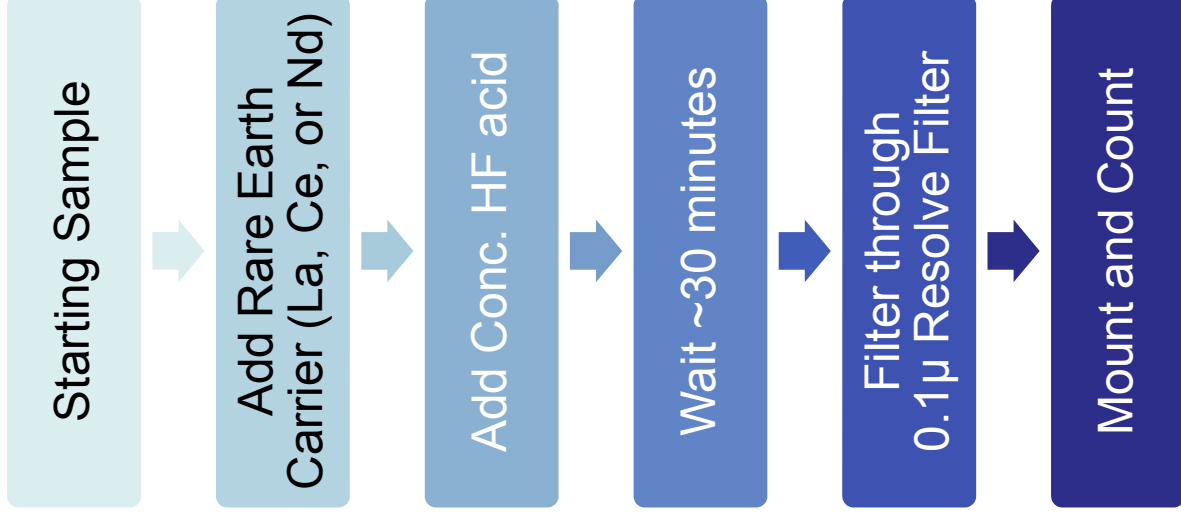
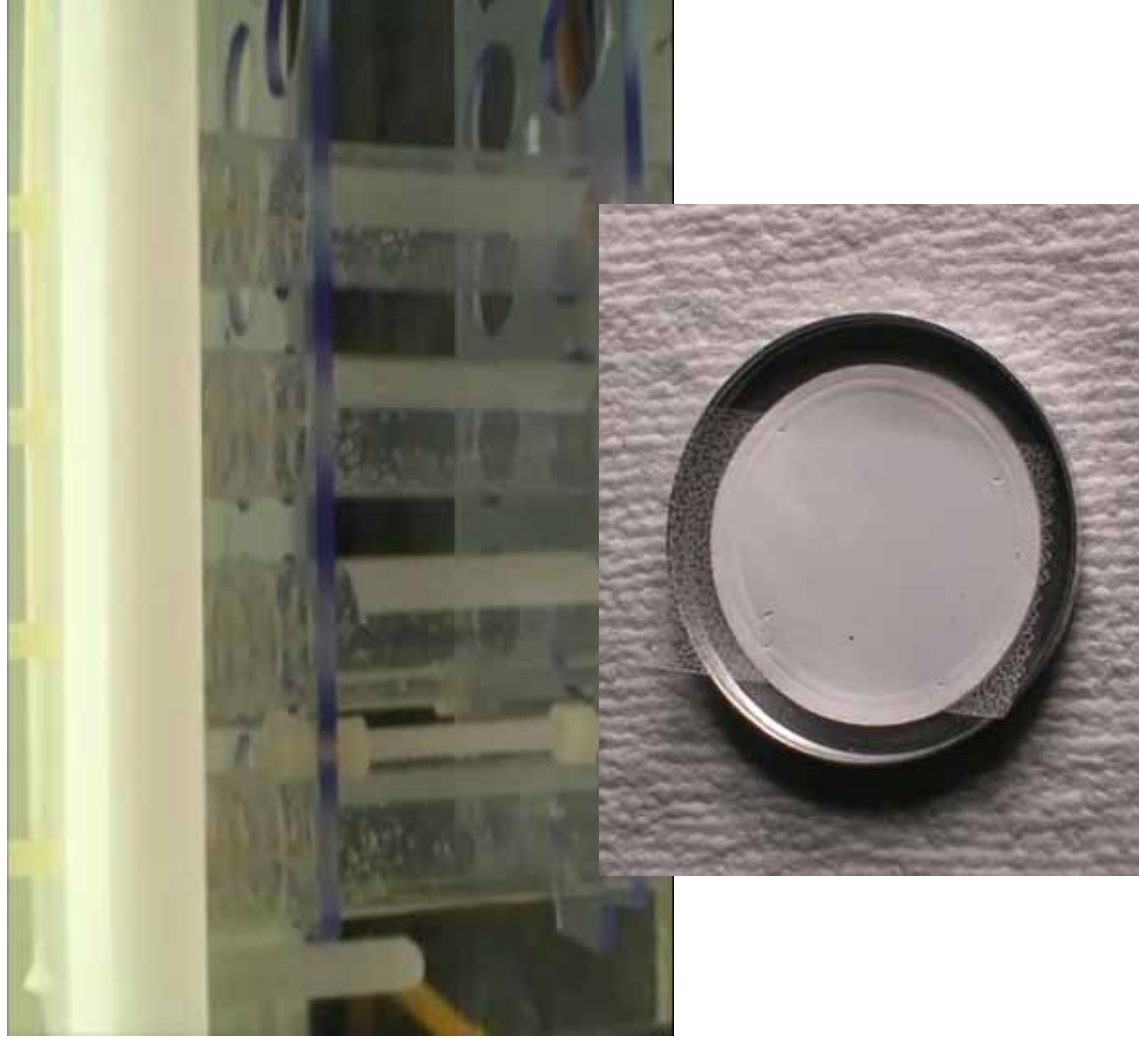
Pu in 100 ml Urine (alpha)

	Pu-236	Pu-239	Pu-239	Pu-239	% Diff	Pu-238	Pu-238	Pu-238	% Diff
	%	pCi added	pCi	pCi		pCi added	pCi	pCi	
1	111	22.5	19.6	19.6	-12.89	0.98	0.97	0.97	-1.02
2	104	22.5	22.4	22.4	-0.44	0.98	0.93	0.93	-5.10
3	108	22.5	22.2	22.2	-1.33	0.98	0.964	0.964	-1.63
4	107	22.5	22	22	-2.22	0.98	1.02	1.02	4.08
Avg	107.5	22.50	21.55	21.55	-4.22	0.98	0.97	0.97	-0.92

Am/ Cm in 100 ml Urine (alpha)

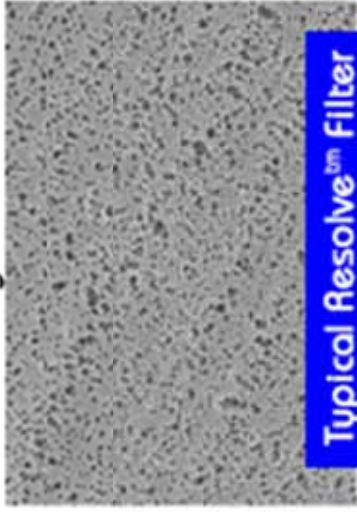
	Am-243	Am-241	Am-241	Am-241	Am-241	Cm-244	Cm-244	Cm-244	% Diff
	%	pCi added	pCi	pCi	pCi	pCi added	pCi	pCi	% Diff
1	96.7	1.00	1.05	1.05	0.93	0.93	0.90	0.90	-2.9
2	100.1	1.00	0.89	0.89	0.93	0.93	0.79	0.79	-15.1
3	98.7	1.00	0.90	0.90	0.93	0.93	0.91	0.91	-2.2
4	95.6	2.00	1.81	1.81	1.86	1.86	1.70	1.70	-8.6
5	98.3	2.00	1.81	1.81	1.86	1.86	1.61	1.61	-13.4
Avg.	97.9				-6.9				-8.4

Rare Earth Co-Precipitation for Actinide Sample Alpha Source



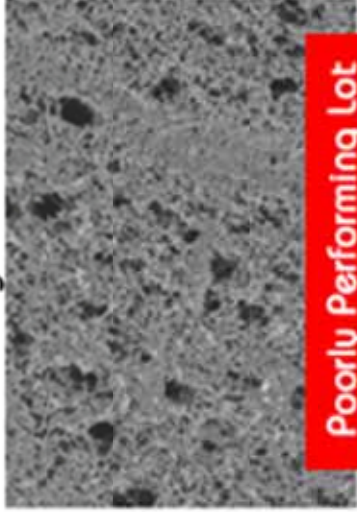
eichrom Quality Control for Alpha Spec

Figure 1



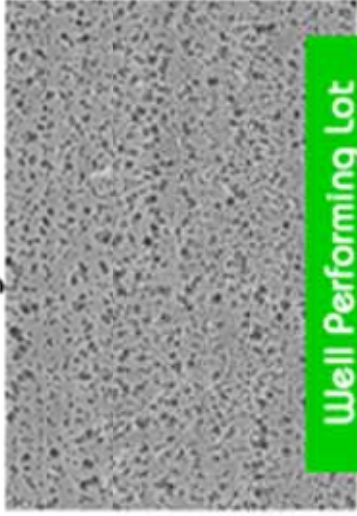
Typical Resolvetm Filter

Figure 2



Poorly Performing Lot

Figure 3



Well Performing Lot

Figure 4

^{241,243}Am Resolution on Resolve Filter

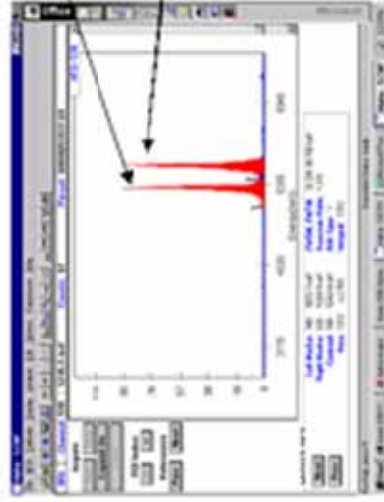
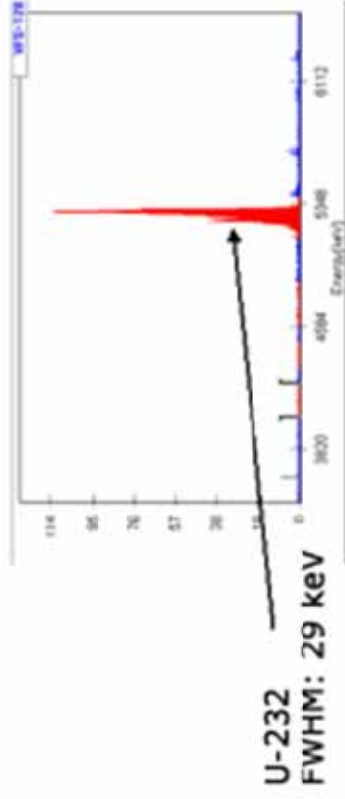


Figure 5

²³²U Resolution on Resolve Filter



Co-Precipitation testing of Resolve Filters

Sample	Substrate?	Orientation	FWHM (keV)	243Am Recovery	241Am Recovery
1	No	Glossy down	28	98.4%	98.4%
2	No	Glossy down	25	95.7%	95.5%
3	No	Glossy up	22	101.9%	97.6%
4	No	Glossy up	26	100.2%	99.3%
5	Yes	Glossy down	25	100.5%	96.1%
6	Yes	Glossy down	23	98.6%	97.0%
7	Yes	Glossy up	25	95.1%	94.8%
8	Yes	Glossy up	26	97.6%	95.0%

eichrom

Your separation resin tool box!



Hows

Versatility

Results



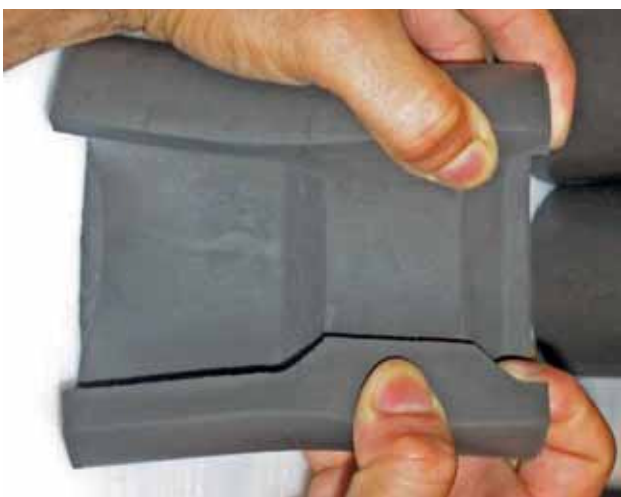
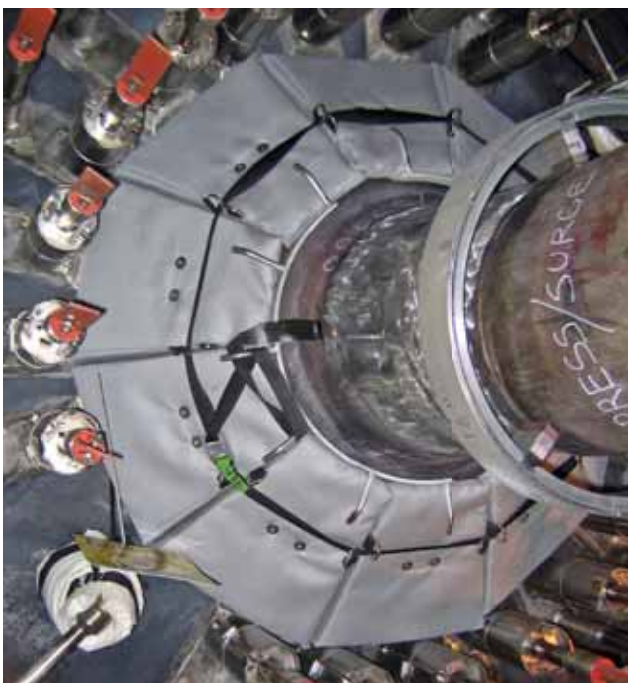


...collaborating with the nuclear industry to protect people and the environment.

NUCLEAR POWER OUTFITTERS
a subsidiary of eichrom



NPO Products



Installation time/cost ∴ dose
reduction ∴ lifecycle cost

- Shielding Materials of Construction
 - Lead
 - Tungsten
 - Steel
 - Water
 - Composites/ Laminates
 - High Temperature

Relative Thickness (approx.) of Gamma Shielding Materials (centimeter)

“Rule-of-Thumb”
% Gamma Transmission Impact from shielding/typical ave. shut down Gamma Energy of 0.9 MeV

<u>Water</u>	<u>Steel</u>	<u>Tungsten (solid)</u>	<u>NPO’s “T-Flex”</u>	<u>Lead (solid)</u>	<u>Lead Blanket Layers (15#)</u>	% Gamma Transmission Impact from shielding/typical ave. shut down Gamma Energy of 0.9 MeV
8 cm	1.3 cm	0.5 cm	1.0 cm	0.6 cm	1 (0.73kg/100cm ²)	55% to 60%
10 cm	1.6 cm	0.6 cm	1.3 cm	0.9 cm	1 - 1/2	45% to 50%
14 cm	2 cm	0.8 cm	1.6 cm	1.1 cm	2	35% to 40%
18 cm	2.7 cm	1.1 cm	2.2 cm	1.5 cm	2 - 1/2	25% to 30%
30 cm	4.5 cm	1.8 cm	3.5 cm	2.5 cm	4	10% to 15%
35 cm	5.1 cm	2.1 cm	4.2 cm	3 cm	5	< 10%

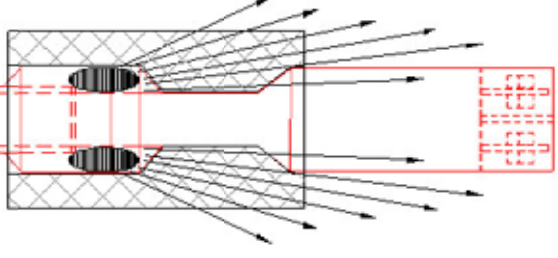
Measured Vs. Calculated Co-60 Attenuation

	1" cpm measured	Attenuation Measured %	Attenuation % Calculated at 1332 KeV	Attenuation % Calculated at 1173 KeV
No Shielding	67,500	N/A	N/A	N/A
1/4" Pb Sheet	43,500	35.6%	33%	36%
T-Flex 7/16"	46,000	31.9%	34%	36%
15 # Pb Blanket	43,500	35.6%	33%	36%

Shielding Considerations

- Shielding Placement in line with maximum source term (molded to fit specific components)
- Installation and removal time critical
- Weight of individual shields sized to not exceed worker lifting capacity (integral hooks, cinch straps)
- Use of rack systems designed for shielding
- Use of Lattice Swivel Hook Systems for multi-tiered lead blankets
- Water tight storage containers for placement inside containment
- Track systems developed for easy transport of shielding when and where needed

Effectiveness::Positioning



NPO

Installation Time :: Dose



Integral
End-caps



ALARA Initiatives Saving Exposure

- Moldable lower cost siliconized tungsten iron blend
- 35 minute installation time on letdown piping (14 feet tall)
- No need to remove insulation
- Dose reduced from 900 mR to 135 mR



One 2 Meter Long Blanket = Two 1 Meter Blankets

Unless you are carrying them!

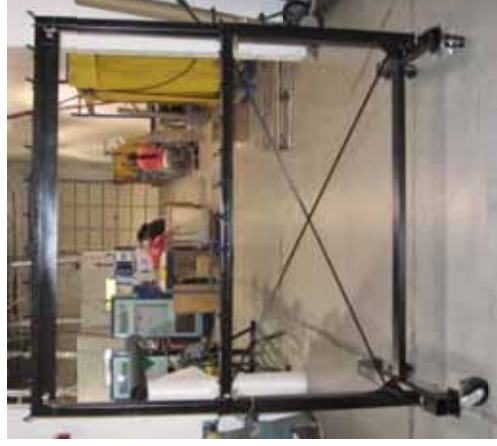
Integral Hook system for end-to-end connection of lead blankets.



Flexible Designs :: Optimum Shielding Placement

LINKABLE MOBILE RACKS, INCLUDING TELESCOPING

- SINGLE AND DOUBLE TIERED, LENGTHS 3', 4' AND 6'
- ALL CONSTRUCTED FOR THREE LAYERS OF BLANKETS PER SIDE
- DIFFERING LEG HEIGHTS PERMITS "L" SHAPED SHIELD WALLS
- ALL LEGS INCLUDE PROVISIONS FOR OUTRIGGERS (OPTIONAL)
- TELESCOPING SINGLE AND MULTI-TIERED MOBILE RACKS ARE AVAILABLE



No Floor :: No Problem

Lattice Swivel Hook Systems
Create multi-tiered lead blanket support.
Will be self supporting on vertical piping (bare pipe
8" and larger



CONTAINERS OF ALL TYPES SPECIFICALLY DESIGNED FOR THE APPLICATION



FABRICATED FROM EPOXY COATED STEEL OR ALL STAINLESS STEEL..AS SHOWN ABOVE. TYPICAL CAPACITIES OF 7,000+ POUNDS AND STACKABLE TO THREE HIGH. DESIGN PERMITS SECURING OF CONTAINER TO EXISTING STRUCTURE FOR IN CON-TAINMENT APPLICATIONS. OPTIONAL LIGHT WEIGHT ALUMINUM COVER (ABOVE).

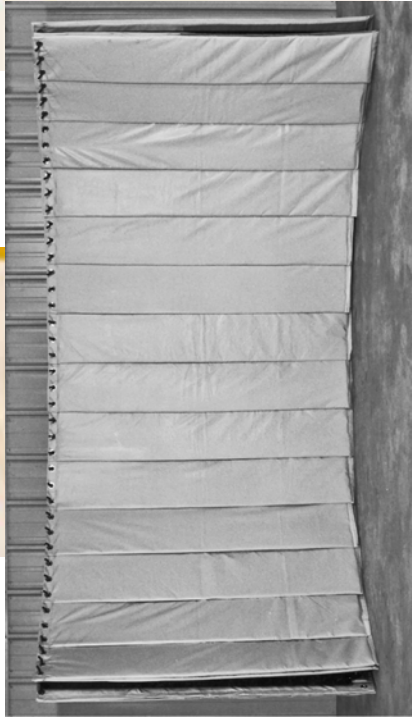


REMOVABLE SIDE PANELS
•PANELS SLIDE IN AND DOWN OVER FASTENERS THROUGH KEY HOLE SLOTS.
•ALL ENDS AND COVER ARE REMOVABLE
•FASTENERS ARE CAPTURED.



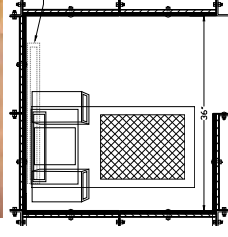
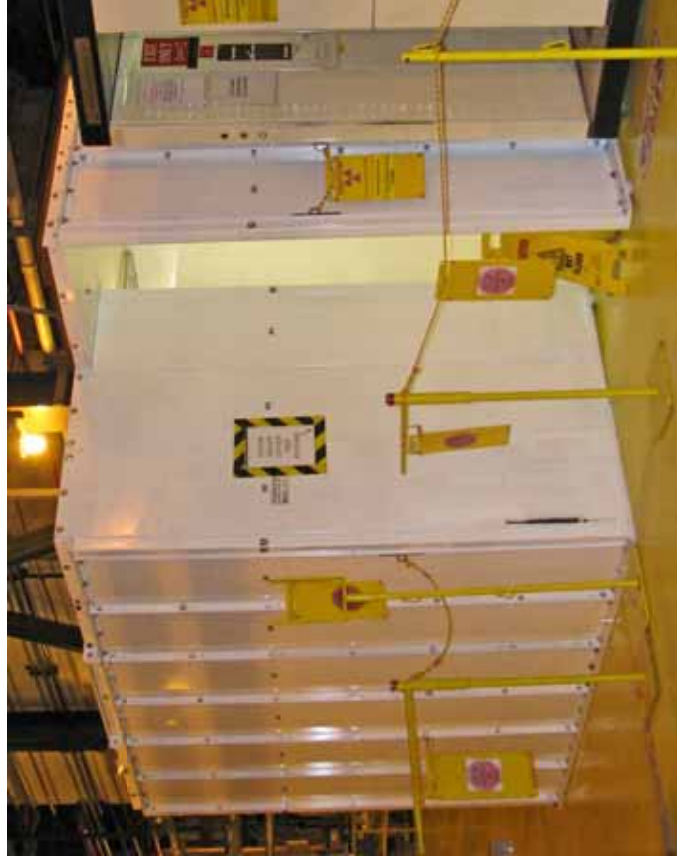
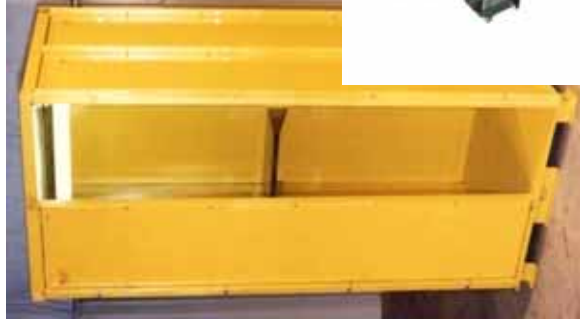
Utilizing our lead blankets better!

NPO's Mobile Frisker/Low Dose
Waiting/Rest Area Booth System



Specialized Shielding Systems

Frisker Booths, PCM Booths and Hand and Foot Monitor Booths

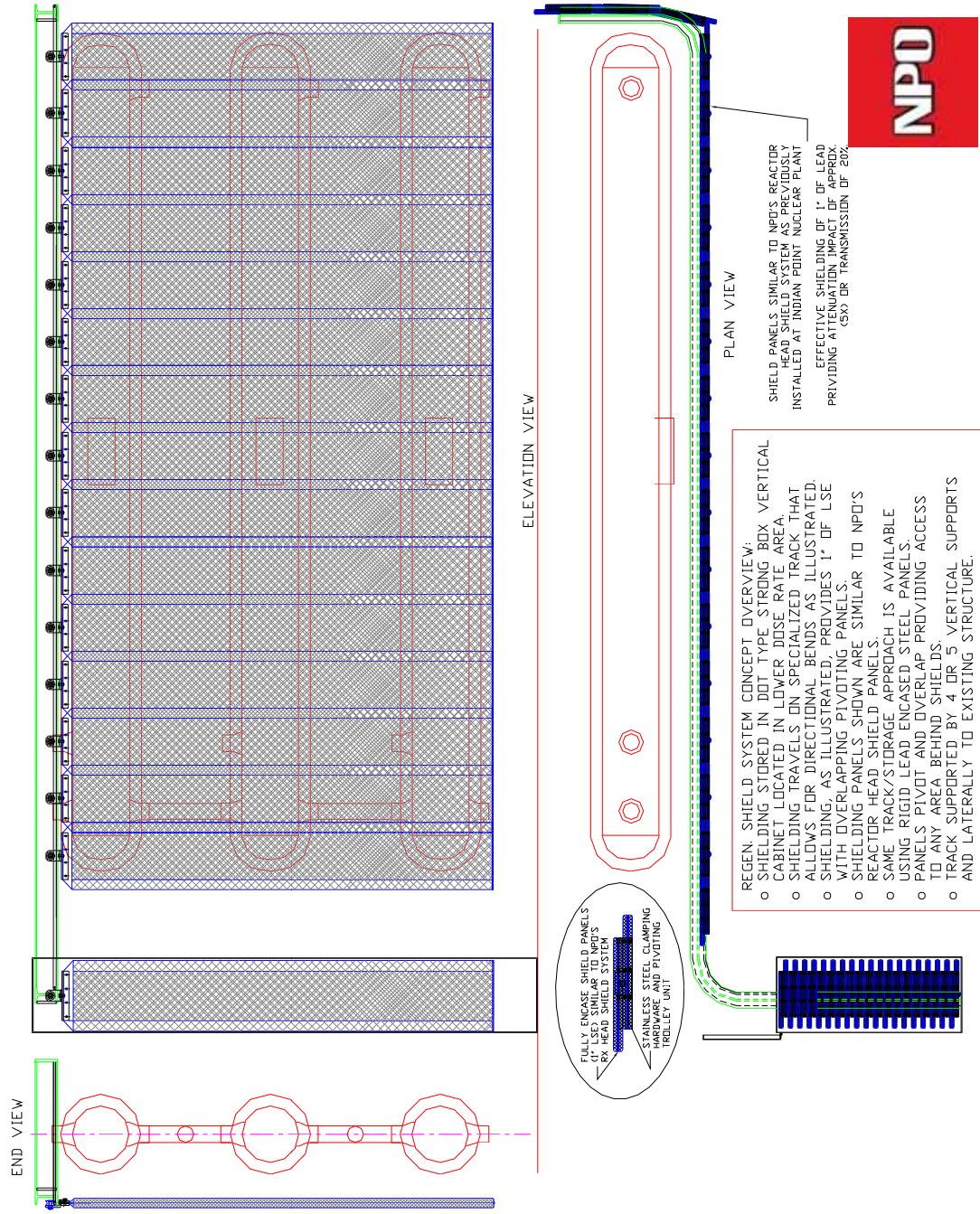


NPO's low profile and flexible track system

Application of Track Systems for Reduced installation time and dose. Permanent Storage of conventional shielding materials in containment.

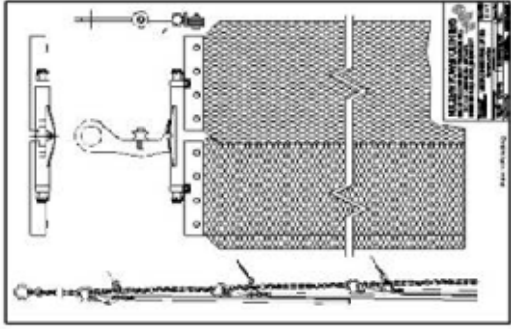
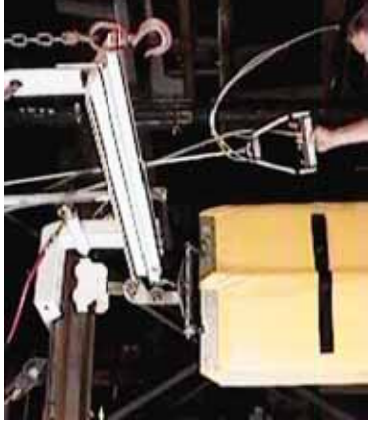


NPO's low profile and flexible track system, Regen. HX Application



Specialized Shielding Systems

NPO's Reactor Head Shield System for PWRs



Summary

- Recognized Worldwide, Eichrom and NPO deliver solutions tailored to your specific applications
- Solutions built from a combined 50 years of nuclear experience in collaboration with you
- We invite you to participate in the next era of successful ALARA solutions