

# RRMC – Santa Fe, NM

## $^{203}\text{Pb}/^{212}\text{Pb}$ Theranostics for Cancer

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# Disclosures

Michael K Schultz PhD is Chief Science Officer, Viewpoint Molecular Targeting, Inc.



**VIEWPOINT**  
molecular targeting

No drugs presented are FDA approved.

Michael K Schultz has been selected as Best Dad Ever, 2018.

Selection Committee



# $^{203}\text{Pb}/^{212}\text{Pb}$ Theranostics for Cancer

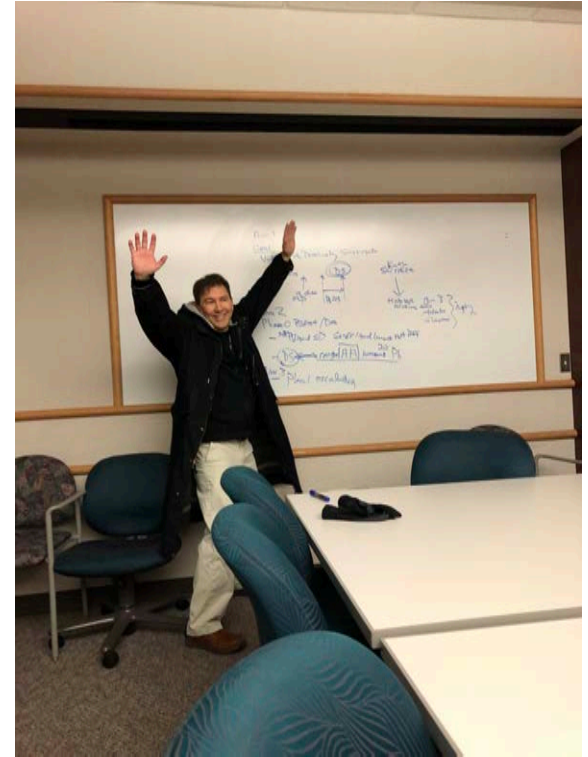
- Theranostics
- Rationale for  $\alpha$ -particle therapy (vs  $\beta$ )
- Radionuclides for  $\alpha$ -particle therapy
- $^{203}\text{Pb}/^{212}\text{Pb}$  based theranostics
- Preclinical imaging/therapy
- Production Chemistry
- Summary – promise and challenges

# Theranostic Concepts



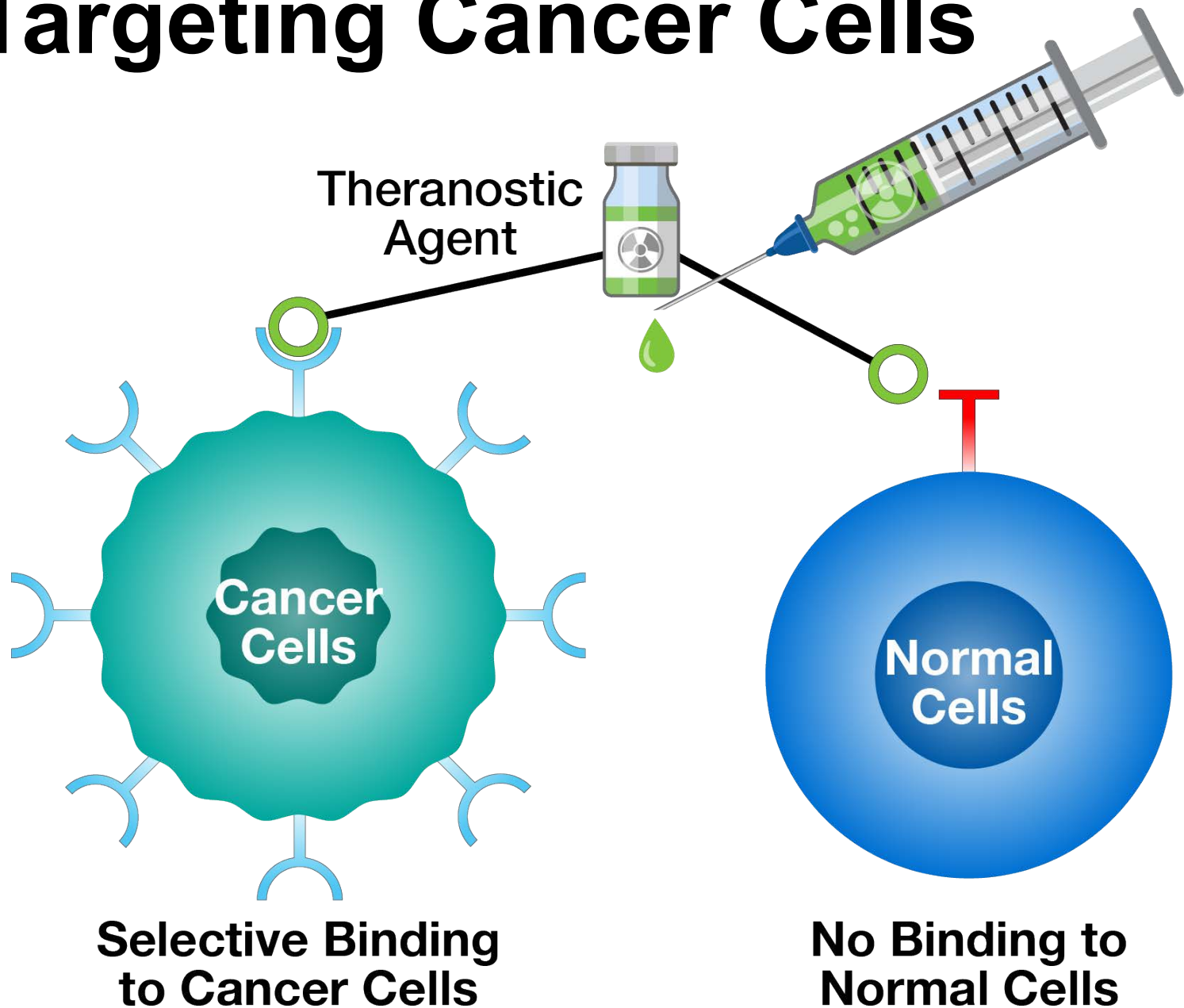
Combination of two words:

- **Therapeutic** + **Diagnostic**
- Sometimes referred to as Therag**no**stics and “*Diap**e**utics.*”
- Use of molecules that are labeled with radioactive atoms to identify cancer; and use the same molecule (or very closely related) to treat the cancer.

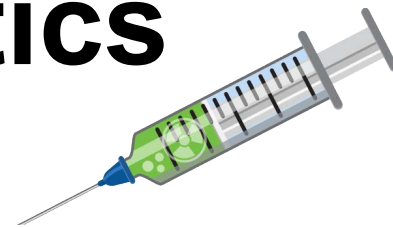


Enthusiasm about  $\alpha$

# 🎯 Targeting Cancer Cells



# Designing Theranostics



1. Target

2. Ligand

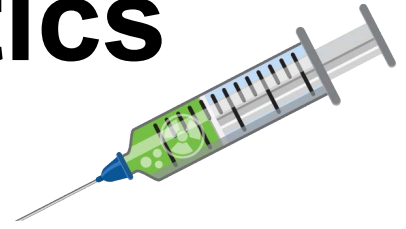
3. Radiation  
Cage

*Binding*

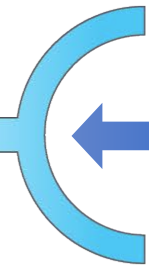
Biochemistry | Chemistry | Radiochemistry



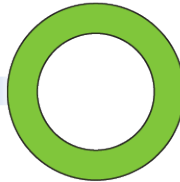
# Designing Theranostics



Target



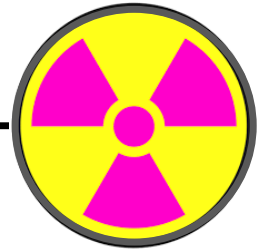
*Binding*



Ligand



Diagnostic  
atom

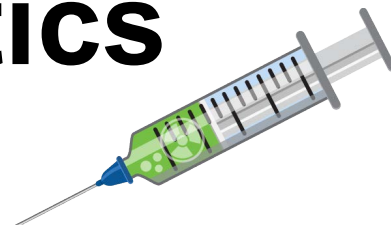


Gamma  
Rays

PET scans  
SPECT scans

Biochemistry | Chemistry | Radiochemistry

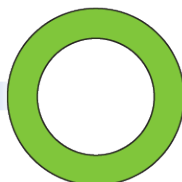
# Designing Theranostics



Target



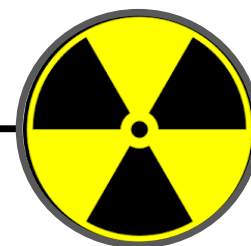
*Binding*



Ligand



Therapeutic  
atom

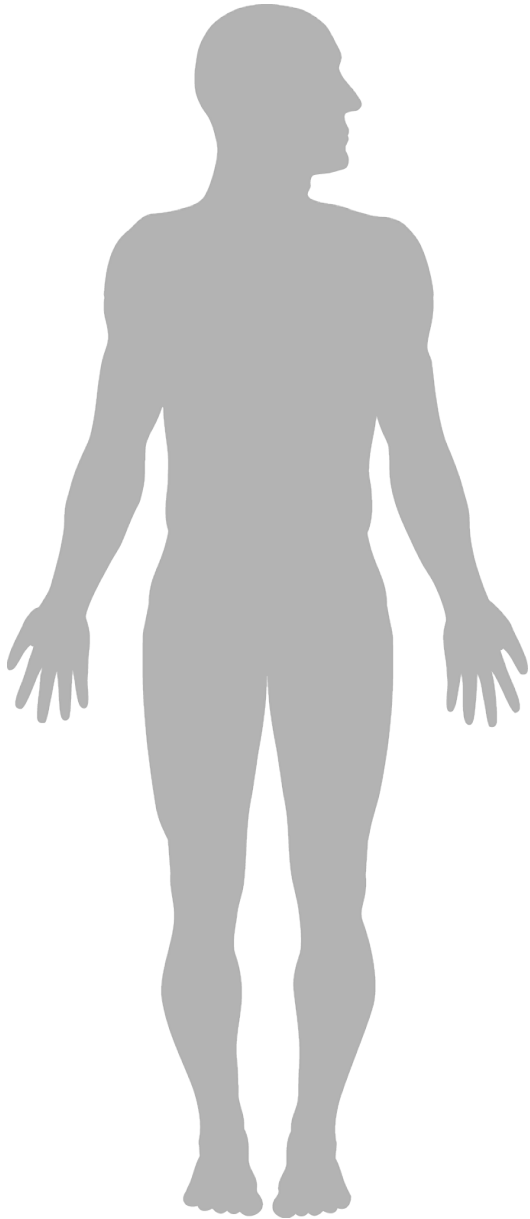


Alpha-  
Beta  
particles

Biochemistry | Chemistry | Radiochemistry

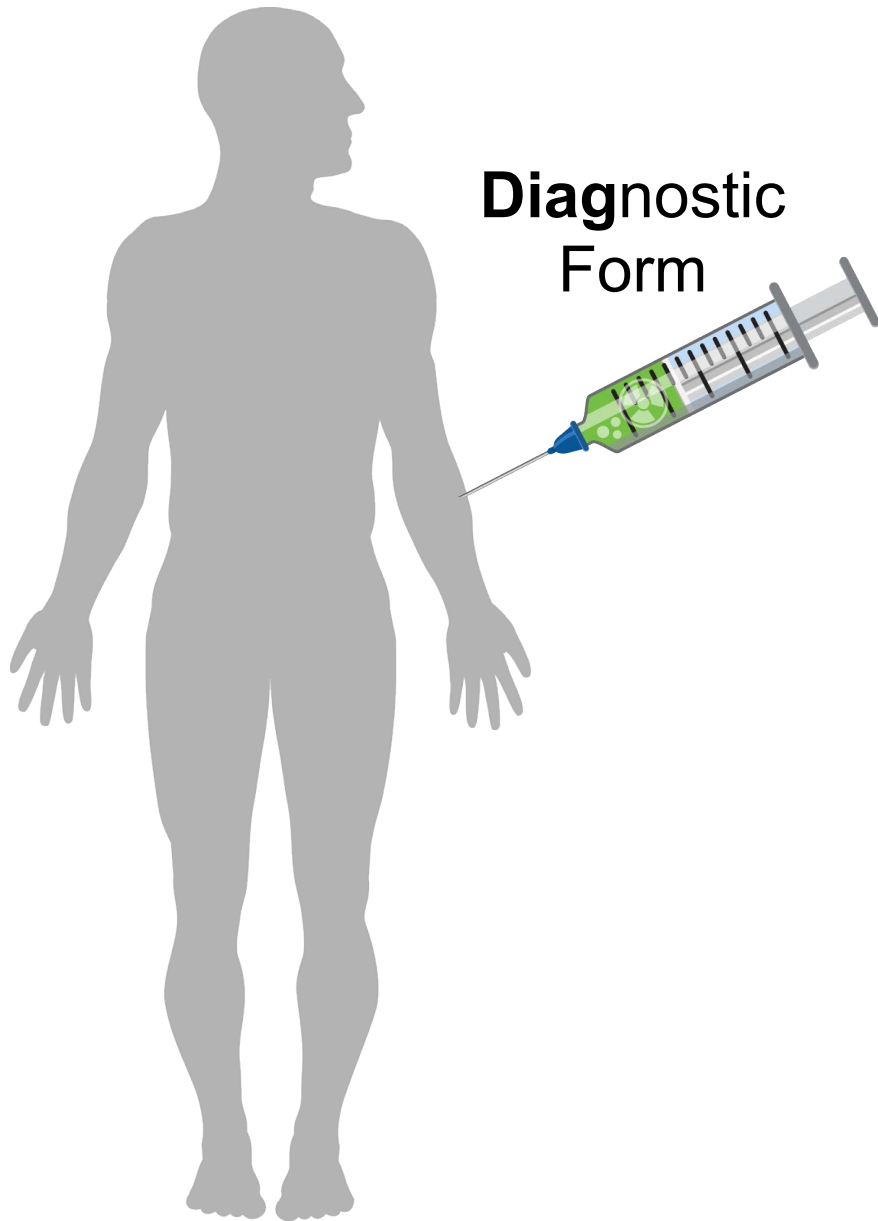


# Theranostics – Patient Care



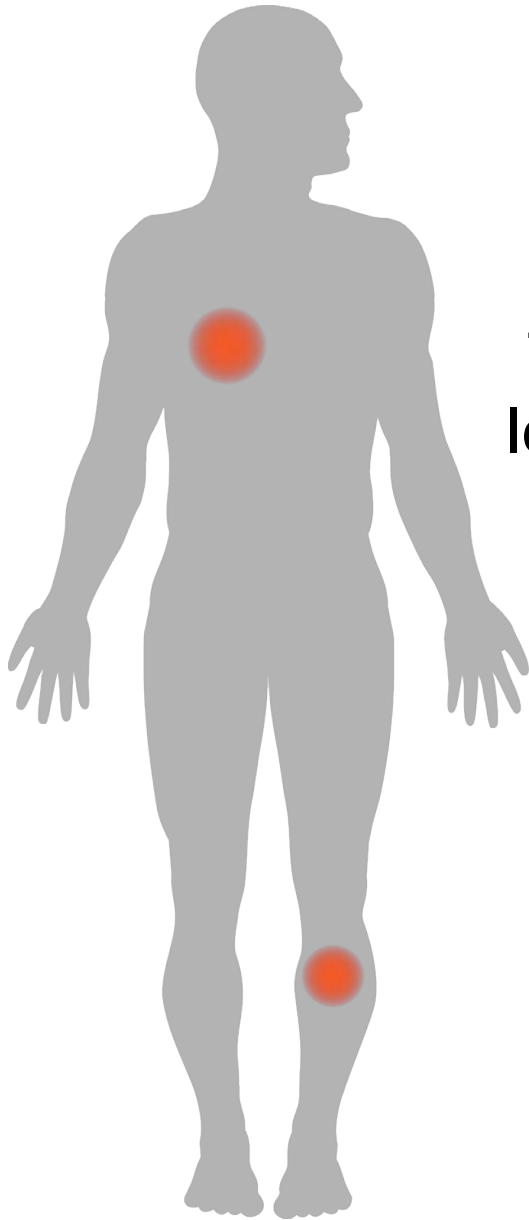
- Patient presents with symptoms or other tests that indicate a particular cancer.

# Theranostics – Patient Care



- Patient presents with symptoms or other tests that indicate a particular cancer.
- Patient is injected with the diagnostic form.
- A medical scan is performed after a time for accumulation in the tumors.
- A dose plan is made by doctors.

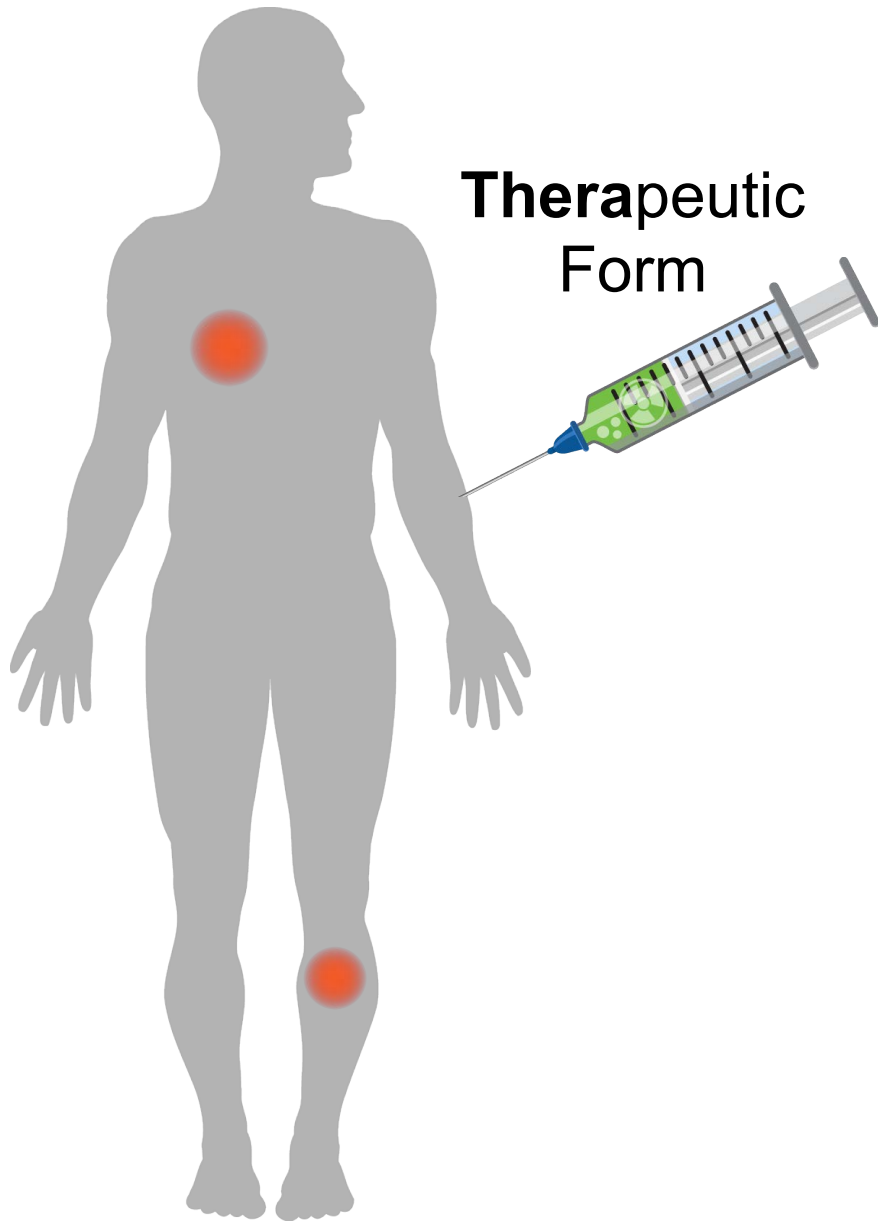
# Theranostics – Patient Care



Tumors  
Identified

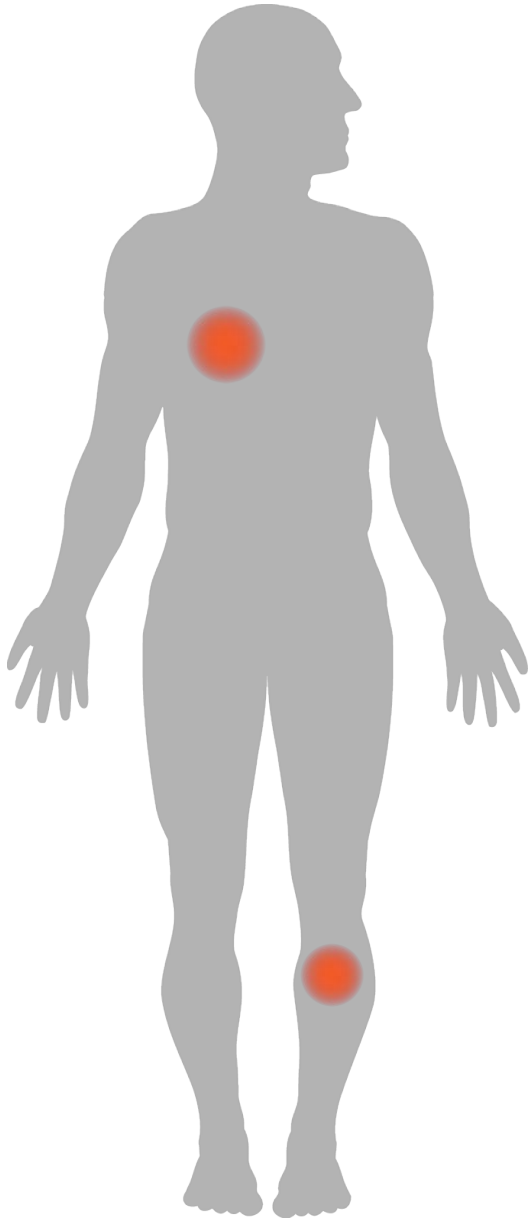
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# Theranostics – Patient Care



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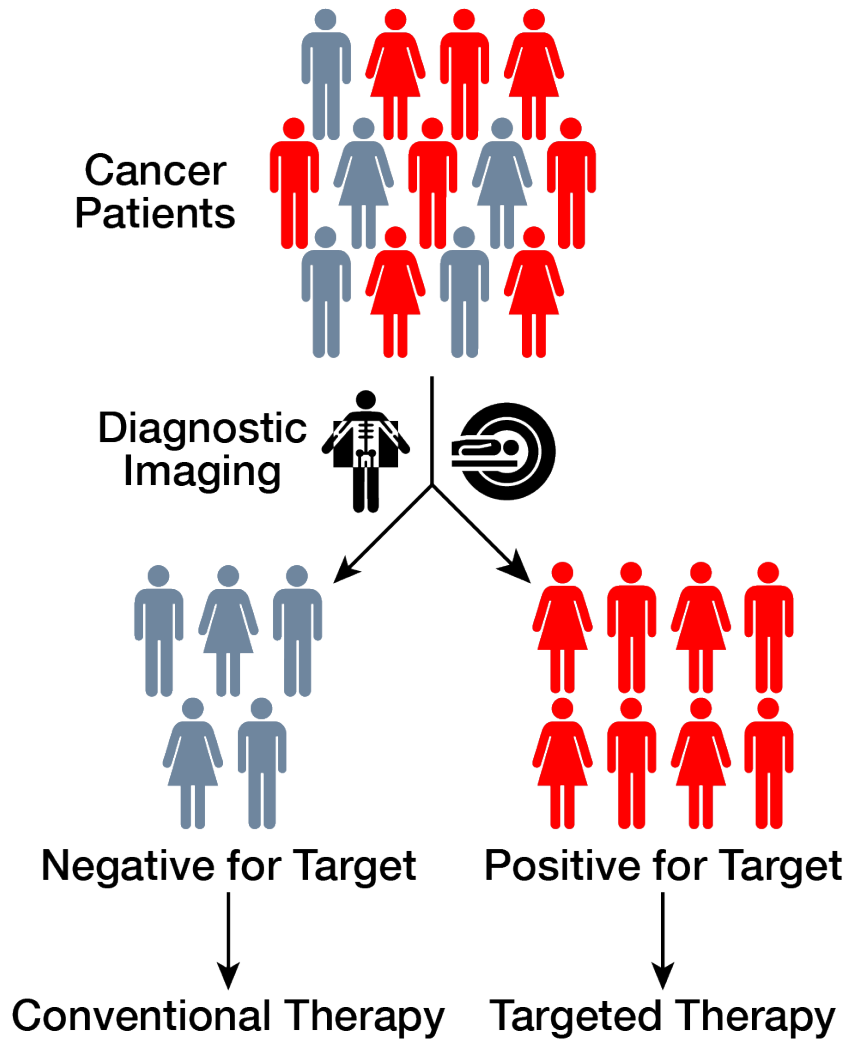
# Theranostics – Patient Care



- Patient presents with symptoms or other tests that indicate a particular cancer.
- Patient is injected with the diagnostic form.
- A medical scan is performed after a time for accumulation in the tumors.
- A dose plan is made by doctors.
- Patient is treated with the therapeutic form.
- Response can be monitored with diagnostic form.

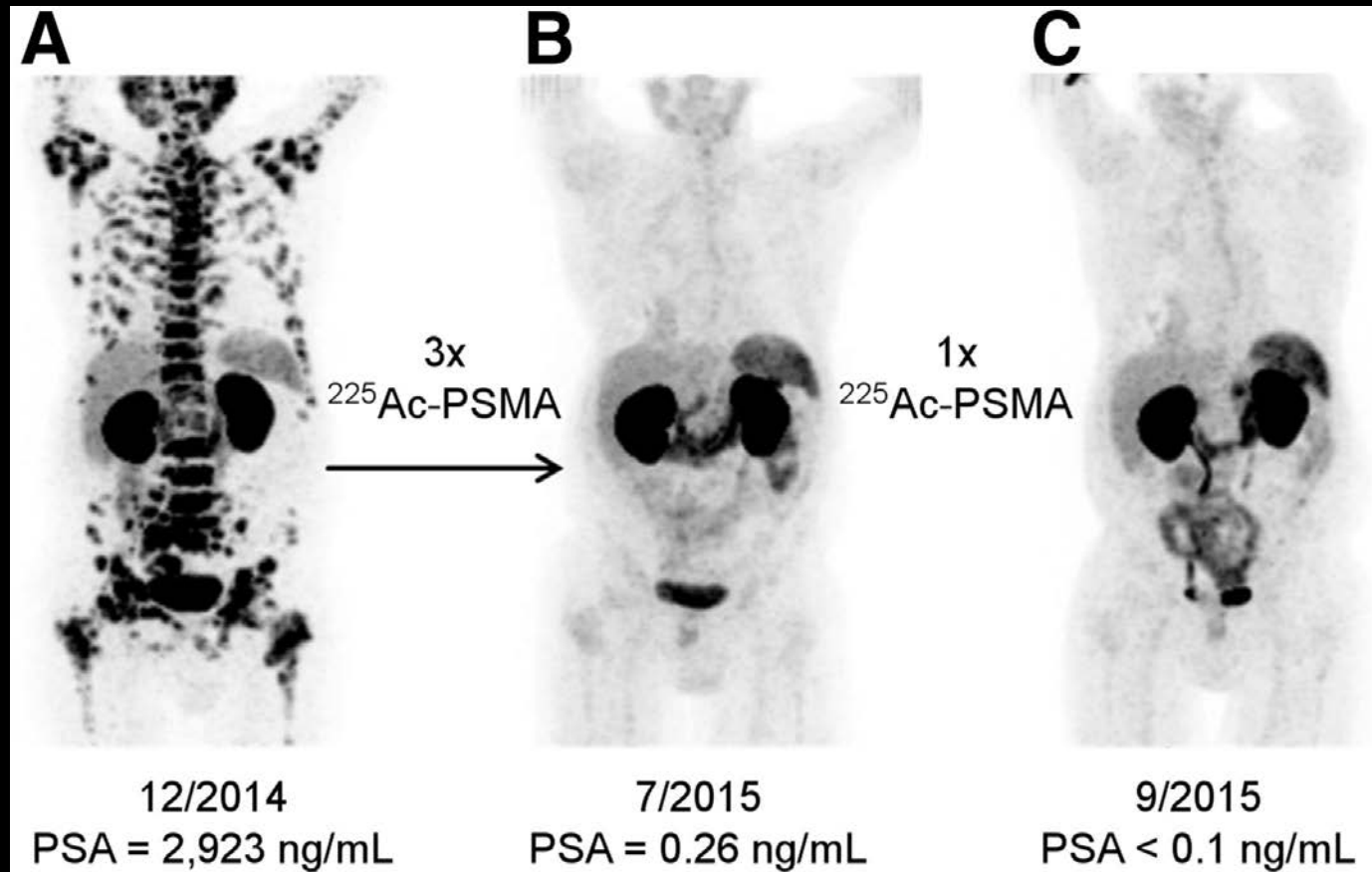


# Value of Theranostics



- **Diagnostic** can be used to select patients for **therapeutic** clinical trials.
- **Diagnostic** can be used to develop a plan for the **therapeutic** dose.
- Particularly useful early in the clinical phase of development

# Why pursue alpha particle vs beta particle therapy?

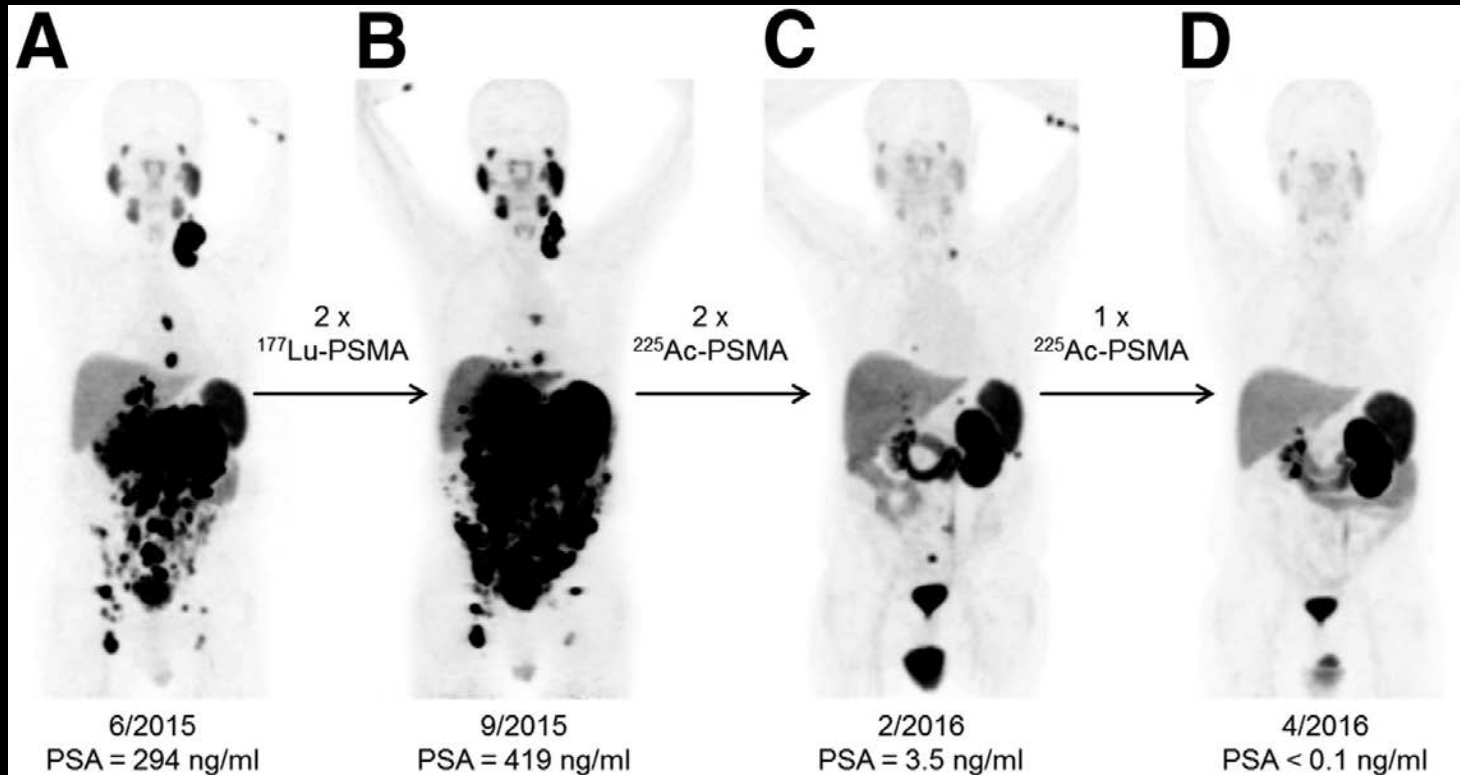


$^{68}\text{Ga-PSMA-11}$  PET/CT scans of patient A. Pretherapeutic tumor spread (A), restaging 2 mo after third cycle of  $^{225}\text{Ac-PSMA-617}$  (B), and restaging 2 mo after one additional consolidation therapy (C). Clemens Kratochwil *et al.* J Nucl Med 2016;57:1941-1944

# Why pursue alpha particle therapy?

Progression after beta particle therapy.

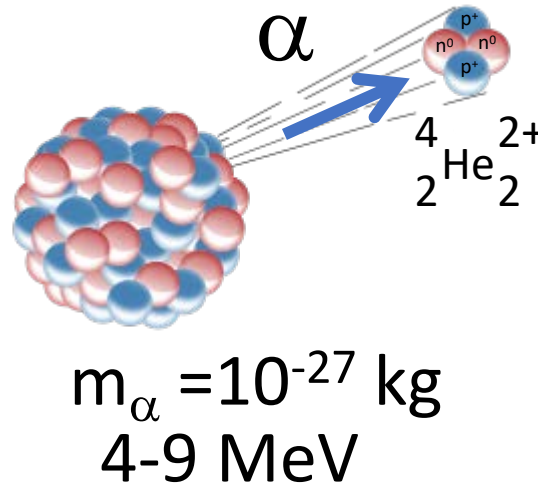
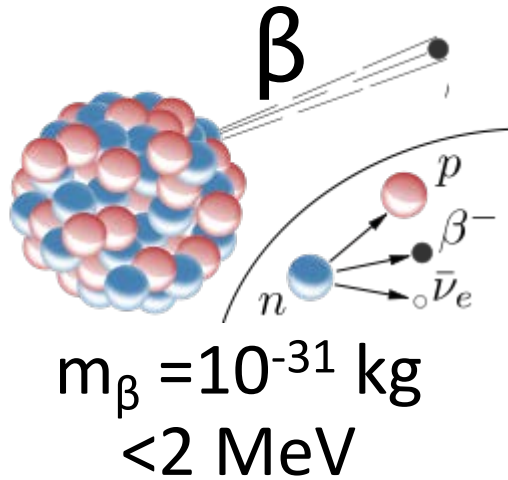
Virtual complete response to alpha therapy.



$^{68}\text{Ga-PSMA-11}$  PET/CT scans of patient B. In comparison to initial tumor spread (A), restaging after 2 cycles of  $\beta$ -emitting  $^{177}\text{Lu-PSMA-617}$  presented progression (B). Kratochwil *et al.* J Nucl Med 2016;57:1941-1944



# $\alpha$ vs $\beta$ particle properties



- (1) Massive
- (2) High Energy
- (3) High LET
- (3) DS DNA breaks

## **Falzone *et al.*, *Theranostics*, 2018**

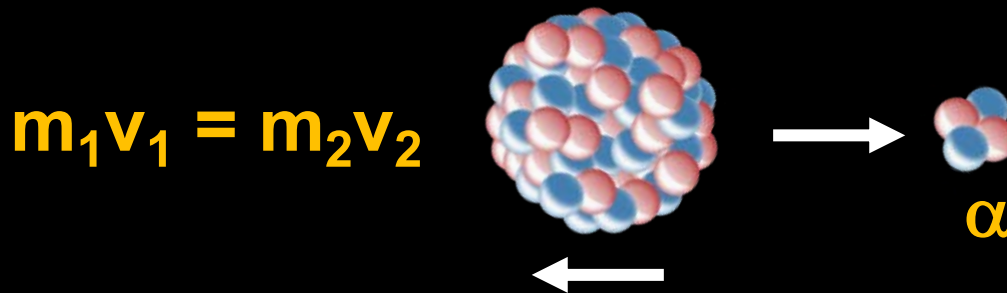
- Modeled RBE of  ${}^{212}\text{Pb}$  vs  ${}^{177}\text{Lu}$
- ${}^{212}\text{Pb}$  may be more effective in short range

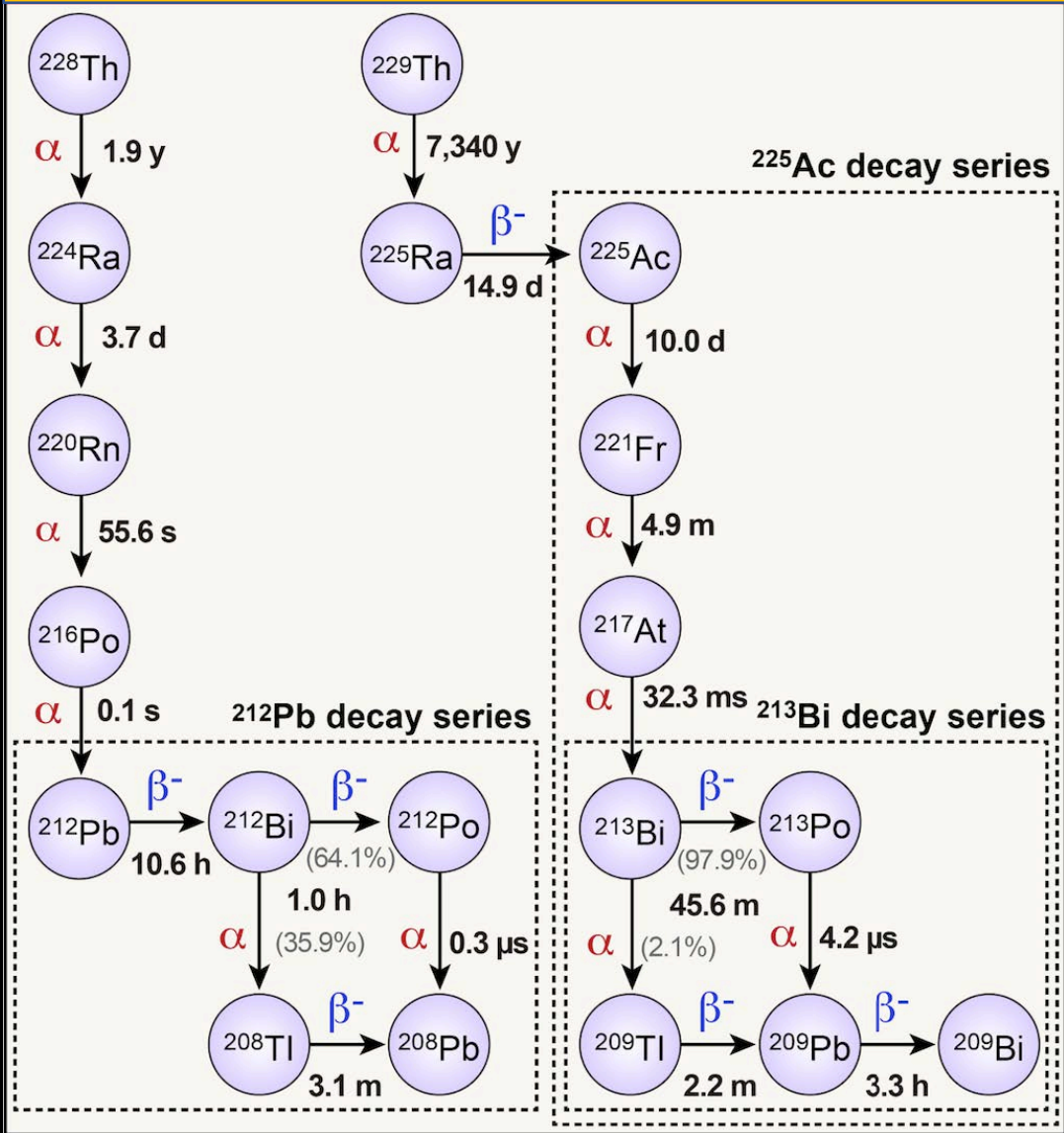
## **Lee *et al.*, *Radiation Research*, 2018**

- Depth-dose distributions  ${}^{212}\text{Pb}$  vs  ${}^{225}\text{Ac}$
- Internalization improves RBE

# Promising $\alpha$ -Emitter “Series”

- Actinium-225 (Ac-225,  $^{225}\text{Ac}$ ) 10 d
- Lead-212 (Pb-212,  $^{212}\text{Pb}$ ) 11 h
- Thorium-227 (Th-227,  $^{227}\text{Th}$ ) 18 d
- Radium-223 (Ra-223,  $^{223}\text{Ra}$ ) 11 d
- Astatine-211 (At-211,  $^{211}\text{At}$ ) 7 h





# Ac vs Pb



## Actinium-225

- $T_{1/2} = 10$  d (5  $\alpha$ 's)
- Central prod./distr.
- Capacity? Impurity?
- Fast daughter ingrowth
- mAbs (biological  $T_{1/2}$ )
- "Stable" Bi endproduct
- No matching imaging isotope

## Lead-212

- $T_{1/2} = 11$  h (2  $\alpha$ 's)
- 224Ra Generator ( $T_{1/2} = 3.7$  d)
- Slower daughter ingrowth
- Peptides, small molecules
- 212Bi generator possible
- Stable Pb endproduct
- 203Pb elementally matched

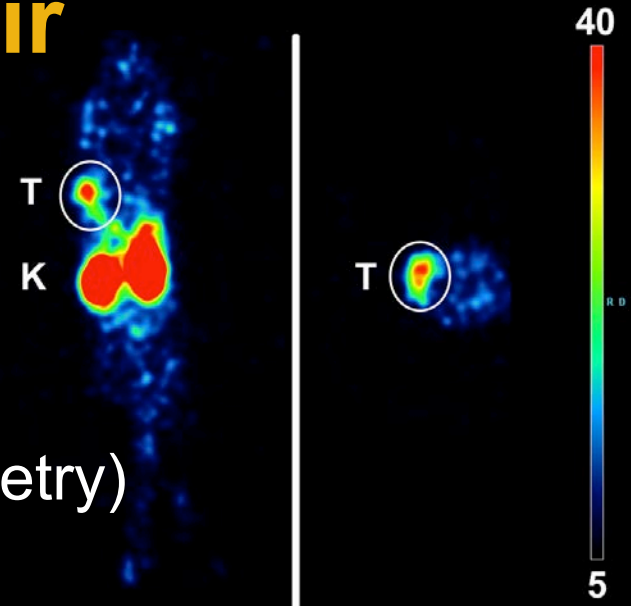
# $^{203}\text{Pb}/^{212}\text{Pb}$ Theranostic Pair

- $^{203}\text{Pb}$  – diag**n**ostic

$^{203}\text{Pb} \rightarrow ^{203}\text{Tl}$  (EC; stable)

279 keV gamma (SPECT;  $I = 81\%$ )

$T_{1/2} = 52$  h (patient selection and dosimetry)



- $^{212}\text{Pb}$  – thera**p**eutic

$^{212}\text{Pb} \rightarrow ^{212}\text{Bi}$  ( $\beta$ ;  $I = 100\%$ )

Two  $\alpha$ 's in “series” ( $^{212}\text{Bi}$  and  $^{212}\text{Po}$ )

$T_{1/2} = 11$  h (peptides, small molecules, faB's, RNA aptamers)

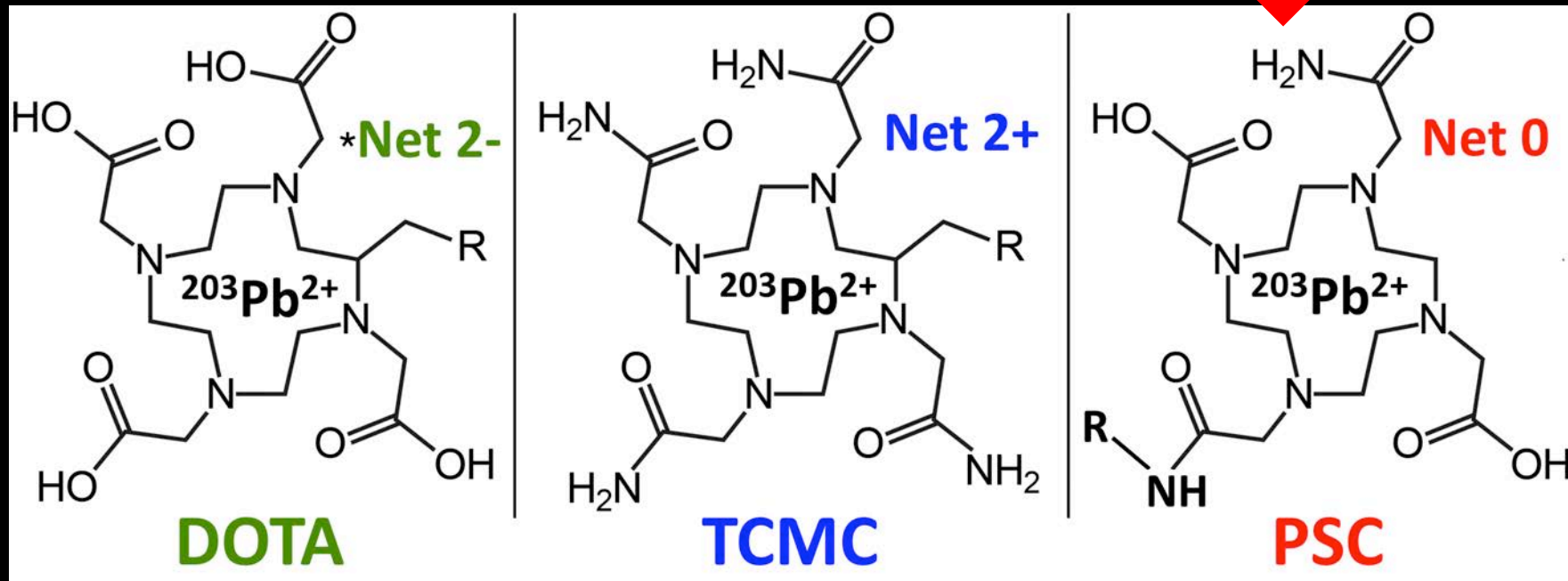
Energy (keV)	End-point energy (keV)	Intensity (%)
41.1 6	154.6 19	5.08 % 9
93.5 7	331.3 19	83.1 % 16
171.7 7	569.9 19	11.9 % 16

Li et al., 2017 *Appl. Rad. Isot.*

Identical chemistry

# 212/203Pb Chelators

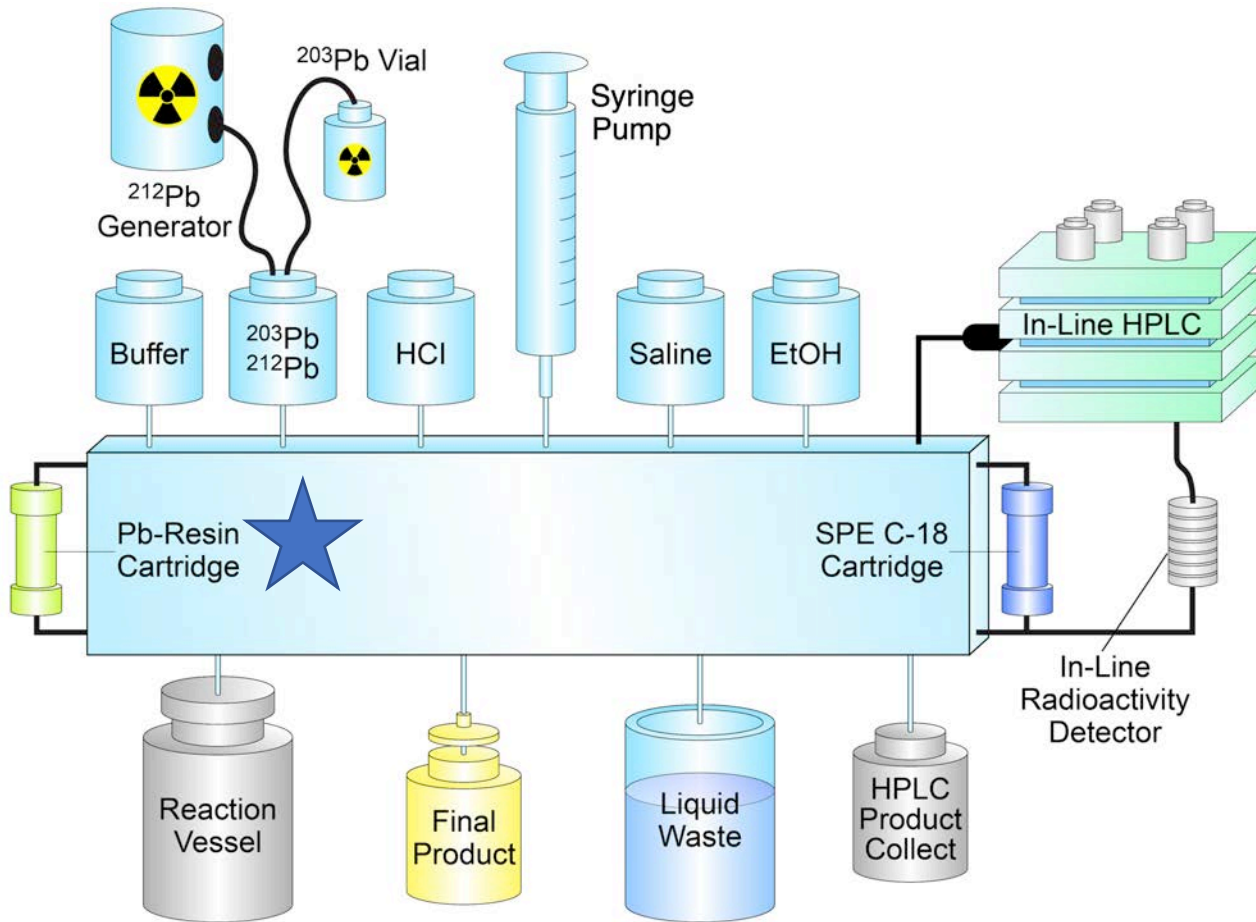
Iowa



Commercially Available



# 203/212Pb Radiopharmaceutical Production



## Specifications

1. Full Automated
2. Single use cassettes
3. Sterile
4. Pyrogen free
5. Radiochemical Purity
6. Radionuclidic Purity
7. Rapid
8. Reproducible
9.  $^{203}\text{Pb}$  and  $^{212}\text{Pb}$

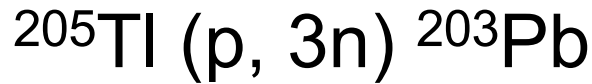
MLPT System

Li *et al.*, 2017 ARI

# $^{203}\text{Pb}$ Cyclotron Production/Purification

## • $^{203}\text{Pb}$ – Production/Impurities

25 MeV



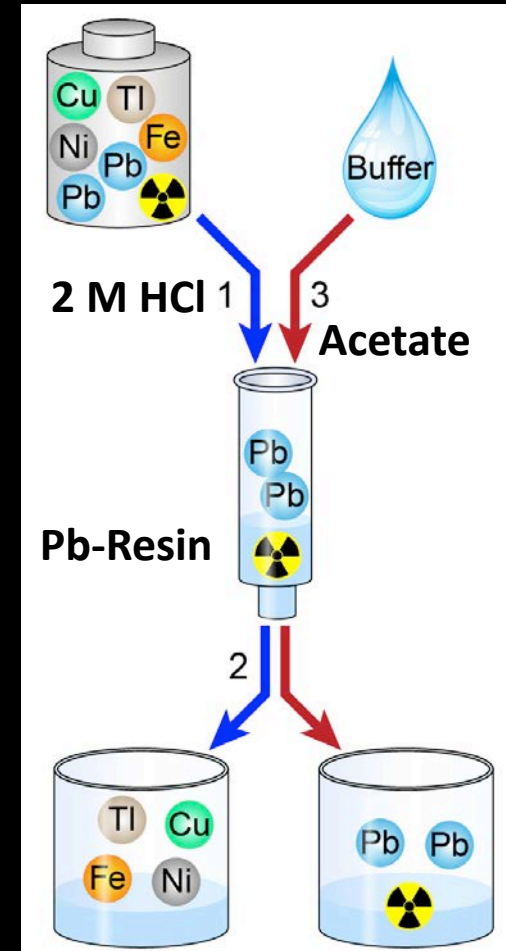
$^{203}\text{Tl} (p, 3n) ^{201}\text{Pb}$  ( $T_{1/2} = 9.33$  hours; 90 h hold)

$^{205}\text{Tl} (p, 2n) ^{204m}\text{Pb}$  ( $T_{1/2} = 1.12$  hours)

$^{203}\text{Pb}$  ( $T_{1/2} = 51.92$  hours)  $\rightarrow$   $^{203}\text{Tl}$  Stable

$^{201}\text{Pb}$  ( $T_{1/2} = 9.33$  hours)  $\rightarrow$   $^{201}\text{Tl}$  ( $T_{1/2} = 72.91$  hours)

$^{204m}\text{Pb}$  ( $T_{1/2} = 1.12$  hours)  $\rightarrow$   $^{204}\text{Pb}$  Stable  
(small, optimizing)

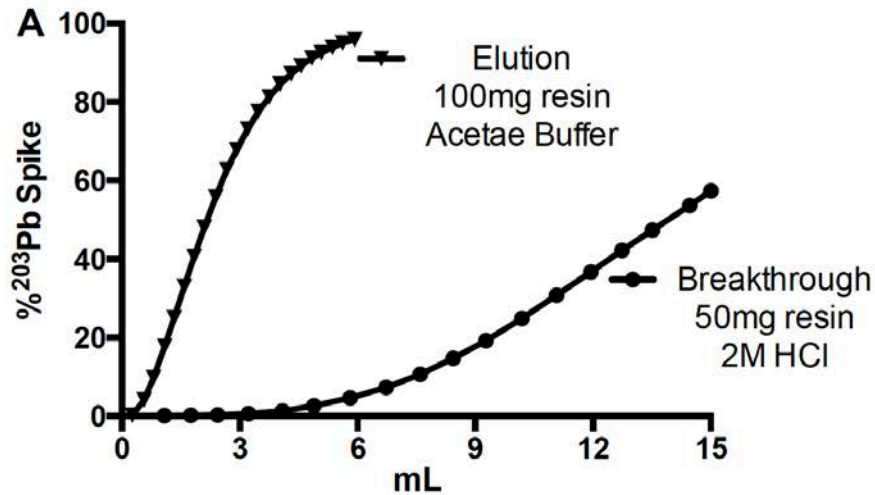


Lantheus Medical Imaging

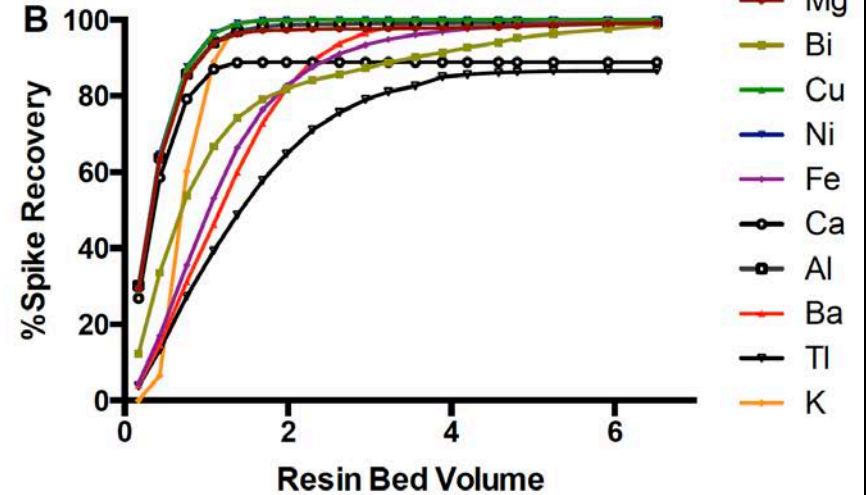
Li et al., 2017 Appl. Rad. Isot.

# 203/212Pb Purification

## Rapid Elution



## Removal of impurities



Manageable Pb breakthrough

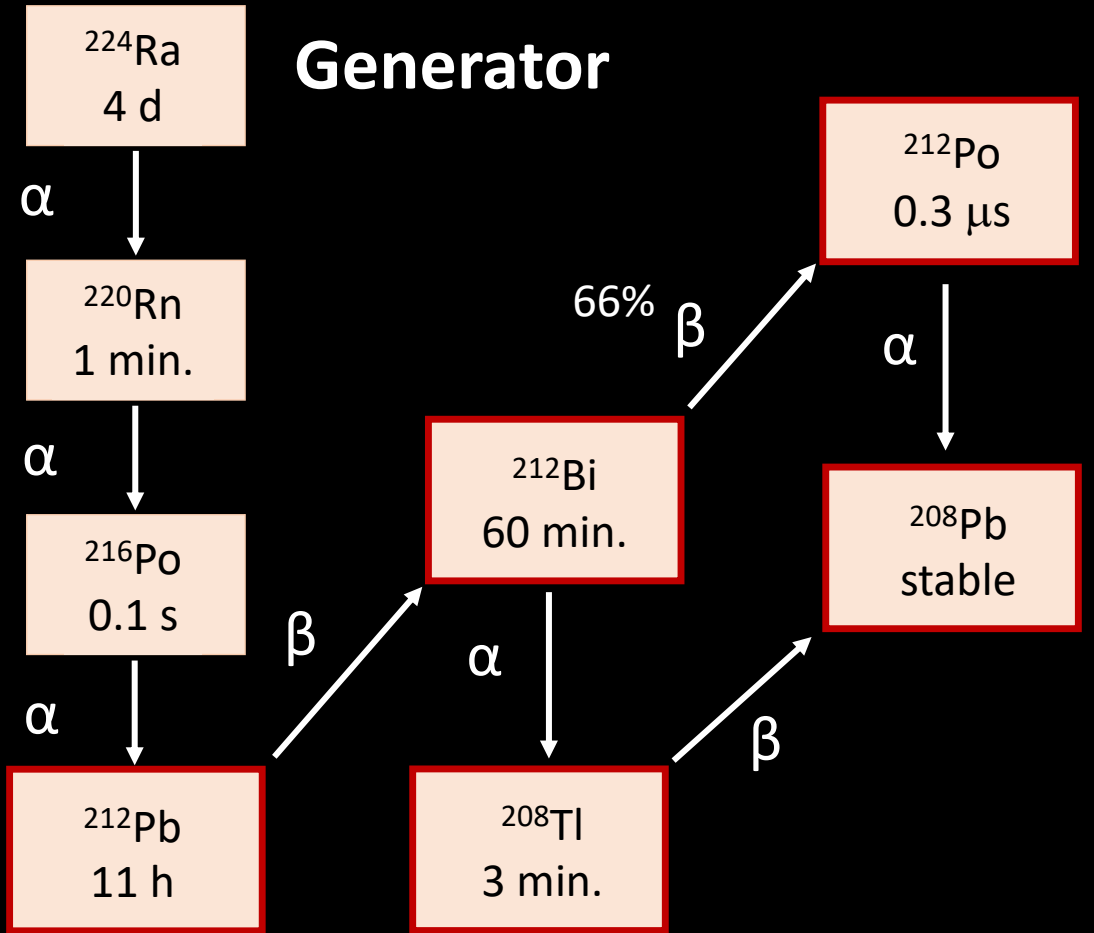
Li et al., ARI 2017



$^{228}\text{Th}$   
2 y

# $^{212}\text{Pb}$ Production/Decay

## Generator



$^{212}\text{Pb}$  Decay Series  
Injected drug.

## Process Basics

1. Ra-224 Generator Shipped.
2. Pb-212 Eluted from Generator.
3. Pb-212 Chelated to Ligand.
4. Pb-212 labeled ligand injected.

Potential: 2  $\alpha$  + 3  $\beta$

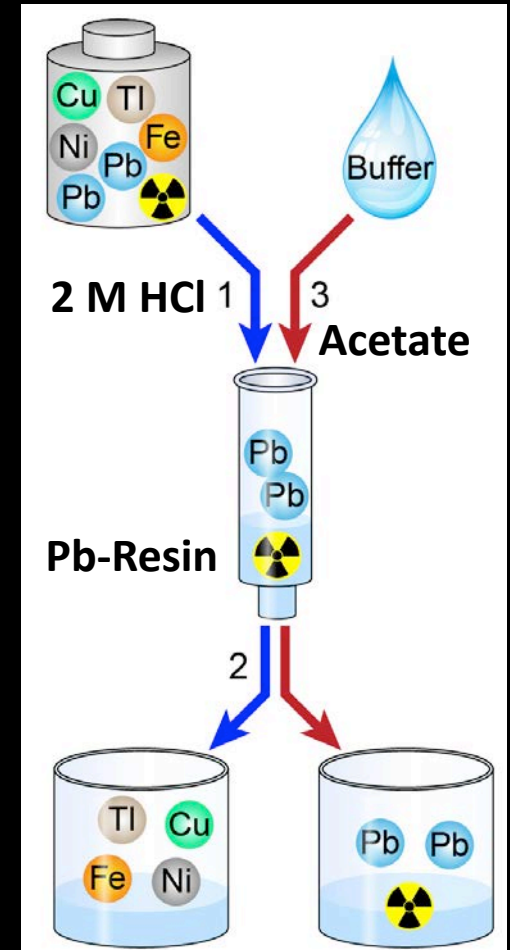
*Li et al., 2017 Appl. Rad. Isot.*

# $^{212}\text{Pb}$ Production/Purification

- Generators (ORNL; Orano Med)

## Impurities

- Metals (Fe, Ni, Cu, Tl, Ba, Pb)
  - ✓ Purification Pb-resin (Eichrom Technologies)
- Radionuclides
  - ✓ Th-228/232, Ra-224, U-232, actinides  $\alpha$ -spec. (<MDA)
  - ✓ Ra-224 breakthrough (<MDA)



Li et al., 2017 *Appl. Rad. Isot.*

# Image-guided therapy for cancer

- Metastatic melanoma

Cancer of the skin

Melanoma is fastest growing cancer incidence in the US

Most diagnosed cancer in young adults under 30 years

Very poor prognosis for metastatic disease

**Target: Melanocortin subtype 1 receptor (MC1R)**

- Neuroendocrine tumors

Enigmatic cancer of the endocrine system

Poor prognosis

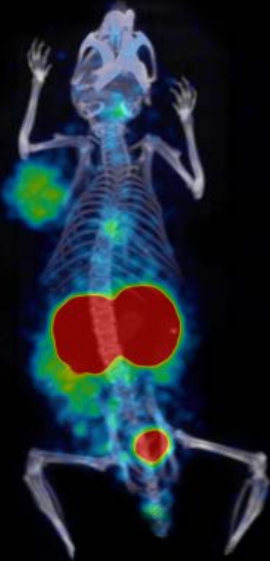
Current therapies are largely palliative

**Target: somatostatin subtype 2 receptor (SST2R)**

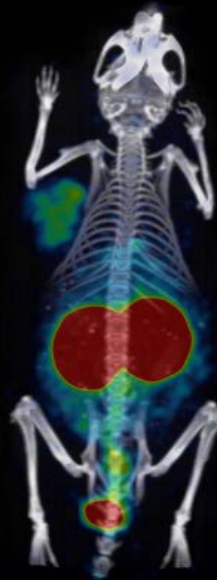
# $^{203}\text{Pb}$ SPECT/CT (SST2R+ models)

## $[^{203}\text{Pb}]$ DOTATOC SPECT

A

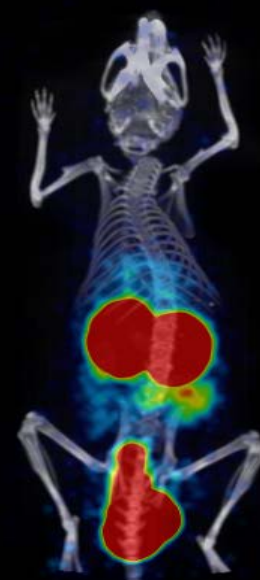


BON-1



IMR-32

B



IMR-32 Blocking

50



0

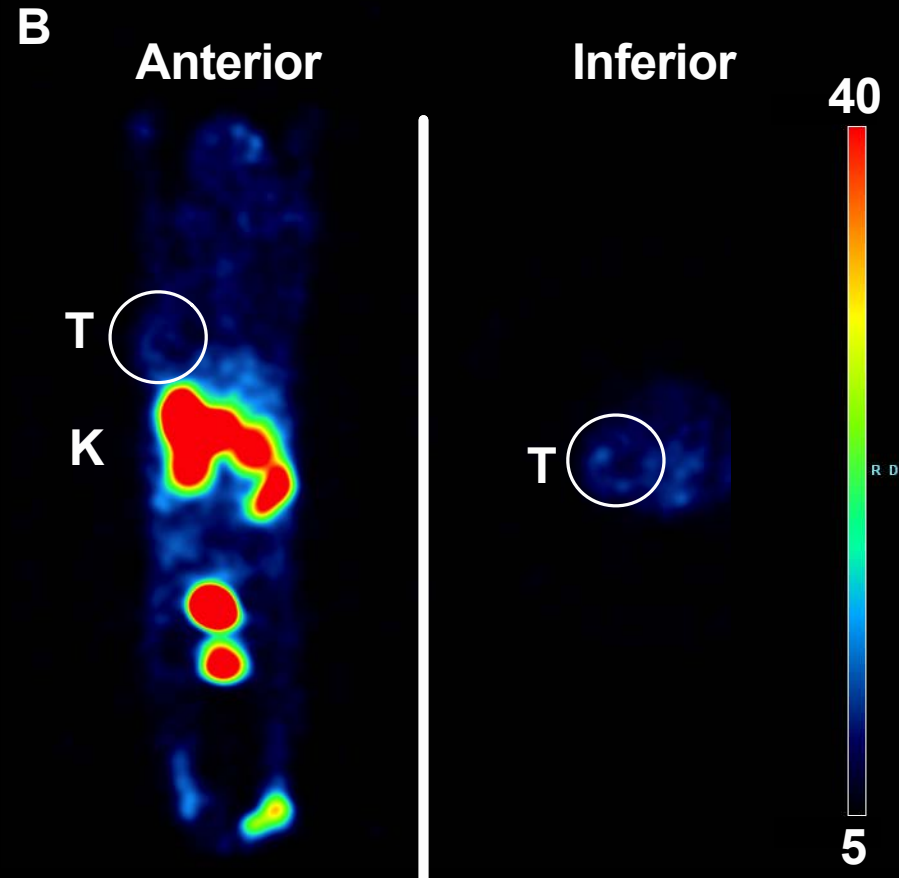
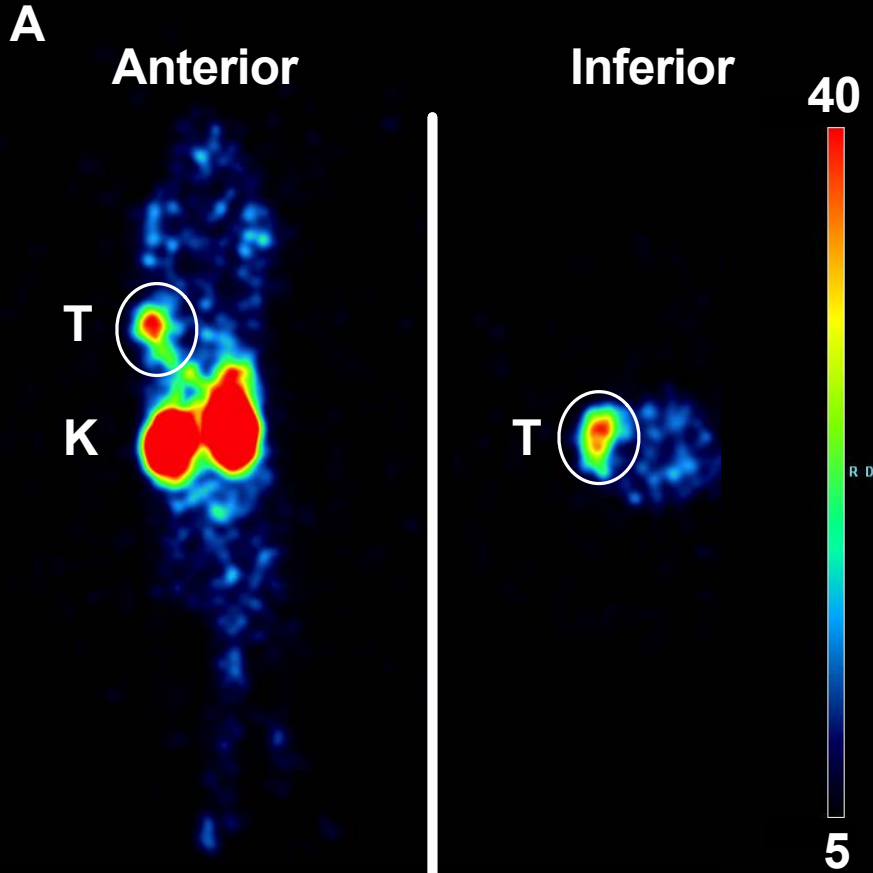
NET/Carcinoid    Neuroblastoma

Lee *et al.*, In Prep

# $^{203}\text{Pb}$ SPECT (MC1R+ model)

## No Blocking

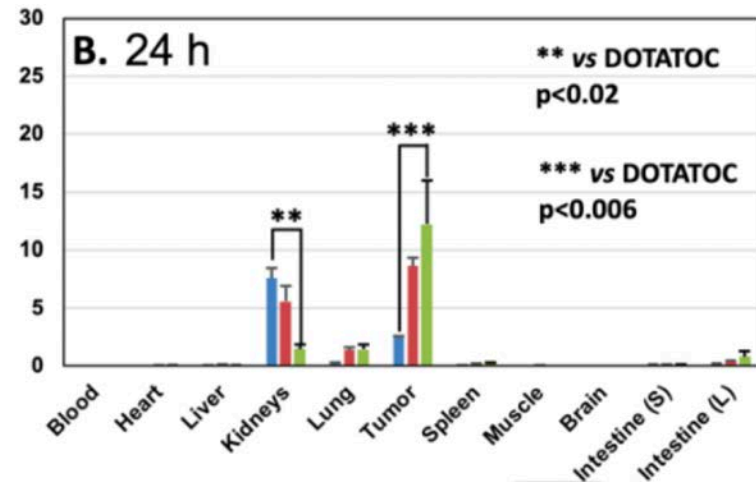
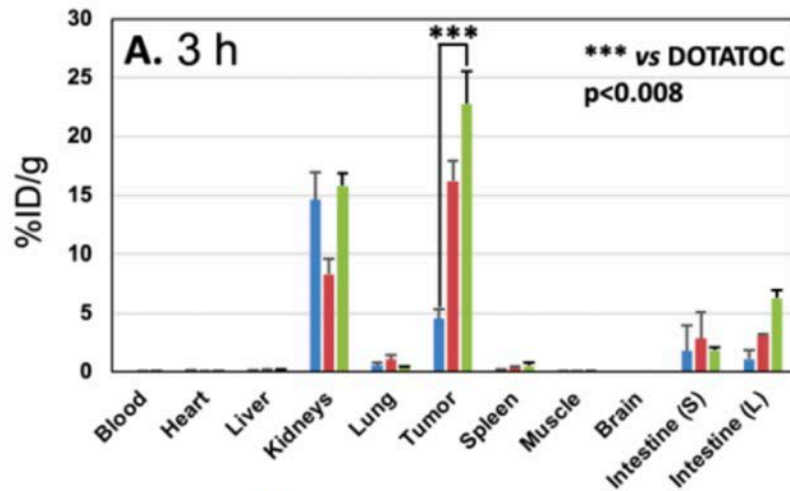
## Blocking



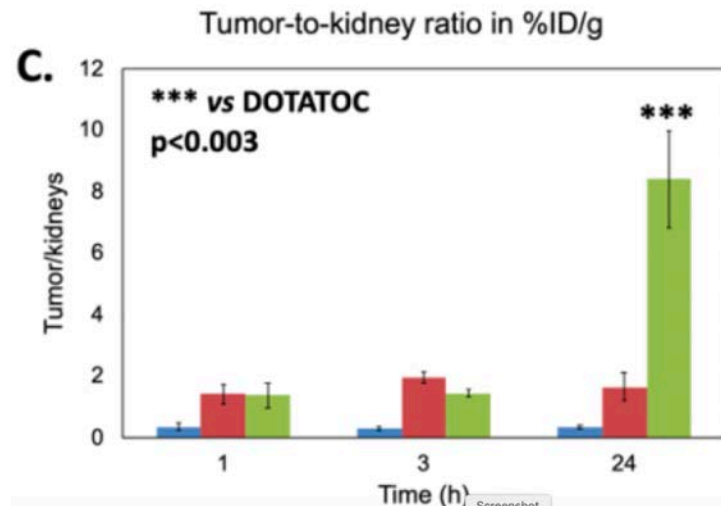
Li *et al.*, Molecular Pharmaceutics, 2019

# VMT- $\alpha$ -NET Preclinical Development

■ [ $^{203}\text{Pb}$ ]DOTATOC   
 ■ [ $^{203}\text{Pb}$ ]PSC-TOC   
 ■ [ $^{203}\text{Pb}$ ]PSC-PEG2-TOC (VMT- $\alpha$ -NET)

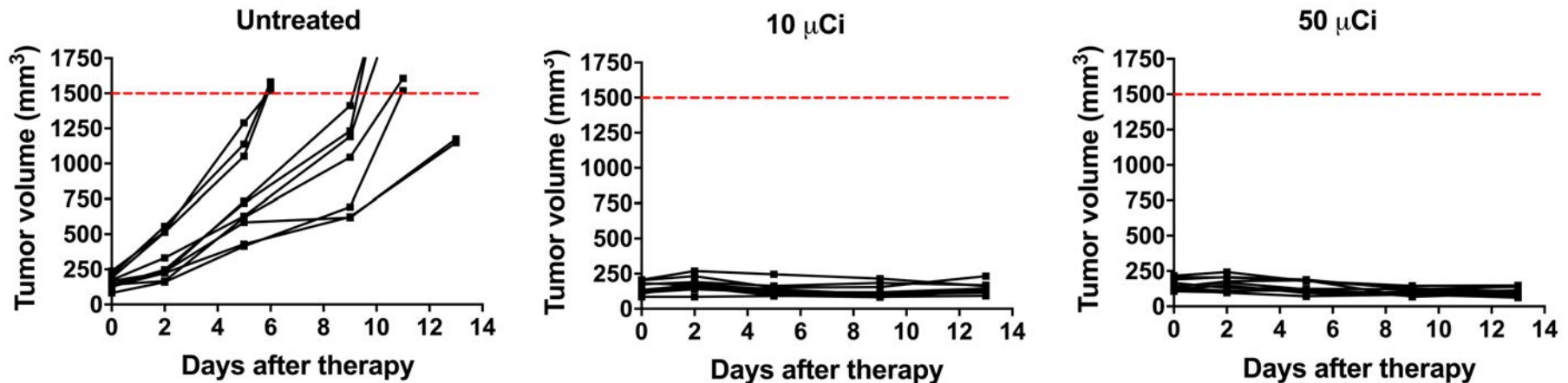


**VMT- $\alpha$ -NET improved tumor:kidney 8-fold vs DOTATOC**



# VMT- $\alpha$ -NET Preclinical Development

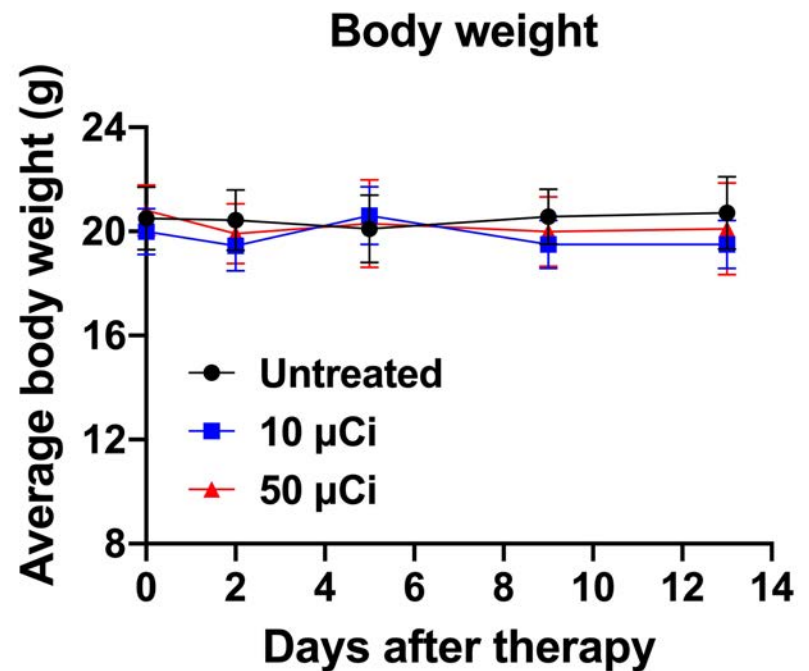
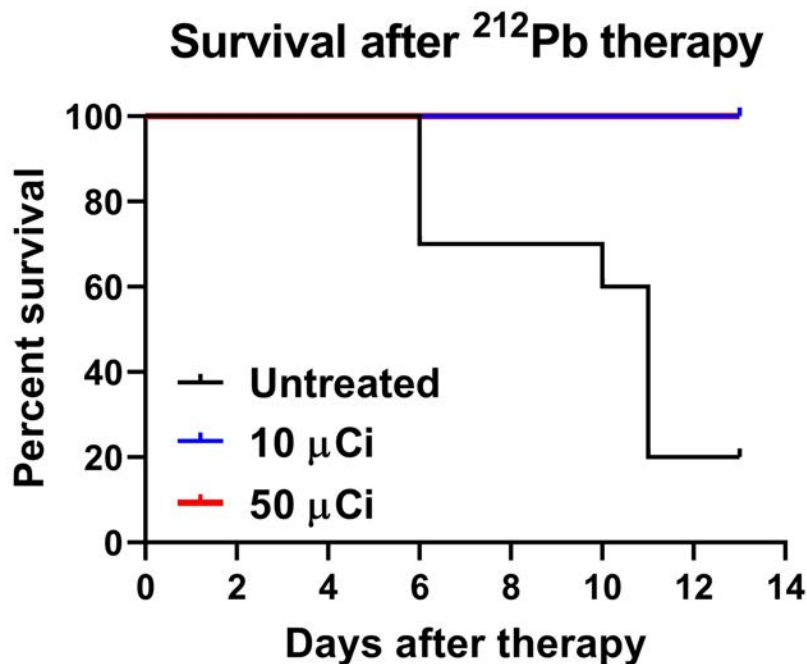
## VMT- $\alpha$ -NET – 100% tumor response rate



**[<sup>212</sup>Pb]VMT- $\alpha$ -NET therapy.**  $5.0 \times 10^6$  AR42J rat pancreatic acinar cells were implanted on the left shoulder of athymic nu/nu female mice. After 1 week, when the average tumor size became around 150 mm<sup>3</sup>, 274 MBq (7.4 mCi) <sup>212</sup>Pb were reacted with 30 nmol VMT- $\alpha$ -NET (9.1 MBq/nmol) in the presence of ascorbic acid (1 mg/ml) for 20 min at 85 °C. After reaction, the radio-peptide were purified by C-18 and resuspended with saline ascorbic acid (1 mg/ml). 0.37 MBq (10  $\mu$ Ci) and 1.85 (50  $\mu$ Ci) of <sup>212</sup>Pb- VMT- $\alpha$ -NET were injected via tail vein. DL-lysine (400mg/kg) was co-injected to block the kidney uptake of the radiotherapeutic.

# VMT- $\alpha$ -NET Preclinical Development

## VMT- $\alpha$ -NET survival benefit and tolerability





# Promising Summary

- $^{203}\text{Pb}/^{212}\text{Pb}$  a promising *theranostic* pair  
 $T_{1/2}$ 's – peptides, small molecules, aptamers, fAb's
- $\alpha$ -particle therapy has potential advantages (vs  $\beta$ )  
*High LET*
- Production/impurities (purifications) suitable to advance to clinical radiopharmaceuticals  
Automated production (Li *et al.*, Appl Rad Isot., 2017)
- Improved chelator for  $\text{Pb}^{2+}$  is promising – modeling could explain improved labeling observed.
- Initial  $^{203}\text{Pb}$  NIST standardization completed

# Thank you! Questions?

## Acknowledgements



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**Brenna Marks**

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**Moustafa Gabr PhD**

### O'Doriso Lab

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**Dijie Liu PhD**

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US NIH R01EB017279

US NIH I-CORPS NIH HHSN261201500069C

US NIH SBIR Phase I 1R43CA203430

US NIH HHSN261201500069C

US NIH SBIR Phase I 1R43CA195925

US NRC (NRC-HQ-12-G-38-0041)

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Takeda Pharmaceuticals

Eichrom Technologies, Inc.

ICTS, University of Iowa

Holden Comprehensive Cancer Center

Iowa Department of Public Health

Iowa Economic Development Authority

Iowa Bio

Iowa Innovation Corporation

UI Melanoma Mog **Mo Milhem MD**



**Lantheus Medical Imaging**

**Chematech**

**Eichrom Technologies**